PARIS, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1985

Stockman

Criticizes

Pentagon

He Urges Cutting

Military Pensions

To Trim Deficit

WASHINGTON - The White

House budget director, David A.

Stockman, conceded Tuesday that the \$30-military increase in President Ronald Reagan's fiscal 1986

budget could be trimmed, and sug-

gested reducing military retirement

turned what was supposed to be a defense of President Reagan's bud-

get request into an attack on the

The director of the Office of

Management and Budget acknowl-edged that he did not support the

increased amount of military spending in the \$974-billion budget

"You may not need" the \$314

billion in new spending authority the president requested for the Pen-tagon, Mr. Stockman said. "I'll

But "the president made his decision," he said. "I have to defend the budget." And he said it was

"unrealistic" to think in terms of a

If Congress wants to cut military spending, Mr. Stockman said, it should seek to persuade the Joint Chiefs of Staff to accept lower re-

tirement benefits for the military.

freeze in the military budget.

penefits as a way to do it. Mr. Stockman, testifying before the Senate Budget Committee.

nilitary establishment.

released Monday.

grant that."

ESTABLISHED 1887

Strength of Economic Recovery In Europe Surprises Analysts

LONDON -- Analysts are being pleasantly surprised by the econation recovery that began in Brit-ain in 1982, gathered steam last year in West Germany and now is taking hold in virtually every country from Scandinavia to the Medi-

"The recovery in Europe has been stronger than expected," said David Kingston, chief economist The main reason, according to

leagues, is the strength of the dol-lar, which has spurred European exports to the United States. But modest increases in domestic con-sumer demand and more industrial investment than some analysts had predicted are also factors.

"There's been a sharp increase in manufacturing investment," Mr. Kingston said. "In some areas, for PA Management Consultants such as advanced engineering ma-

other government agencies agreed

that technology leaks seemed to be

A decision to put a North Atlan-

tic Treaty Organization country on the so-called "gray list," which

would almost certainly cause a dip-lomatic outcry, is the responsibility

Commerce Department and Na-

tional Security Council, officials

stein, Hong Kong, Syria, Malaysia, Sweden, Singapore, Iraq, Iran, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland

Europeans also worry that con-

trols, essentially elaborated by the United States, will be phrased and

applied in a way that discriminates

against foreign companies in favor of their U.S. competitors.

In addition, many Europeans re-main unconvinced, despite the

clampdown, that technology leaks

can be stanched. For example, Pa-

cific basin countries such as Singa-

pore. Taiwan and South Korea are

rapidly acquiring a high-technol-ogy sector, yet largely ignore the Western rules on technology ex-

A Swedish official's comment

"The Stockholm Chamber of

Commerce regularly organizes

seminars to teach Swedish export-

ers how to comply with U.S. rules

covering the U.S. technology in

their products. As they wrestle with

the forms, a Japanese businessman

invariably throws down his pen in

dramatic disgust, complains about

American bureaucracy and walks

out - but not without first giving

ees, inviting them to buy their tech-

nology in Japan, free of red tape."

This COCOM session, which

ans reached a central compromise

over how much technology to con-

The Europeans were and are

soms up this problem this way:

and Libya.

Country	GDP.	* Growth	inflation Rate	
	1984	1985 est,	1984	1985
West Germany	2,8	2.7	2.4	2,
France	1.8	1.9	6.7	6.7
United Kingdom	2.3	3.0	5.0	5,5
Italy	3.0	2.5	11.0	8.0
Satizariand	2,2	2.5	3.2	2,0
Sweden	2.8	1.9	7.9	6.8

After Years of Disputes, U.S., Europe Are Closer On Technology Exports

By Joseph Fitchert In special circumstances, this could even be applied to a NATO STOCKHOLM — After several country, such as West Germany, if

years of trans-Atlantic wrangling over strategic exports to the Soviet bloc, officials in the United States in European countries say that their national policies have converged significantly on a sharply more restrictive approach.

While imposing controls on a wider range of sensitive technol of a new steering committee repre-senting the Defense Department

High-Tech Smuggling: Closing the Loopholes

Second of two articles.

are cooperating more closely with U.S. officials to catch and punish offenders. The Reagan administration, in

response to European cooperation and lobbying by U.S. industry, has watered down some hard-line proposals aimed at curtailing the flow

of U.S. technology.
The Defense Department, for exmple, has been denied the authority it sought to review high-technolgy sales to allied countries. Congress declined to pass a new Export Administration Act that ex-panded the Pentagon's trade over-sight beyond exports to Commu-

And the Commerce Department, in new export regulations about to be published, reportedly has eliminated requirements for foreign dealers who have blanket import authorizations known as distribution licenses to report extensively

on all their foreign customers. Europeans have moved or been shoved to accept export controls on broader front of technology, and the Reagan administration has made concessions," said David Buchan, the British author of a recent-study of the question for the his card to all the Swedish attend-

sternational Institute of Strategic Saidies in London. Despite this policy convergence, contentious issues remain.
U.S. policy, officials say, seems

firmly set on strict controls on technology exports, including the sensiive matter of controlling European re-exports of goods containing

U.S.-licensed components.

Countries that defy U.S. views frequently find the flow of U.S. technology slowing as Reagan ad-ministration officials delay export approval and hint to American mpanies that a particular country is risky, U.S. and European offi-

This informal leverage will be increased by a confidential presi-dential direction, signed Jan. 4 and disclosed this week, that authorizes the Pentagon to review seven categories of high-technology exports to up to 15 non-Communist counthes at a time.

INSIDE

■ The United States canceled ANZUS pact exercises because New Zealand refused to allow a

Hanoi residents show re-

Carl Icahn has offered to buy Phillips Petroleum for \$8.09 bilon, the company said. Page 9.

TOMORROW

South Korea's national assembly elections are shaping up as a test of two men who will not be on the ballot, President Chun Doo Hwan and a dissident ex-

quite rapidly." A few analysis see an even

Mr. Kingston and many of his col-Drexel Burnham Lambert Inc., a New York-based investment firm, argue that it is a mistake to attribute Europe's progress to higher exports. They note that high exports are a result of exchange-rate imbalances related to high interest rates in the United States, and that the rates have also had a depressing effect on Europe by luring some

> "Europe is putting its economic and financial house in order despite, not because of, developments in the United States," they wrote in the firm's latest monthly interna-tional investment study. "We be-lieve that it has accomplished and is accomplishing a far greater vic-tory than it now realizes."

No recovery comes at the same pace to all nations in an area as diverse as Western Europe, whose combined economy is almost as action against a wave of bombings, large as that of the United States.

Finland's economy, for example, grew more than 4 percent last year, after adjustments to account for inflation, while Portugal's output fell more than 2 percent. In addi-tion, as in the United States, per-formance varies widely from industry to industry and from region to

region within the larger countries.

The most hopeful sign is probably West Germany's 4 percent annual growth rate since the end of a nationwide strike in June by IG Metall, the largest manufacturing union in Western Europe's largest

And Britain, now entering its fourth year of growth, could get an increase of 1 percentage point or more to its growth rate this year from the end of the 10-month-old miners' strike, which observers believe is on the verge of collapse. The Confederation of British Industry predicted in November that Britain's economy would grow 3.75 percent this year.

Economic growth is also expected to pick up in France although, at a projected 2 percent annual rate, it would remain below the European The current "gray list," as disaverage. Of the major economies, closed this week, reportedly covers Austria, India, Finland, Liechtenonly Italy's is expected to have a decline in growth, from 3 percent Both nations are dealing with major restructuring problems in their industrial sectors.

Inflation, which is generally declining or holding steady, is another reason for optimism. Moreover, those rates have been achieved despite the inflationary impact of the rising dollar, which is used to pay for imported commodities. Thus, analysts have concluded, most of Europe has made more progress in controlling the domestic sources of inflation than the recorded infla-

tion figures indicate.

tires and outlook remain unimpressive by U.S. or Japanese standards. In 1985, according to the most re-cent forecast by the Organization trends suggest that, like its more prosperous trading partners, Europe may have emerged from the volatile 1970s into an era where it can achieve sustained growth with

The second half of the 1980s will be a better period," said David (Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

2 Nations To Fight

Paris and Bonn Expand Links to Oppose Alliance

By William Drozdiak Washington Post Service BONN - France and West Germany agreed Tuesday to increase cooperation in battling a resurgence of leftist terrorism by creating an anti-terror working group

and a hotline to accelerate the ex-

after talks here Tuesday between Prime Minister Laurent Fabius of France and Chancellor Helmin Kohl of West Germany. They said that experts from their comuries would meet regularly to coordinate arson and shootings since Decem-

In the last two weeks, there have been assassinations of a high-ranking official in the French Defense Ministry who was responsible for arms sales and of a leading West German industrialist whose company produced engines for North **Atlantic Treaty Organization tanks** and aircraft.

Direct Action, a French group claimed responsibility for the shooting of Brigadier General René Audran in France; the Red Atmy Faction, in West Germany said that its members killed the industrialist, Ernst Zimmermann. Both groups issued statements

last month saying they were joining forces against NATO. The fear that French and West German terrorists may be extend-ing links to other leftist guerrilla groups has prompted urgent consultations among governments and security services.

Both our governments agree completely that all that is humanly possible must be done to banish this scourge of civilization." Mr.

Mr. Fabius said that the recent outbreak of violence underscored cool attitude toward Israel continthe need "to form a united front ned, there was a danger that the against terrorism between France forces for peace in Israel would and West Germany, as well as the other European countries involved.

He said that interior ministries in Paris and Bonn would increase cooperation on "an operational level" to combat terrorism.

Friedrich Zimmermann, the West German interior minister, said that the new cooperation was necessary because "the latest attacks show that there are direct links between the terrorists and that this internationalization of ter-To be sure, Europe's growth fig. rorism above all affects France and West Germany."

His French counterpart, Pierre In 1985, according to the most re-cent forecast by the Organization cise exchange of information" for Economic Cooperation and De-through a high-speed telex connecvelopment, Western Europe's tion and direct involvement of "opeconomy will grow 2.5 percent, the
United States will expand 3 percent, Japan 5 percent. However, the
operation between the two countries in fighting urban terrorism in

> have also been bombed, but it remains unclear whether all the attacks were related to an offensive by a terrorist alliance.



THE ROCK REOPENS — Gibraltar was opened to traffic for the first time in nearly 16 years. Britain and Spain began talks Tuesday about the disputed colony. Page 2.

Peres Says Egypt Is Failing to Respond To His Efforts to Improve Relations

New York Times Service
JERUSALEM — Prime Minis-

ter Shimon Peres has expressed disbeen Egypt's failure to respond to his efforts to improve relations between the two countries.

Mr. Peres said that if Egypt's become discouraged and question the value of efforts to normalize relations with Arab neighbors. Mr. Peres's remarks about Egypt

came during an hourlong discus-sion Monday in his Jerusalem office and were his first public criticism of the government of President Hosni Mubarak since Mr. Peres became prime minister

While Mr. Peres has expressed admiration for Mr. Mubarak, his statements reflected the mounting frustration in his administration over the continued absence of normal relations between Egypt and Israel despite what Mr. Peres sees as genuine efforts on his part to satisfy Egypt's conditions for returning an ambassador to Tel Aviv and warming up the so-called cold

Asked if he was satisfied with the state of Egyptian-Israeli relations in light of the recent deadlocked targets in Belgium, Portugal, the Netherlands, Spain and Greece have also been bombed have also been bombed by the strip of the strip o

little bit further than it does. You see some Israelis can say, rightly, Look, the Arabs want land for peace.' In the case of Egypt, 99,999



Shimon Peres

percent of the land was returned and many Israelis are asking, 'Did we get 99.999 percent of peace?" The Arab side must see the way people are looking at it here," he continued. "We took some unilateral decisions in the domain of Arab-Israeli relations: the withdrawal from Lebanon, the change in the policy of settlements, the changes in the West Bank and Gaza, the open invitation to King Hussein and the readiness expressed in so many ways to really improve our relations with Egypt. no new independent Palestinian Now it must be a mutual effort, guerrilla organization takes root in and I can't say that I am satisfied southern Lebanon. with the mutuality of the effort."

Mr. Peres warned that a continu-ation of the current state of rela-as a country of Shiite Moslems. tions between Egypt and Israel "will discourage the forces for

will begin to say, " Look, whatever we are trying in the peaceful direc-tion doesn't bear fruit. This is the

In his first five months in office lic considered Mr. Peres best suited recruit people." sor, Foreign Minister Yitzhak Sha-mir, and 4.7 percent for Ariel Shar-the new budget. Military personnel on, the former defense minister who is now minister of industry

Mr. Peres emphasized that he intended to pull the Israeli Army out of Lebanon completely and was not likely to be deterred by any unrest that follows the first stage of the withdrawal, the departure from the Sidon area by Feb. 18.

"We have made a whole deci-sion," he said, "and while the decision is based on stages, it is also based on completion, and I don't think we shall change our minds." The prime minister clearly had no illusions that peace and serenity would follow the first stage of the withdrawal, but he indicated that he expected the Syrians and the own reasons - to clamp down on the Palestinians and make sure that

The prime minister indicated "Lebanon for a good many years (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

"It's a scandal, it's an outrage,"
Mr. Stockman told the Budget
Committee. "If push comes to
shove they'll give up on [the nation's] security before they give up Mr. Stockman said that he had been told during administration discussions that cutting military retirement "would have some adverse impact on recruiting and morale."
That argument doesn't perhis popularity has risen sharply. A suade me," he said. "If you have to spend a half-million or a million the newspaper Ma'ariv indicated over a lifetime to recruit someone.

that 42.4 percent of the Israeli pubyou better find a different way to with 8.6 percent for his predeces- will cost nearly \$16 billion this year

who retire after 20 years of activeduty service can receive retirement benefits of 50 percent of base pay,

regardless of age. Benefits are increased each year to account for inflation, and recent Congressional Budget Office figures show that a typical lieutenant colonel, retiring after 20 years of service, can expect to receive

\$576,000 in pension benefits. Mr. Stockman defended spending for other military programs, saying they had already been trimmed as much as they could without jeopardizing national defense. He reminded the senators that the nation's high military budget was due partly to the weapons programs approved by Congress. Mr. Stockman also said that too

many members of Congress were complaining about the military figures in the budget while few were coming forward with specific suggestions for cuts.

And he defended the budget's sharp reductions in domestic programs, saying that while each constituency would try to protect its (Continued on Page 3, Col. 5)



President Fidel Castro of Cuba during a recent speech to a crowd in Nicaragua.

As Dawn Nears, Things Cuban Worry Castro

By Jim Hoagland

Castro said through the mental fog that is rolling across my side of the conference table in the sixth hom of the post-midnight interview. "Who is the genius who did away with the jack of all trades in Cuba? And

jobs instead of just one?" he fulminated with the fervor of an executive who has just read "In Search of Excellence," the best-selling book on efficiency in U.S. corporations. "Trade unions always try to create jobs, of course. But now, you find one person in charge of opening and closing the closet, another one cleans it,

His jaw waggles beneath one of the world's most famous beards, which contains turts of gray now, and his eyebrows flex as he leans forward to tap the table

a man who has stirred curiosity, admiration, harred of the first extended diplomatic and other passions in Americans for a quarter of a contact between Cuba and the Rea-

Cuban revolution, kept affoat against official U.S. hostility by massive Soviet aid, has taken on the form of its quixotic but apparently mellowing comm-dante. The system has settled into an enduring reality in the streets of Havana, and Mr. Castro voices a preoccupation not with spreading revolution abroad but with fine-tuning the economy at home.

tion in Grenada by U.S. military intervention, Mr. Castro takes the long view, subtly switching roles with his old antagonist, the U.S. government. It was the United States, after all, that warned him in the beginning that he would be unable to "export revolution" throughout the hemisphere, only to wind up now

Castro Looks to Improved U.S. Ties He Cites Reagan's Hostility, Urges Him to Change Views

By Leonard Downie Jr. and signs "vis-a-vis Cuba itself,"

and Karen DeYoung

Washington Part Service
HAVANA — President Fidel
Castro believes that recent diplomatic contacts between the United States and Cuba have been "constructive and positive" and says that confidence-building agree-ments in several other areas could contribute to a possible improve-ment of U.S.-Cuban relations during President Ronald Reagan's secand term.

Mr. Castro, in an interview in Havana, listed coast guard activi-ties, fishing rights, interference with radio signals and airplane hijacking as areas in which negotia-tions could constitute "an expression of good will on both sides' that would build on a U.S.-Cuban immigration agreement signed in

bans to the United States each year, the return to Cuba of nearly 2,800 previous emigrants found undesirable or ineligible for U.S. residency and the admission to the United States of former Cuban political prisoners.

Mr. Castro said that, in general,

such as the immigration agreement. For its part, the Reagan adminis-tration has emphasized the narrow and limited nature of the immigration accord and its belief that relations will not improve until Cuba's close ties to the Soviet Union are against the island, to take substan-altered and Havana ends its sup-tive legal action against exiles who port for the leftist Nicaraguan government and insurgencies else-

where in Central America. In recent speeches and conversa-tions with other American visitors, Mr. Castro has taken a conciliatory tone that largely has been rejected by the administration as a public relations ploy lacking substance.

tions last week. Mr. Castro said that "we are not impatient nor are we anxious" for an improvement in relations with the United States. But he repeated what he said was his willingness to "exchange views with the United States on any topic" and to cooperate in achieving an international settlement of armed conflicts in Central America and the withdrawal of Cuban

Expanding on these and other subjects, Mr. Castro said: • The Reagan administration has been "one of the most hostile"

ever toward Cuba in terms of economic sanctions and military pressure, and he sees "no special signs' of basic policy change. In response, he said. Cuba has "revolutionized" and expanded its defenses to the

"very costly" to the United States. At the same time, however, Mr. Castro credited the Reagan administration with being the first since he took power in 1959 to definitively stop anti-Castro exile attacks launched from the United States tive legal action against exiles who have committed anti-Cuba crimes in U.S. territory, and to discourage illegal emigration from Cuba to the United States. He referred with ap-proval to what he said were secondterm Reagan statements indicating a trend away from "warmonger-ing" and toward "the goal of finding solutions to international problems through dialogue."

• Mr. Castro said it was "inconceivable for the United States to try to sort out the problem of Nicaragua" through direct intervention and insisted that a solution could be found within the framework of negotiations with the Contadora group. He said the ruling Sandinists could withstand indirect U.S. military and economic pressure indefinitely.

He said that he had conveyed to the foreign ministers of Colombia. Mexico and Panama - which along with Venezuela constitute the Contadora group of nations seeking negotiated settlements in Central America - Cuba's willingness to withdraw any or all personnel in Nicaragua under any agreement

term." He cited "some positive point where "any military adven-signs internationally," including ture against Cuba would be the U.S.-Soviet arms control talks doomed to failure" and would be (Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

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sourcefulness in the face of economic hardship. BUSINESS/FINANCE

ile. Kim Dae Jung.

U.S. destroyer to dock. Page 3.

fearful of a U.S. approach that, according to the head of the West German Chamber of Commerce, Otto Wolff von Amerangen, "ends up classifying all new civilian technology as having a military potential." To Europeans, this not only hurts business but risks appearing to the Soviet Union as a beiligerent

> Britain, that the Soviet military does depend heavily on emerging Western technology.
> So COCOM broadened its con-(Continued on Page 4, Col. 5)

> embargo. But the United States pushed the

view, backed by independent intel-ligence reports from France and

HAVANA — "I want to know two things," Fidel who is the genius who invented the coffee break?"
"What happened to the person who could do many

and a third one organizes what is in it."

to emphasize his point. It is a virtuoso performance by

After the snuffing out in 1983 of the leftist revolu-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

That agreement, which grew out of the first extended diplomatic gan administration, provides for the emigration of up to 20,000 Cu-

he had detected within the administration "a possible tendency to be more realistic during this second troops from Angola.

signed by the Sandinists.

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Senate Committee

New Leader of Europe of the 21 Strives to Bridge the Gulf With Europe of the 10

By Henry Tanner International Herald Tribune

STRASBOURG, France - Marcelino Oreja, the diminutive former foreign minister of Spain, is afraid that one day soon there may be one

Europe too many. He points out that within Western Europe, itself only half of Europe, there is a deepening gulf between the 10 European Community countries striving for supranational institutions and the neutral democracies, such as Sweden, Switzerland and Austria, that want European dialogue and cooperation but refuse integration. Mr. Oreja's ambition is to arrest and reverse

The dynamic secretary-general of the 21-na-tion Council of Europe has been campaigning since his election four months ago to instill a new sense of purpose into this sommolent organization. He has been exhorting the governments of the European Community to use the council more intensively as a forum for political consultation with the Europeans who are not in the EC and by persuading the neutrals to be

The council members, aside from the 10 EC nations, are Austria, Cyprus, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Malta, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey.

The council consists of a Committee of Foreign Ministers and a 170-seat Parliamentary Assembly chosen by the national parliaments. Between their twice-yearly meetings, the ministers are represented by permanent delegates. The assembly meets three times a year. The council's function, under its statute, is to bring



the democracies of Europe closer together, to improve the living conditions of Europeans and to promote human rights and parliamentary

Since the 10 are soon scheduled to become 12 with the entry of Spain and Portugal in January, the imbalance between the Europe of the Community and the Europe of the 21 can only grow. Mindful perhaps of Western charges that the United Nations Educational Scientific and

Cultural Organization and other international organizations have been squandering their efforts and their funds on too many unrelated projects, Mr. Oreja, 49, has started his campaign by asking the council and its Parliamentary Assembly to reduce their set of priorities and, particularly, to drop economic issues that overlap with EC activities.

He wants to concentrate on three areas, he said in a recent interview.

· His first priority is to create greater cohesion between the EC members and nonmembers. He argues that because the council's members constitute a majority of the world's democracies, they have a unique potential for assuring stricter application of democratic values within Europe and for serving as a model outside the Continent, if only they manage to coordinate their 21 voices.

· Mr. Oreja also wants to improve the operations of the council in the area of human rights activities, where the organization has had its most solid achievements.

Every year several thousand individuals submit their complaints to the council's Human Rights Commission. If the commission finds the case admissible, it sends it to the organization's first time that opposition members of national because the organization's geographical reach is court on Human Rights, whose judgment is parliaments could be heard in such a forum, much wider. transmitted to the member government concerned with a recommendation for action if

The court has no power to enforce its judgment but the weight of its political and moral pressure is such that Britain's House of Commons is discussing two bills, on phone tapping and corporal punishment in schools, in response to action by the council's rights court.

the pace of dealing with the complaints can be Rights Court.

forts on intensifying cooperation in such fields matters as social security, patents, extradition, as terrorism, drug trafficking, the fight against equivalence of university degrees, compulsory pollution and legal issues. car insur The council takes no practical action. It is not children.

Interpol, and does not substitute itself for justice ministries of member nations. The representatives that come here, unlike those in the EC. cannot commit their governments.

But they can set standards and suggest practical approaches in the three or four conventions they adopt annually. They organize consultations between officials working on the same problems and they can, in Mr. Oreja's words, try to mobilize the political will of governments" to make cooperation between national enforcement agencies easier.

When the council was founded in May 1949, the member governments intended it as a first step toward unifying Europe. It marked the first time that a parliamentary assembly was attached to an international organization and the striving for integration do not exist here and council officials point out.

The Schumann Plan was signed in 1950 and the

second "house" within the commission so that Human Rights Commission and the Human study of the human, social and legal aspects

Others of the more than 100 conventions • Mr. Oreja wants to focus the council's ef- passed by the council over the years cover such car insurance and the protection of adopted

> The council has a permanent staff of about 850 and brings about 3,000 government officials if inflation is taken into account.

Karl Ahrens, a Social-Democratic member of the West German Bundestag and current presi- twice-yearly sessions only. dent of the Parliamentary Assembly, suggested in an interview that the council's weakness -- its lack of a supranational mandate and its inabil-

The council can afford to be ahead of its time.

The council wants to be "a bracket that is

Mr. Oreja has suggested the creation of a Convention in 1950 and the creation of the One of the council's next projects may be a

genetic engineering, he said. enetic engineering, he said.

The decision to try to revitalize the 21-nation council originated with the French and West German governments two years ago, when negotiations within the EC were at a particularly

difficult point President François Mitterrand visited Strasbourg last year and pledged French support. West Germany's foreign minister, Hans-Dieand experts together for consultation a year. Its trich Genscher, has been a constant advocate of 1985 budget is 344 million French francs (about increased activity and last month, during his \$35 million) about the same as the previous year term as council president, he summoned the members' foreign ministers to their first extraordinary session. Normally the ministers come for

But not everybody is optimistic about the council's future role.

When Mr. Oreia called on Jacques Delors, the ity to commit its member governments - may new president of the EC Commission, he found him cold and unenthusiastic about the courter's The council can be an effective force for moral and political persuasion, he said, because the constraints that inhibit the EC comuries their own problems," the official said. their own problems," the official said.

An official at the headquarters of the Europe-

an Parliament, made up of parliamentarians from the 10 Common Market countries, told a visitor that he did not see what contribution the But the time for political unification of Europe had not yet come. The leading governments decided to focus on economic unification.

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He smiled and pointed out that the two build-Coal and Steel Community came into being in 1952. The council went into eclipse, except in the field of human rights, where it became a leader with the adoption of its Human Rights holding all of Europe together," Mr. Ahrens said, adding "You can't deal with long-distance pollution, for instance, without going beyond leader with the adoption of its Human Rights holding all of Europe together," Mr. Ahrens ings housing the council and the European Parliament, although close and commented by a passage, stand back to back and that one is virtually invisible from the other.

Spain, U.K. Begin Gibraltar Talks

GENEVA — Britain and Spain agreed Tuesday to begin immediate day meeting here that lower-level negotiations on resolving their dis-pute over the British colony of Gi-braltar.

The talks followed the opening of the frontier at midnight Monday after a blockade of more than 15 Foreign Ministers Geoffrey

Greece Says It Discussed Arms Sale With Libya

ATHENS — A government ment represented "a significant spokesman said Tuesday that a measure of success" in overcoming Libyan delegation had been in Ath
British-Spanish differences over ens recently to discuss military purchases worth \$500 million. Greece, he said, hopes to sell Libya military equipment worth \$1 billion during the next five years.

Greek officials said that the Libyans showed interest in the Artemis ground-to-air missiles system and in fast patrol boats.

Moran of Spain decided at a one-

They said the talks would involve cooperation involving Britain, Spain and Gibraltar in areas that include aviation, economic matters, tourism, the environment, transport and defense.

Senior officials will monitor this work at regular intervals while foreign ministers will meet annually to review progress, with the issue of sovereignty reserved for the minis-

Sir Geoffrey said that the agreethe colony since its capture by the English and the Dutch in 1704.

"receated the British government's commitment to honor the wishes of the Gibraltarian people."

Howe of Britain and Fernando said, "could only be in accordance with the wishes" of the people

officials should begin work this claim to sovereignty over Gibraltar but reaffirmed Madrid's commitment to "respect the feelings and interests" of Gibraltar's residents. The green iron gates that cut off Gibraltar from the European main-

land were opened by Spanish offi-cials at midright Monday, ending a diplomatic siege that began when Franco sealed the border in June Minutes after the gates swung open, five cars bearing Gibraltar license plates were set aftre in La

Linea, the Spanish border town opposite Gibraltar. The opening followed an agreement Britain and Spain reached

Spain ceded the colony to Britain in 1713, but has long reclaimed it. Sir Geoffrey said that he had Two years ago authorities began allowing people who live in Gibral-tar and Spaniards with relatives in the colony to go in an out. Tuesday was the first time people and goods had been allowed to pass without Any change in sovereignty, he restriction.

Nov. 27.

Reagan Assails Soviet on Yalta

United Press Interna WASHINGTON - Presi dent Ronald Reagan assailed the Soviet Union on Tuesday for breaking promises made 40 years ago at the Yalta Confer-

Mr. Reagan, who in the past has said he does not accept the division of Europe into Western and Soviet spheres, issued anniversary of the World War II talks involving the British, Soviet and U.S. leaders.

"Since that time, Yalta has had a double meaning," Mr. Reagan said. "It recalls an episode of cooperation between the Soviet Union and free nations, in a great common cause. But it also recalls the reasons that this cooperation could not continue — the Soviet promises that were not kept, the elections that were not held, the two halves of Europe that have re-

keg," he said. "It's an explosive

In particular, he said, the United

States needs to change some of its views about Cuba. "I think that

many times in the United States.

opinions are held on the basis of

beliefs rather than ideas sustained

by solid arguments," Mr. Castro

said. Instead of hostility, he added,

all of these problems."

Force of Economic Recovery In Europe Surprises Analysts

(Continued from Page 1) Kern, chief economist at National Westminster Bank in London. "We haven't eliminated economic cycles, but the low points will be a very small decline and remain higher than the average for the previous 10 years."

As the OECD now sees it, 1985 will be the first year since 1978 in which no European nation records a decline in output. Moreover, it will be a year in which Europe's growth rate increases slightly while that of the United States and Japan declines. This will at least temporarily narrow the growth gap in a way that some economists believe highlights the significance of a healthy Europe to its trading part-

"There is, at the moment, a reversing of the roles between the United States and Europe," said Hans Mast, chief economist of Europe will be helping the United tionally,

States's economy by the second

half of the year." Such positive developments are not quite enough to eliminate the grimace that economists normally wear when discussing Europe. Things are looking better, but they are not rosy," said Richard Freeman, chief economist for Im-

perial Chemical Industries PLC. The main problem is that projected growth rates are not nearly strong enough to prevent 1985 from being the 13th consecutive year of rising unemployment. Un-employment for the region may creep up to 12 percent in 1986, with little prospect of a significant drop in the next few years. Unemployment in the 10-nation European Community in December was a post-World War II record of 11.3 percent, the EC has reported.

But business profits have soared during the recovery and so, in many cases, has confidence in Eu-Credit Suisse in Zurich. "Growth in rope's ability to compete interna-

WORLD BRIEFS

Libya Frees 4 Britons Held Hostage LONDON (UPI) - Libya freed on Tuesday four British men held hostage for nearly 10 months after British police besieged the Libyan Embassy in London and Britain broke off relations with Colonel Moamer

Qadhafi's government The men were arrested in Libya after British police laid siege to the embassy when a policewoman was killed by gunfire coming from the building. They were released after months of mediation and four trips to Libya by Terry Waite, the personal envoy of the Most Reverend Robert Runcie, the archbishop of Canterbury.

The men, two teachers and two engineers, were released at a news

conference in Tripoli, which was broadcast by the BBC. The four Britons - Robin Phummer, 32, Malcolm Anderson, 27, Alan Russell, 48, and Michael Berdinger, 52 — are scheduled to leave Tripoli on Thursday with

Their release was delayed for a day as a Libyan protest against last week's unveiling by Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher of a memorial to Yvonne Fletcher, the policewoman who was killed.

Veterans Contradict Westmoreland

NEW YORK (NYT) — Two combat veterans of the Vietnam War took the stand at General William C. Westmoreland's libel trial against CBS and, wielding a mock grenade and trip wire, demonstrated how & viet Cong's self-defense forces rigged booby traps that, they said, caused

The veterans - Daniel A. Friedman, a twice-wounded private who served as an infantryman, and Howard Embree, a captain who graduated from West Point in 1963 when General Westmoreland was superintendent there - were called as witnesses Monday by CBS to counter the general's testimony that the self-defense forces were "basically civilians" who posed no offensive threat.

Both veterans said that the part-time, hamlet-based forces inflicted numerous injuries, some fatal. Those people were fighting us. We were trying to fight them," said Captain Howard Embree, a professor of English at Mississippi State University. He showed how to rig a booby trap. Mr. Friedman, a veterans' counselor in New York, said he discovered that many of the enemy dead from firefights in Vietnam were the same people who had earlier been "waving at" American soldiers and taking C-rations from them.

For the Record

hopes to destroy the Nicaraguan nate [the guerrillas] down to the last management said, as intermediaries attempted to revive negotiations to revolution from within," by con-revolutionary, as an example that end the 47-week walkout. About 100,000 remain on strike. (AP)

A Yngoslav district court found a philosophy professor, Milan Mlader-ovic, guilty of anti-state activity and sentenced him to 18 months in prison, the newspaper Politika reported Tuesday. A verdict in the Polish trial of four secret police officers charged in the

killing of a pro-Solidarity priest, the Reverend Jerzy Popieluszko, is

An Aeroflot jetimer carrying up to 80 people crashed on takeoff from the Minsk airport in Belorussia, killing an unknown number of passengers, a Soviet newspaper reported Tuesday.

Castro Looks to Improved Ties With U.S., Urges Reagan to Change Views gressmen accompanied by several scientists and businessmen. At the end of the interview in his office in the Palace of the Revolu office in the Palace of the Revolu-

served favorably both the sub-

stance and the tone of the recent

immigration negotiations, which he

characterized as "excellent - very

Reagan administration had

stepped up military maneuvers off

its coast and at the U.S. naval base

In a list of what he called "hos-

true. But nevertheless, we are grate-

ful. I'm speaking seriously, we are very grateful. Why? Because it

forced us to undertake two big rev-

One, he said, amounted to a re-

hinking of Cuba's economic struc-

However, Mr. Castro said, the

serious and respectful."

(Continued from Page 1) U.S.-backed government in El Salvador and Cuban-backed guerril- military presence in Africa. U.S. las, and insisted that the rebels are estimates put the current force in seriously interested in a political settlement. While be said that nei- a peak of 17,000. It is estimated ther side will be able to achieve a that there are 25,000 Cuban commilitary victory in the short term, bat soldiers in Angola. come "highly difficult" for the guerrillas, he said that the rebels could "resist indefinitely" in the

bsence of a negotiated agreement. Mr. Castro also indicated that he may be prepared to scale back Cuba's military efforts in Africa, a major point of conflict between ngton and Havana. He confirmed that Cuba has reduced significantly the number of troops it has in Ethiopia, and he offered qualified praise for a U.S.-sponsored mediation effort between Angola and South Africa that eventually could lead to Cuban withdrawals from Angola.

The Cuban leader would give no specific figures on his country's

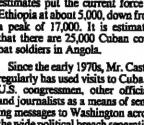
conflict in Central America.

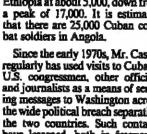
Ethiopia at about 5,000, down from

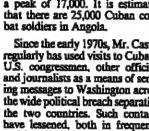
tion, Mr. Castro emphasized that "nothing I have said here was intended to be hostile toward the situation. It's a serious thing, and United States." He had noted how are they going to solve it? It's

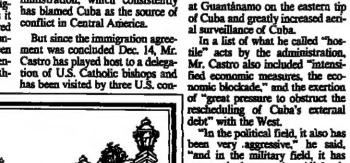
Since the early 1970s, Mr. Castro regularly has used visits to Cuba of

U.S. congressmen, other officials and journalists as a means of sendmg messages to Washington across the wide political breach separating the two countries. Such contacts have lessened, both in frequency and impact, under the Reagan administration, which consistently









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Things Cuban Worry Castro

ture that has resulted in an ongoing austerity drive, an emphasis on im-(Continued from Page 1) port substitution and the fulfillment of trade commitments with

More important, Mr. Castro said, "during the past four years, in view of the threat of the United States, we have totally changed our conceptions regarding defense. We have multiplied our forces by many times, to the point that we have become an unconquerable country. Invulnerable, unoccupiable." Included among the new defense measures is what has amounted to the re-establishment of a nation-

Cubans along the lines of the force that existed following the Bay of Pigs invasion in 1961. Every citizen in this country knows what to do," Mr. Castro said, "in the event of a blockade, a war of attrition, bombings, an invasion, even in case of an occupation

of the national territory."

wide militia that has trained and

armed hundreds of thousands of

In a long monologue that chronicled rising debt, unemployment and social pressures in the Third World, particularly in Latin America, Mr. Castro indicated his belief that time is working toward dialogue and against what he characterized as an interventionist U.S. policy in the hemisphere. He said



For Life, Academic & Work Experience
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ht of ORS MASTERS OR DOCTORATE PACIFIC WESTERN UNIVERSIT the international situation requires efforts to understand each other's this hope, it will not seriously expoint of view. press the will to find a solution. Mr. Castro acknowledged that the question of Central America

"Latin America is a powder from Central America.

very delicate" but insisted that the issue of Nicaragua could be resolved through negotiations. He reiterated his pledge to abide, with verification, by any agreement Nicaragua would sign calling for the withdrawal from Nicaragua of Cubans — numbered by the Sandinists at 4,000 and by the Reagan constantly threatened us. All that is

But, he said, the decision is up to

in this direction," he said. Because

Talks between the Salvadoran president, José Napoleón Duarte, and the guerrillas "are to be en-couraged, and work has to proceed of what he described as Salvadoran ing the problem with the United "right-wing opposition" to the States.

As Dawn Nears in Havana,

in doing just that through the San-dinists in Nicaragua. And Mr. Cas-The upside-down schedul tro is now on the other side of the

olution because revolutions are the catches on the run. results of a set of economic, social, one can export," Mr. Castro said. Nor can they be avoided. We can't export revolutions in Latin America. nor can the United States prevent social changes if the problems continue to pile up in Latin Ameri-

"Latin America is a powder keg," he said, reeling off statistics of mounting debt, falling living standards and social upheaval in country after country. "What will the United States do? Let us concede the United States can intervene in Grenada, which is a country of 400 square kilometers (152 square miles) and 120,000 population. What about Brazil? Will the

United States invade Brazil? U.S. intervention in Latin Amer-

A pink Caribbean dawn is beginning to creep across Havana as Mr. Castro speaks in his soft but unmishas varied little since the conversation began in his cavernous office Dressed in tailored, olive green

and alert as he notes that he must break off soon for an 8 A.M. meet-

licy. A small puff of smoke from occusing him of having succeeded the Cohiba cigar he toys with hangs The upside-down schedule seems

part ritual, part metabolism. Mr. Castro apparently needs only four "It is impossible to export a rev- or five hours' sleep, which he The interview may break a bore-dom and isolation that would seem

predictable at this stage of his and

Cuba's history. The loss of such revolutionary comrades as Che Guevara and others leaves Mr. Castro a giant among pygmies on a national scene devoid of the renewing political freedoms and competition of a non-Communist syste Mr. Castro is quick to turn to the international stage he sought so avidly in the 1960s and 70s, ruminating on the budget deficits of West Germany and Japan, the un-

employment rates of France and

Britain. Then he becomes the

Grand Old Man of the Revolution,

comparing what he has accomplished with the rest of the Caribbean and Latin America. "Since the revolution," he said. ica, he adds, "is playing with fire "we have graduated nearly 200,000 beside a powder keg." "we have graduated nearly 200,000 university professionals. When we began our health program, there were only 3,000 doctors. Now we have 20,500. We have doctors in

teachers. Infant mortality in Cuba

is 15 for every 1,000 live births. "We are among the first 15 nafatigues with single-starred epau- tions in the world and only three lets, Mr. Castro, at 58, appears trim points away from the United health situation to that of Jamaica ing with Manuel Piniero, the Com- or Central America. We compare it munist Party's expert on U.S. po- to the United States."

ed last October but "has to wait for Ruling out the probability of di- elections to be over" next month.

rect U.S. intervention in Nicara-But, Mr. Castro said: "As long as gua, Mr. Castro said: "I think that there is the idea that military victor United States at the moment tinuing to support the operation of there would never again be revolu-anti-Sandinist rebels and "by com-tionaries in Central America or pounding Nicaragua's economic anywhere else, then there will be no readiness on the part of the United "I am convinced that the U.S. States, on the part of Duarte or of hopes to end the revolution the army to negotiate. Unfortuthrough this combination," he said. nately, one would have to wait until "As long as the United States has they were persuaded otherwise."

He declined to comment on specific Cuban assistance to the guer-El Salvador, Mr. Castro said, rillas but said that rebel supply presents a much more difficult lines from the outside largely are problem, but one that he said still is nonexistent because logistics are solvable. "If both sides want to find "almost impossible." He said the peace," he said, "then peace can be guerrillas get most of their weapons from the Salvadoran Army itself. While he said that Cuba would never give up the "moral princi-ples" that govern its support for the guerrillas, Mr. Castro noted that

there are other ways" of address-"I am speaking of a readiness to work, to strive in order to find solutions to the problem," he said. That is the position we maintain. It's not a question of us giving up our principles or views, but rather to work in such a direction that there is no need for war, for weapons or for ammunition. It is not a question of us solemnly pledging that we will abide by this or that, or to say that we are very happy to improve relations with the United States on the basis of promising that we will never send a bullet to a revolutionary. If that is the price

United States, we cannot pay that

■ U.S. Lists Disagreements A White House spokesman said Monday that "lines of communication remain open" between the United States and Mr. Castro but that the Cubans "have taken very tions in the last four years, The

Washington Post reported. Responding to a conciliatory tone struck by Mr. Castro in a Post interview, the spokesman, Larry Speakes, said, "Recently we have been successful in discussing with the Cubans the matter of immigration, and our lines of commun tion, for our part, remain open." But, he added, "we do have fun-

damental disagreements." "They include their subversive activities in Central America and South America, large deployment of Cuban troops in Africa, close takably pedagogic manner, which over 25 countries, some 1,500 of allegiance to the Soviet Union and them. We have 255,000 working their violation of human rights in Cuba," Mr. Speakes said. "On those four points we disagree. We want to see actions from the Cubans. We have seen only words."

SATIRE IN WORDS AND PICTURES DOONESBURY

Peres Says Egypt Is Failing To Respond to Peace Efforts

(Continued from Page 1) had the pro forms appearance of a that, in the confrontation between ly, I think that is nearing the end,"

On the Israeli economy, the prime minister indicated that he felt two voluntary wage-price agreements worked out by his government, the labor unions, and business had put the Israeli economy on a road to recovery. The second phase of those agreements

took effect Tuesday. "In Washington, they were very skeptical about the means we have decided to employ, and even had the slight feeling that we took the easy road," the prime minister said of the voluntary wage-price controis. "I don't agree."

improved relations with the tional budget of \$11 billion, \$2 bil-have been halted lion to \$2.5 billion will be actually "We are not s cut during the coming fiscal year. I am positive that we will implement these cuts and cure the economy."

"I think the facts are speaking for themselves," he concluded, citing the sharp reduction in Israel's inflation rate, to a little more than 3 port Khomeini. percent a month from 20 percent a Grocery Prices Rise month; the rise in exports; the fall in imports, and the voluntary but limited cutbacks in linking wages to inflation — all accomplished with little rise in unemployment.

The prime minister expressed the hope that, as a result, the United States would approve \$800 million in emergency economic aid that his government has requested to tide it over the transition period, during which Israeli foreign currency reserves are running dangerously

Asked if he thought the conclusion of Ariel Sharon's libel suit against Time Inc. constituted a moral victory" for Israel, as Mr. Sharon has described it, Mr. Peres said: "I don't think this was a confrontation between the state of Is-

rael and Time magazine. I think Sharon and Time on this specific line, Time was wrong. But I wouldn't use other terms. I would not fly into the philosophical field and make far-reaching descript

Mr. Peres also firmly denied that Israel was selling arms to Iran, a denial that has been supported by other government sources here and appears to reflect a sharp change in Israeli attitudes toward the Iran-Iraq war since Mr. Peres took of-

The Israelis have come increasingly to see the Iraqis, who are aligning themselves with Egypt, as a much less dangerous long-term threat than the rising tide of Irani-an-inspired Shitte fundamentalism. "The government is taking the especially now that such fundanecessary drastic measures to cure mentalism is lapping at Israel's the economy, painful as they may border with Lebanon. As a result, Mr. Peres said. Referring to all Israeli arms shipments to Iran the Israeli fiscal year that starts

— which Israel has always publicly

April 1, he said: "Out of the opera
denied making — are believed to denied making - are believed to

"We are not going to sell any arms to Iran," the prime minister said. "We consider the Khomein: revolution a very sad experience in the 20th century. It is a very extreme and hostile movement and we do not have any reasons to sup-

cent more for some groceries Tues-day under the second phase of the wage and price restraint agreement, which lasts eight months. Reuters

reported from Tel Aviv.

Other economic measures are designed to stem the decline in far-eign currency reserves. These m sures doubled the \$100 tax that Israelis pay to leave the country and imposed a 15-percent tax on air tickets and a 20-percent rise on such imports as cars and cosmetics.

The price increases on grocenes were for more than 200 products whose prices had been restricted from rising for three months.

Managua (miletini -MANa(t) = 1Emeth (from the R 🛫 dood bez have record cation from ? on dance an constant

In addition, postal charges doubled and electricity prices rose 25

Israelis began paying 4 to 20 per-

Reagan Seeks Escalation In Aid to Guatemala

Request Is Among Budget Proposals Facing Strong Resistance in Congress

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON—The Reagan
administration's \$14.77 billion forcign-aid budget for fiscal 1986 calls
for increasing mittander and the end of its train
service on Oct. 1, the first day of
fiscal 1986.

The proposed action, which is for increasing military assistance to Guatemala from \$300,000 to \$35.3 million, despite severe criticism of its human-rights record.

The jump is so large that it seems certain to provoke new charges from congressional critics that the administration is seeking to resolve

*BUDGET NOTEBOOK Central America's conflicts by emphasizing military solutions.

Guatemala has received U.S.

economic aid for the last two years but, except for \$300,000 this year for training, has had no U.S. military assistance since 1977 because of its poor record on human rights. But administration officials said

Monday they the request for an additional \$35 million in support funds and credits to buy U.S. weapons is justified because Guaised elections that could produce a civilian government by Oct. I. Senator Christopher J. Dodd,

Democrat of Connecticut, a persistent critic of President Ronald Reagan's policy on Central America, said the Guatemala request is a surprise to Congress. "Good luck to them if they think they can get it." Man Dodd said of the administration it," Mr. Dodd said of the administration. "It's exorbitant, excessive and not justified."

Almost half of the administration's foreign-aid request would go served notice Monday on the to Israel and Egypt. The request seeks \$2.3 billion in economic and military aid for Egypt and \$1.8 billion in military aid for Israel. An U.S. commitment expires in two additional economic aid request for years. Israel, expected to be at least \$1.2 billion, will be submitted later.

10 m

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The proposed action, which is generating a counterattack from Amerak and such advocates as the National Association of Rail Passengers, is consistent with the administration's position that the U.S. government should not run

"Amtrak carries less than 2 perceives exceptionally large federal subsidies relative to the number of passengers carried," the Reagan budget says. That subsidy was \$35 per passenger in 1984 per passenger in 1984.

Amtrak responded, "By the same analysis, for each airline passenger, federal tax expenditures due to business travel deductions alone average \$33. 'If all federal support for such services as air traf-fic control were included, the federal cost per airline passenger would be considerably higher than Am-

Amurak recovers 58 percent of its operating budget from fares, higher than Congress has asked it to do.

Amtrak said that if it ceases to operate, it would lay off 25,000 employees; the cost of severance pay to the federal government would be \$21 billion over six years; all 250 of its trains would stop running, and 500 stations it owns would close.

The Reagan administration

In his budget message to Con-gress for fiscal 1986, Mr. Reagan The Transportation Department said the administration "intends to honor existing commitments" to the International Development Aseliminate government subsidies to sociation, as well as to the Asian Amtrak, the National Railroad Development Fund and the Afri-Passenger Corp. Amtrak says it can Development Fund.

Where It would come from: Borrowing 18% Individual Other 496 37% Direct benefit payments to individuals Where It would go: 41% interest 5% 10%

Mr. Reagan added, however, that "in light of the current severe fiscal pressures, the administration is not budgeting at this time for the future replenishments of these particular institutions."

The bank's programs for the poorest nations are carried on through the International Development Association, an affiliate that the United States helped to launch

"We take this seriously," Moeen Qureshi, senior vice president of the World Bank, said in an interview. "Signals by the United States have a tremendous impact on other countries, which understand that IDA is a burden-sharing program.

"If the United States took the position that it wouldn't contrib-ute, it would be difficult to negoti-ate with other donor countries," he said. "It could spell the end of

The Reagan administration's proposals for a "market-oriented"

Two of the administration's most loyal allies on Capitol Hill, Senator Jesse Helms, Republican of North Carolina, chairman of the Senate Agriculture Committee, and Representative Larry J. Hopkins, Republican of Kentucky, have put Agriculture Secretary John R. Block on notice that the proposal is as good as dead.

Tobacco is central to the economy of several states, but critics, who have been gaining ground in Congress, say the government has no business supporting a commod-ity harmful to health.

The new legislation seeks cutbacks in farm-commodity support programs in an effort the administration says is intended to reduce

Monday that, although the admin-istration plans to cut both direct subsidies and support-loan levels which set a floor under basic farm prices — the changes must go hand in hand with a farm bill that 1985 farm bill will include a plan to would help farmers get better end the government's tobacco sup- prices and regain their competitive

now the chief of personnel at the

■ New Communications Chief

Tuesday, The Washington Post re-

The White House chief of staff

White House.

U.S. Cancels Exercise After Ship Banning WASHINGTON - The United

States has withdrawn from planned naval exercises with New Zealand and Australia to protest New Zealand's refusal to permit an Ameri-can destroyer to stop at a New Zealand port, the Reagan adminis-

tration announced Tuesday. The White House spokesman, Larry Speakes, also said that Aus-

U.S. Pensions Are Criticized

(Continued from Page 1) interests in Congress, the main objective was to bring down the defi-cit, "The president's budget will do just that," he said.

The committee's chairman, Pete V. Domenici, a Republican of New Mexico, asked, "Is this budget nepotiable, Mr. Stockman? Because if it isn't, we may as well quit."
"It is," Mr. Stockman said, add-

ing that Mr. Reagan was absolute in insisting that taxes not be raised to reduce the deficit. As Mr. Stockman was testifying

on the military budget in the Senate, Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger was before the House Armed Services Committee for a second consecutive day of congressional questioning. Representative Les Aspin, a

Democrat of Wisconsin who is the new chairman of the committee. said the military buildup is virtually certain to be cut by Congress. Mr. Aspin also affirmed he might end his support for the MX multiple warhead intercontinental missile, a weapon for which helped

preserve funding in congressional maneuvering a year ago.

Mr. Weinberger said a congressional vote to kill the MX missile or costs and make U.S. agriculture
more competitive worldwide.

Mr. Weinberger said a congressional vote to kill the MX missiles sional vote to kill the MX missiles to block other important military goals would "end any hope" of a substantive arms control agree-ment with the Soviet Union.

President Reagan, at a White House ceremony to sign copies of his annual economic report to Congress, was asked whether the strong opposition in Congress made him more willing to yield on his military

spending requests.

The president said that about \$30 billion had been cut from the Pentagon's original spending request. He suggested that the ad-ministration had made a "mistake" by not offering its initial military proposals with no reductions so that Congress, itself, could cut the

military budget.
The military buildup was also expected to be a major theme in Mr. Reagan's State of the Union Patrick J. Buchanan, a conservaaddress to Congress. The president tive columnist and commentator, is to deliver the speech Wednesday was appointed the new White evening his 74th birthday.

tralia had canceled the exercise fol-lowing the U.S. decision. New Zea-land has imposed a ban on nuclear weapons entering the country.

We deeply regret this decision to deny port access to a U.S. Navy ship that contributes to the com-mon defense of the ANZUS alliance," Mr. Speakes said, describing it as "a matter of grave concern."

We are considering the implica-tions for our overall cooperation with New Zealand under AN-ZUS," he said. The alliance was established more than 30 years ago by Australia, New Zealand and the United States to provide for mutu-

other actions we might take, but at this time we have no further deci-sions and no further comment." Mr. Speakes, the deputy White House press secretary, said the

Prime Minister Bob Hawke of Australia meets with President Ronald Reagan on Thursday.

In the past week, New Zealand has twice refused a U.S. request for a port call by an American destroy-er, the USS Buchanan. Prime Minister David Lange said in New Zea-land on Tuesday that the ban

would be continued. [Australian defense officials said in Canberra that the three countries would hold a series of bilateral naval exercises instead of the threeway maneuvers, Reuters reported.]

He added: "We are considering

and has said that New Zealand's policy could wreck the ANZUS al-

The prime minister said in a ra-dio interview that the ban on nucle-ar weapoury would not be lifted and that he would not bow to pres-

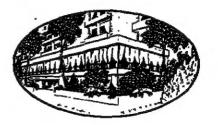
sure from U.S. officials. "If they make it a condition, then they have made a unilateral withdrawal from ANZUS," Mr. Lange said, but added he was certain that the United States wanted to keep

the alliance.

access to New Zealand ports to have a conventional defense rela-ships armed with nuclear weapons and he insists that the transfer of the tran ships armed with nuclear weapons tionship with the United States, and be insists that the United that we are going to continue in States declare whether military vesthat relationship and that we are sels carry such weapons when applying for port privileges. But the U.S. government has steadfastly re-

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Senate Committee Approves Nomination of Meese

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches Judiciary Committee voted, 12-6, Mr. Meese is associated with this Tuesday to approve the nominageneral and sent it to the full cham- and justice and with an administra- ethical conduct to the Senate.

but two of its Democrats voting

"Not only is Mr. Meese qualified the nominee meets these stanto be artomey general, but he is a dards," Mr. Byrd said. man of honesty, competency and dedication," said the committee expected to be approved by the full chairman, Strom Thurmond, a Sci South Carolina Republican, moments before the roll-call vote.

Senator Edward M. Kennedy, Democrat of Massachusetts, said Sefore voting against Mr. Meese: rounds of committee apple.
"The degree of Mr. Meese's com-

from his government post.

He said the order came "directly

from the pope."
Father Cardenal, 60, said he

but criticized the church hierarchy

"We are victims of an injustice,"

cides with the policies of Reagan,"

Father Cardenal, along with

three other priests in the Nicara-

guan government, had been ordered to resign their posts, but all four vowed to remain in the gov-

The other priests are Foreign Minister Miguel d'Escoto Brock-

mann, Edgar Parrales, representa-

tive to the Organization of Ameri-

can States, and Education Minister Fernando Cardenal, Father Car-

Perrales voluntarily left the priest-

coto reportedly was given until Wednesday to decide what he will

The significance of the suspen-

sions is mostly symbolic because be four agreed in 1981 that they

would neither perform priestly

he added.

denal's brother.

WASHINGTON - The Senate forcement of laws is in question. administration's policies that unber, which is expected to give its tion which has hung out a sign endorsement.

ticularly our young people."

But he said the nomination was

The presidential counselor was nominated as the nation's 75th attorney general in January 1984, but since then, he has been through two rounds of committee appearances.

There also was a six-month in- del to the Interior Department, or vestigation of him by an indepen- his replacement at the Energy Dedent counsel, Jacob A. Stein, who partment by John S. Herrington, found no basis to prosecute Mr. tion of Edwin Meese 3d as attorney dermine the principles of fairness Meese but left decisions about his

Mr. Meese was questioned ex-tensively at the hearings about his Mr. Meese's nomination, held up Senator Robert C. Byrd, Demorole in approving U.S. government for a year by questions of ethics, crat of West Virginia, said the jobs for his financial benefactors; was approved largely along party "standard has to be set to which the his promotion to conone in the lines, with all 10 of the panel's people in this country can look Army Reserve, and his acceptance with confidence and faith and par- of a \$10,000 payment from a presidential transition organization.

The nominee said he had done nothing wrong, but he pledged to be more careful about creating appearances of conflict of interest. Also Tuesday. President Ronald Reagan's choices to head the Interi-

or and Energy departments easily won Senate committee approval clearing the way for their confirma-tion by the full Senate.

No lawmaker opposed the move of Energy Secretary Donald P. Ho-

Donald T. Regan, also announced that Max L. Friedersdorf, a veteran of the Nixon, Ford and Reagan the White House to handle relations with Congress. He further announced that Ed-

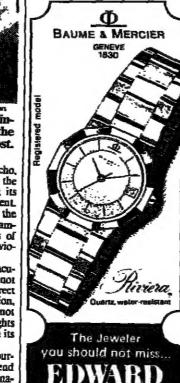
ward J. Rollins, the former White House political director and Reagan-Bush campaign director, was returning to handle political and intergovernmental affairs.

The three appointees, and a fourth to be named later for policy Managua Official Suspended as Priest are to be senior deputies to Mr. Regan, who took his oath of office this week after swapping jobs with this week after swapping jobs with James A. Baker 3d, who became Treasury secretary.

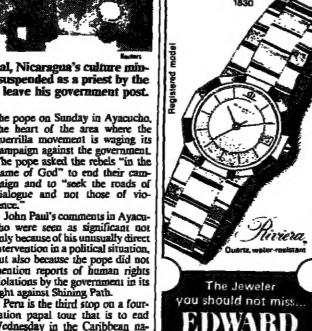
Mr. Buchanan has been critical

of Secretary of State George P. Shultz and others perceived as moderates in the administration. A syndicated columnist and television commentator, he was an assistant to President Richard M. Nixon, specializing in the news media and speech writing.

The communications post has been vacant since David R. Gergen resigned Dec. 8, 1983. Mr. Gergen's duties have been shared by the deputy chief of staff, Michael K. Deaver, who is leaving the White House for a public-relations job; Richard G. Darman, a presidential assistant; and the president's spokesman, Larry Speakes.







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celebrate other rites in private, although in Roman Catholic theol- Times reported. ogy they remain priests for life.

that he would continue observing sponse to the strong words from Union on Monday.

MANAGUA — The Reverend Ernesto Cardenal, Nicaragua's culture minister, says Pope John Paul Il has formally suspended him from the Roman Catholic priesthood because he refused to resign "It is with profound pain that I have received an official communication from Rome that imposes the canon suspension, suspending me from exercising priestly duties," , ather Cardenal said Monday. would respect the Vatican decision, for "harassing" him and the other priests in the Sandinist governhe said. "They have punished us for serving the people."

The priest said he hopes "that God will better defend my people." What I say is that His Holiness falls before the aggression against our people and that his action coin-

The Reverend Ernesto Cardenal, Nicaragua's culture minister, announcing he has been suspended as a priest by the Vatican because he refuses to leave his government post.

from holding government posi-

During his current visit to Latin ernando Cardenal, Father Car-enal's brother.

America, the pupe has criticized clergy who follow what has been called "liberation theology" because it contains what many view as Marxist elements.

from the Society of Jesus — the Jesuits — in December and Father hood two weeks ago. Father d'Esdeviate from church teachings in favor of "opposing ideologies

Lima Partly Blacked Out Peruvian rebels set off an explofunctions in public nor wear cleri-cal garb. Orders like Monday's out parts of Lima about 30 minutes mean that they cannot say Mass or after Pope John Paul II arrived Papandreou to Visit Russia

The action by the Shining Path Ernesto Cardenal said Monday rebel group appeared to be a re-

all the rules, including his vow of the pope on Sunday in Ayacucho the heart of the area where the The pope has repeatedly warned guerrilla movement is waging its that canon law prohibits priests campaign against the government.

The pope asked the rebels "in the campaign against the government.
The pope asked the rebels "in the name of God" to end their camnaign and to "seek the roads of dialogue and not those of vio-

cho were seen as significant not In the Peruvian desert city of intervention in a political situation, Piura on Monday, John Paul repeated that Catholic clergy cannot mention reports of human rights violations by the government in its fight against Shining Path. Peru is the third stop on a four-

nation papal tour that is to end Wednesday in the Caribbean nation of Trinidad and Tobago.

Agence France-Presse
ATHENS -- Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou of Greece is to begin a four-day visit to the Soviet

Short of Consumer Goods, Hanoi's Long Suits Are Celebrations and War

By Barbara Crossette

New York Times Service HANOI - The old man sits on the post office steps, a bathroom scale on the sidewalk beside him. The little scale, a vintage model, is his liveli-hood, and he has covered all but its dial with a piece of used plastic to protect this most valuable possession from the mud of a drizzly day.

For less than a penny the old man weighs people, bending down slowly and with great effort to focus his weak eyes on the numbers. Reading out a customer's weight is part of the service. He accepts payment without expression and returns has many uses. Old movie film is fashioned into wearily to the steps. Although the scenes of everyday life might not

suggest it, this is a year of celebrations for Viet-nam. In October, Hanoi celebrated 30 years of liberation from the French. In April, Ho Chi Minh City, which its own tourist bureau still calls Saigon, will mark the 10th anniversary of the communist victory over South Vietnam's U.S.-supported

In between, the army celebrated its 40th birthday in December, a reminder that after 40 years, Vietnam is still at war — now in Cambodia and on the border with China — and another generation

is being called on to make sacrifices. With severe shortages of most consumer goods

Other people fix bicycles, refill the refills of ballpoint peas, or sell things: dumplings, bowls of soup, vegetables from their gardens, individual envelopes or cigarettes, handmade objects of bamboo and straw. Moneychangers, paying more than 20 times the official exchange rate, thrive. Recycling is an art: Pull tabs from imported

aluminum cans are bought for a fraction of a cent and used to make curtain rings. A can fetches anywhere from a dime to more than a dollar and celluloid picture frames.

At night, a visitor passes an old woman selling used bottles of all sizes in the front room of her home. A few people beg, and others sleep huddled in doorways.

Frequent visitors to Hanoi say that over the last five or six years life has improved in this capital city, a fine example of French colonial architecture that was little damaged by American bombing in 1972. There are more goods in the stores, more television sets in homes and brighter colors on

But Hanoi and the overpopulated, impoverished north, its soil depleted and its forests fast disappearing, are still a world away from southern and minimal public services, Hanoi's residents continue to draw on their resourcefulness. The old man with his scale is but one of hundreds, if not mayor boasts that food rations have tripled in a the north. The young also read.

thousands, of small entrepreneurial efforts on city sidewalks.

decade and most businesses with fewer than 20 employees (and two-thirds of the city's housing) are in private hands.

"One country, two systems," people say sardon-ically, echoing the formula the Chinese have used

With severe shortages of most consumer goods and minimal public services, Hanoi's residents continue to draw on their resourcefulness.

to describe how Beijing hopes to coexist with Hong Kong when it reverts to Chinese rule. This is not to say that there are no amusements in Hanoi. The city's young people seek their pleasures in movies, in window-shopping at government department stores, or in walks by the city's several picturesque lakes or in its numerous parks, now sprinkled with the pink peach blossoms that are the flower of Tet, the Vietnamese New Year, in

novels and detective stories.

She said that a favorite among the books, which were priced inexpensively, was "Romeo, Juliet and Otsenasech set against the evil of Nazi Germany. "A lot of books come from the Russians." an English-speaking browser volunteered.

The store, which had one copy of a Vietnamese translation of Graham Greene's "The Quiet American." also sold collections of contemporary Vietnamese short stories, published locally in pamphlet form on coarse brown paper.

Themes of war, heroics and grief mark these stories, which often are short morality lessons.

They jolt the foreign reader into an awareness of how "the American war" already has slipped back into history, taking its place behind the newest threat from the Chinese. "The Vietnamese are ambivalent about Americans," a Western diplomat said. "Despite the war.

they respond more to American culture than to Russian, and want more contacts with American A Hungarian was more blunt, and bitter, "They

hate us because they associate us with Russians, and they hate Russians," she said.

Diplomats and international aid officials may find life in Hanoi challenging. Housing, which is

At the Hanoi-Hue-Saigon bookstore, the city's controlled by the government, is scarce. Requests largest, a clerk in the section marked "Literature" by at least one international agency for permission reported that her biggest sellers were romantic to build apartments at its own expense have met countless bureaucratic obstacles.

There are no international schools for the children. That's the real reason we want the Ameri-Darkness," a love story by an author named Jan cans back." one European ambassador said, "We hope they'll open a school." All diplomatic eyes are on a mysterious green

villa, which, by common understanding, seems to be reserved for the American Embassy if and when the United States and Vietnam renew diplomatic With even basic foods like eggs and bread sometimes unobtainable in Hanoi, most embassies do

almost all their grocery shopping in Bangkok. A few favored supermarkets offer a "packing for Hanoi" service. "We just zip by in a taxi on the way to the airport," a diplomat said, "and they have it all ready in cartons with our names on."

The Friday afternoon Vietnam Airline flight from Bangkok to Hanoi was dubbed the "Villa Express" by one diplomat, in honor of a Thai supermarket. The boxes of food and drink are fussed over more lovingly than diplomatic

Cocktail party crowds in Hanoi are regaled with stories of how a carton of meat, butter, or ice cream missed a flight. It is a standing joke that flights to Vietnam from Bangkok fly at an angle because of all the canned goods at the back.

pouches at Bangkok's airport.



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U.S., Europe Are Closer on Technology Exports jeopardize its high-technology ties many have criticized what they call to the United States by appearing U.S. concepts of "extraterritorial-

(Continued from Page 1) trols to cover technologies that in-clude personal commuters above mann has warned that additional clude personal computers above the smallest size and digital-switching telephone systems. But the trols would cause a political explo-United States abandoned its call

that a broad range of energy-relat-ed technology should be included. As a result, hundreds of export applications in recent months have

been turned down that might previously have been approved, according to U.S. officials. A U.S. study of the applications

rejected over a one-year period shows, Mr. Perle said, that export of the equipment involved would have saved the Soviet military budget \$13 billion over the technology's life span and cost the West \$14 billion if it had tried to offset the Soviet gain.

The whole issue of technology

controls, however, remains so sensitive that European officials do not like to talk about it. Governments in Europe "don't want to publicize their policies and police work because the new approach is widely perceived as a cave-in to U.S. pressure," a U.S. Customs agent explained, adding: "And they don't like admitting failures because that riles Washington."

The most sensitive country is West Germany, which is the most mportant industrial outlet to the East bloc and the allied nation that remains the most divided on the

Bonn officials acknowledge a policy change. "We have a new outlook compared to three years ago." said Konrad Seitz, head of policy planning at the Foreign Ministry, "mainly because of U.S. concern. partly because the problem seems to be more real than many thought

But other influential West Ger-

mans resist the policy change. Eco-U.S. moves to tighten trade con-

Other European countries are much closer to U.S. views on the

France, which, like Britain, has increased its intelligence work in this field, is alarmed about the loss of French technology to Soviet forces and to industrial competi-

We were able to get some of the Russians' own data on the costeffectiveness of their industrial espionage for military purposes, and it was conclusive and alarming," said François Heisbourg, until recently director of international affairs in the Defense Ministry.

Shortly after the Socialist ernment took office in 1981. France established an interagency group, led by the Ministry of Defense and reporting to the prime minister, to review technology exports before they are submitted to COCOML As a result. France "has not had a single controversial new case for a couple of years," Mr. Heisbourg said. In 1982, France expelled 47 Sovi-

et diplomats, most of whom were engaged in industrial espionage. French intelligence reports about the problem circulated in Europe, providing independent corroboration of the Reagan administration's warnings. Britain and West Germany have established national lists of sensitive technology.

Neutral countries, including Austria, Sweden, India and Switclamp down on technology smug-U.S. technology.

The new rules are being better toms unit, known as "the A-team" or Project Arrow, has been set up along the lines of the U.S. program. Operation Exodus, to halt outgoing technology. Four offenders have been jailed in the last two months. France and Sweden have sharply increased their budgets and staff for intelligence and enforcement

on technology issues. In Sweden, more vigorous investigations have brought to light a backlog of problems. Now "the government is determined to stop Sweden from being a smuggle house for illegal strategic goods," said Lars Stahlberg, undersecretary

over the issue. A strong lobby wants to avoid jeopardizing trade pins important political and emotional ties. But other strong groups argue that West Germany cannot

CHANNEL

PROGRAM, WEDNESDAY 6th FEBRUARY

'soft" on technology transfer.

et Union's "Red Book," a secret shopping list of Western technology for Soviet diplomats. The book, thick as a big-city telephone directory lists target technologies and contains instructions about how to circumvent Western regula-

> Although the book has been in the hands of Western intelligence services for more than a year. West Germany's Interior Ministry timed its disclosure to coincide with a meeting in Bonn of the West German-Soviet joint trade commission. The move seemed to be an effort to embarrass West German proponents of relaxing controls in the interest of freer trade.

> West Germany, unlike its neighbors, has not assigned more man-power to combat technology leaks. But its courts have begun to hand down jail terms, not just fines, for trade violations.

But the Reagan administration still is using arm-twisting tactics in West Germany of the kind that marked the initial, turbulent phases of the U.S. campaign. A Cyber su-percomputer, made by Control Data Corp., is being withheld from the weather laboratory at the presugious Max Planck Institute in

The U.S. authorities are demanding that German researchers undergo security checks before the precedent. machine is put at their disposal.

Similar tactics were employed against France early in the Reagan zerland, have all quietly agreed to administration, when Cray supercomputers were withheld from the lems than the allies. eling rather than risk a cutoff of French armed forces and the enforced. In Britain, a crack cus- France would protect the technology, we cleared their delivery," said a U.S. official involved in the pro-

(The official denied a report last weekend in the U.S. newspaper Newsday that the computers were delivered in exchange for French political support for NATO and the deployment of new NATO intermediate missiles in Europe in

Currently, Spain is being similarly pressured. Because Spain, although a NATO country, has not joined COCOM, the U.S. government is set to block an American Telephone & Telegraph Co. con-tract to build a microchip plant in at the Foreign Affairs Ministry.

Politically, West Cermany is the country with the deepest conflicts

Technolic at telegraph Co. Contract to build a microchip plant in Spain unless the Spanish government agrees to cooperate on trade

The intrusive U.S. approach, aswith Eastern Europe, which under- sociated with the Pentagon and particularly with Mr. Perle, has created bitter resistance among the U.S. allies. Britain and West Ger-

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ity," a phrase covering American The Interior Ministry recently attempts to extend its laws over leaked information about the Sovi-

under U.S. export licenses.
"Since we are allies, with a meritanism in COCOM." said a senior British official, "there is no justification for this unilateral intrusion

in our affairs." Some of the heat has gone out of the issue as the Reagan administra-tion has focused on military issues. The administration, Mr. Heisbourg said, "seems to have learned from the Siberian pipeline fiasco, when we exported our technology despite U.S. opposition, that it has to draw lines in the dust clearly and sensi-

The more finely tuned U.S. approach appeared last summer in Belgium, where the Pentagon agreed to pay \$700,000 to prevent a computer-controlled lathe from being sold to a Soviet factory that U.S. intelligence reports say is manufacturing SS-20 missile components.

The Belgian manufacturer, Pegard, which had been set up to provide high-technology jobs in a depressed region, had said that workers' jobs depended on the sale; so the Reagan administration paid the surcharge that the Soviet customer was willing to pay for it: Now the Reagan administration is trying to resell the lathe to China and hoping the case will not set a

As the Resean administration tries to develop a solid front among industrial countries, neutral countries sometimes present fewer prob-

"We have no problem of 'extra-Atomic Energy Commissariat. territoriality because it is not a Once "we were confident that government-to-government issue," said Mr. Stahlberg in his Stockbolm office. Since neutral countries are not in COCOM, the governments can let their companies comply with any. U.S. laws that are covered in licensing agreements.

What worries companies in neutral countries, a Swedish executive said, is "that the United States or European countries, in the CO-COM meetings, will bend the rules in favor of themselves and discriminate against neutrals." China is the focus of this worry.

Several executives cited a COCOM license for telecommunications sales to China granted just when the Belgian subsidiary of ITT was ready to sign a contract. So far, a Swedish executive said, Sweden is satisfied that the new

arrangements are working equitably for all Western countries. If the United States wants cooperation from neutral countries' governments and companies, dy Swedish executive said, "We must be confident that we are being

treated fairly." For the moment, the U.S. emphasis on restrictions seems to have prevailed over U.S. and European critics, who argue that the West's best policy is to let technology flow freely, so the West's superior ability to apply technology will safe-guard NATO's edge in weapons quality.

The trouble with this policy of achievement," according to Mr. Perle and like-minded Europeans, is that Western technology can enable the Soviet military to "cross critical thresholds - once they can ee in the dark with sophisticated devices, it doesn't matter much that you can see better in the dark."

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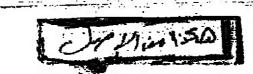
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ARTS/LEISURE

Mixing Food and Philanthropy

By Carol Lawson

New York Times Service

New YORK — When Paul
Newman began what was for
an actor the unlikely business of
bottling and calling his home made

What Newman did not expect, however, was how successful his calinary enterprise, which has school pus.

The decision on how to distribute the money is made by Newman, who is president of the company, grown into a multinational corporegion, would be. With the profits longtime friend, Hotchner is the long turned over to charities, Newman, who is also a direction. tor and race car driver, can now say that he is a multimillion-dollar phi-

His food company, which he says began in his basement "as an inside joke," has generated profits of nearly \$4 million, all of which have been given away. In 1984 alone, Newman collected and dis-bursed \$1.9 million. The profits came not only from the salad dressing, but from two other items that have been added to the 'Newman's Own" line of products, spaghetti sauce and popcoru.

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te Ginn Joan Erbout

Last year profits from the Newman products went to 80 medical. cultural, social and environmental

New York Times Servier

Newman began what was for an actor the unlikely business of bottling and selling his home-made salad dressing, he made a promise: he would donate the profits to charities. Two and a half years later things are working out just as he expected.

The York Times Servier and overseas. Recipients ranged from a drug prevention program for teen-agers to a relief ellort for Ethiopian famine victims, the Actors Studio, the Cystic Fibrosis Foundation, several programs that help children with cancer and a group of children of migrant labor-expected.

an authority on Hemingway.

Over their board table, which is on food shelves. If we give the monactually a Ping-Pong table, in their tiny Westport, Connecticut headquarters, Newman and Hotchner recently sifted through requests factories near San Francisco and from more than 700 charities last Los Angeles and in Roston It is year, "We give to little charities, labeled as "letoile du vinaigre et de not to mainstream charities," l'huile - l'huile et le vinaigre des not to mainstream charities." Thuile - Thuile et le vineigre des Hotchner said. "We give to the very etoiles" (the star of oil and vinegar old and the very young. You can and the oil and vinegar of the pinpoint your giving if you really stars).

Care about it. You can help a par
The spaghetti sauce, which is ticular group, a particular cause."

"We've discovered that being philanthropists is more difficult than being an actor or a writer," he

U. S. Hit by Thirsty Craze For Chocolate Fudge Soda

CHICAGO — The United you a ticket can buy it."

The sweet late fudge drink that contains only two calories per serving, say the

"In nine days we sold 1.5 million cans," said Alan Canfield, senior vice president of Canfield's Beverage Co., which produces the soda. "Now we're way over 2 million cans in three weeks," twice the amount sold in all of 1984.

The company has been flooded by hundreds of requests for its Diet Chocolate Fudge Soda from diet-g chocolate lovers, Canfield said

"We make 1,200 cans a minute, We've been running double shifts.
We still can't keep up with deCanfield drinks the soda and has

A recent check found 33 of 35 stores were out of the drink, Canfield said. "It's a Cabbage Patch situation if I ever saw one." The fudge soda is salt-free and

made with NutraSweet Canfield said that recently a worker driving a Canfield company car was stopped by a police officer who said, "I'm not going to give you a ticket. Just tell me where I

The sweet smell of success has drawn requests for franchises, distributorships and even a few offers to buy the company, Canfield said. Stockbrokers have called to ask if

the company will go public.

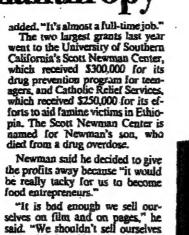
Meanwhile, Canfield's has
shipped the drink to a few states outside its normal distribution area: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin and Iowa

Canfield attributes the craze to the United States's never-ending battle with the bulge.

"People all year have been cating and enjoying themselves," he said. "In Janu uary they decide maybe

been personally trying to keep the shelves stocked. He said he recently stopped at his neighborhood grocery to help put some cans on dis-

By the time I got to the beverage section, there was a trail of people behind me," he said. "Be-fore I got it on the shelf, it was all



ey back to the people who support us, then no one can call us tacky."

Los Angeles, and in Boston, It is

The spaghetti sauce, which is called Newman's Own Industrial Strength Venetian Spaghetti Sauce, comes in two varieties, with or

without mushrooms. It is made in

There are also factories in Aus-

tralia and Japan that are producing

after Mimi Sheraton, the food crit-

ic, said it had an "unpleasant oily

AVENCER

ARENT YOU'S

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TODAY. THE REPORT-

factories in Buffalo and Toronto.

The salad dressing is made in

Newman products.
"We put up \$40,000 to start the company, and we got it all back in two weeks," Hotchner said. "Our intention was to put the salad dressing in the gourmet food stores in Westport for the fun of it. Three weeks later, we were getting calls from the A. & P. Neither of us could believe it took off the way it Only a few months after starting his company, Newman devised a new formula for his salad dressing

"They send the orders to the fac- company."

time bookkeeper and a part-time secretary. Its growth has been secretary is growth has been secretary. Its growth has been secretary is growth has been secretary. Its growth has been secretary is growth has been secretary in growth has been secretary. Its growth has been secretary is growth has been secretary in growth has been secretary. Its growth has been secretary in growth has been secretary. Its growth has been secretary in growth has been secretary. Its growth has been secretary in growth has been secretary in growth has been secretary. Its growth has been secretary in growth has been secretary in growth has been secretary. Its growth has been secretary in growt n, New York.

availability. We won't meet with. A blown-up image of a snarling
"They take the orders and sell them. It's more fun to have a cou-inspector general shatters the the products." Hotchner said. ple of bumbling idiots running the parchment, smoke fills the stage,

Gogol's 'The Government Inspector': A Feverish, Funny Nightmare of Fear

By Michael Billington International Herald Tribune TONDON — Easily the most - dramatic event in the London theater last week was a speech by Sir Peter Hall, director of the National Theater, at a drama awards lunch. Speaking with quiet fury. Hall warned that impending gov-erament cutbacks to the arts would

crucily the subsidized theater, dismantle 30 years of sustained achievement and deter tourists by turning Britain into "a bittle Ameri-

He said later that unless extra funds were forthcoming the Na-tional would have to close one of its theaters in April and abandon all

touring.
Hall is right. The whole subsidized theater is on a knife-edge. But, for the moment, the effects are not visible, as the National has proved by launching a speciacular, leverish, often funny production in the Olivier theater of Gogol's 1836 classic. The Government Inspec-tor." The casting of Rik Mayall, a 26-year-old television comic, as the St. Petersburg clerk mistaken for a Paul Newman: An "inside joke" pays off.

St. Petersburg clerk mistaken for a prying government official, guarantees the laughs. But the original feature of Richard Eyre's production is that it presents Gogol's play as much more than a comedy of mistaken identity. It emerges instead as a mightmarish study of a featural foods."

The company, which operates in the country."

"Advantage Food has had to hire more people," Hotchner addolfices furnished with lounge chairs from Newman's swimming pood. has a tiny staff consisting of a partitime bookkeerer and a man partitime bookkeerer and a

and through it emerges a group of

THE LONDON STAGE flash of lightning and ends in a thunderclap." What occupies the

interim is a mad, bad dream.

The production is based on an extremely intelligent idea: that a society governed by terror is ripe for takeover by an impostor. The only problem in practice is that Rik Mavall plays Khlestakov, the petty too palpably a psychopath. He is admittedly very lunny with his cas-cade of hair that looks like a forest tions, he screams. "What have you got?" and the response is so violently disproportionate it makes

one laugh.

But Khiestakov should grow from a booby into a fantasist. What Mayall presents us with, from the start, is an insecure psychotic, and when the governor's wife praises his St. Petersburg sophistication. In theory a new play by the Po-after he has leaped freuziedly on a lish-born. Paris-based Slawomir But although a good idea is pushed political reality. "A Summer's too far through Mayall's ultra-modern, head-banging comic style, he makes a perfect exit. Matching smith, turns out to be a fragile piece. Gogol's own fantasy (from "Dead about the whimsical cruelty of life;

his dreams of omnipotence. up with a sprightly new translation the arrival of a beautiful woman of the play full of funny one-liners. The comic one ultimately dies and Jim Broadbent as the provin- while the tragic one get the girl. cial governor successfully holds his Human character is manipulated to own against Mayall's comic on-prove a point and the result is clos-slaught, turning the character into er to the abstract logic of mathea petrified creep only too happy to matics than the messy reality of exact savage revenge when he life. This is a long way from the thinks his time has come. For all its brilliance of Mrozek's "Tango." occasional excess, it is a much sharper production than the one I saw at the Moscow Satire theater two years ago; and when the aghast townsfolk finally retreat into darkness at the arrival of the real increase at the arrival of the real increase at the arrival of the real increase. spector-general, you get a thrilling sense of the stark panic at the heart of Czarist Russia.

While the National gives us Go-Richmond, revives Alexander Os- U.S. movie audiences, boosting its

petrified provincial officials seated drel, written in 1868. It is the story around a paper-strewn table and of a calculating Muscovite opportioning fairground mirror. Eyre and into a civil service job and find a Gunter have interpreted literally bride with a fat dowry; his one Vladimir Nabokov's point that mistake is to commit his private the play begins with a blinding thoughts about Russian hypocrisy to a diary ultimately discovered by his benefactors. Gogol's not dissimilar "Government Inspector" is a masterpiece precisely because it gives you a shivering sense of the Russian nightmare: Ostrovsky's play is merely mild social comedy about a world full of ingratiation

and corruption. However, it is worth exploring the byways as well as the highways clerk with delusions of grandeur, as of world drama; and Ostrovsky paints a lively picture of a bent bureacracy where the civil service is a safe haven for mediocrities and cade of hair that looks like a torest fire, his wide, peg-top trousers and his sudden seething rage. He has the unshackled ego of a furious child: when the governor suggests be might inspect the town's institutional first penny-plain but boasts a couple of animated performances from Paul Bradley as the upwardly mobile hero (an ancestor of Joe Lampton in "Room at the Top") and from Philippa Gail as an icy sexpot who believes adultery is best kept within the family.

tabletop and smashed her hus- Mrozek should be an event. But, band's bust to smithereens, you feel despite rumors that Mrozek had she is the one in need of attention. abandoned absurdist comedy for Souls") of flying in a troika, he it might almost be Anouilh on an floats off into space still burbling off-day. Two men, representing the essence of comedy and tragedy, are Adrian Mitchell has also come rescued from suicide in a park by

'Cop' Still Film Favorite

LOS ANGELES - "Beveriv tiny Orange Tree theater, Hills Cop" remained the favorite of

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Reagan's Budget Bluster

Leaked prematurely, President Reagan's budget proposals had an immediate had reception. Recollected in tranquillity, they don't seem better. Distance does not lend enchantment to the view.

One damning criticism is that they don't face up to the problems in the years succeeding fiscal 1986 (beginning this October). Even by the end of the 1980s, when we shall all be some five years older, the deficit on present estimates will still be well over 2 percent of America's GNP, which may sound small but is far higher than a healthy American economy — not to speak of the world economy — can digest. Even this disappointing prospect is unlikely to be achieved, because the assumptions underlying it - uninterrupted fast growth plus low inflation — will prove unreal unless history takes an improbable turn for the better. Even the administration realizes this, which is why it calls the present proposals simply another down payment on the problem -

just nibbling at its edges. A sad counterpoint to the Reagan cry of "if not now, when?" For fiscal 1986 itself we are asked, inappropriately, to stay with a deficit of some \$180 billion. This is almost certainly too high to permit orderly de-escalation of inter-est rates and the dollar. So both will stay high — or come down in disorderly fashion

as world markets lose faith in America. Nothing stands still in our market economies, not even with a remarkably popular president and a particularly successful economic year behind you. It is worrying to see a period of doubt about American policy ahead, because doubt is the enemy of stability and prosperity. Unfortunately, the world is going to see months of partisan combat,

because anything like the expenditure cuts envisaged by Mr. Reagan will be a labor of Hercules. You cannot hope to achieve the overall economies proposed by the administration when you concentrate them on only 40 percent of the expenditure side - because you do not want to cut social security and defense, and because you cannot cut interest on the public debt.

Our alarm stems not from any special disapproval of the precise spending cuts proposed, nor from any deep desire (far from it) to see taxes raised. There is no preordained "right" pattern for expenditure programs, whether you are talking about are for the aged, support for the farmer, or defense. Cuts don't necessarily reduce the efficacity of a program. They may well lead to better value for each dollar spent, by cutting back administrative lassitude.

Nor is there any preordained "correct" level for the bottom line of the budget. Whether it ought to be in big deficit or small — or, indeed, in surplus — depends entirely on the state of the economy in any given year, and on the level of savings available to finance the needs of the business sector and the requirements of the government.

We dislike the budget message because all the deficits foreseen for the next few years seem too big to be financed without relying on a continued heavy inflow of money from abroad, requiring American interest rates to stay inappropriately high, with damaging effects for America and the world as a whole. And we don't believe the proposals for the coming fiscal year have much chance of success in Congress. We may be in a syndrome that can lead to a syncope.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE

A Return to the Middle Ages in Sudan

By Colin Legum

LONDON — It is never possible, or wise, to predict the imminence of the downfall of a leader in long as General Nimeiri remains the Third World; but it would be surprising if President Gasfar Ni-meiri of Sudan has not hastened the president, the political outlook is -to put it mildly — unpromising.

The hanging of Mr. Taha has not only outraged foreigners — Mosend of his regime by his decision to order the hanging of Mahmoud lems and non-Moslems - but ac-Mohammed Taha, the respected cording the influential sources insage of the Republican Brothers, for side the country, it has deeply offended Sudanese Moslems and the crime of heresy.

Heretics have not been hanged in Islamic societies since medieval times; it is doubtful whether even under Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's Shiite revolution Moslems have been put to death as heretics. In Sudan - one of the most tolerant and civilized of Moslem societies -General Nimeiri's act marked the culmination of his fanatical determination to set back the clock to the Middle Ages which began with his high-handed action in turning the country into an Islamic Republic

and introducing sharia laws.

Not only did his action deepen the cultural cleavage between the mainly Islamic North and the mainly Christian and animistic South; it also divided the Moslems — the modern-minded believers from the Moslem fundamentalists, and the secularists from mosque attenders.

One of the consequences of his action was to strengthen the incipient revolt in the South, which has now developed to the dangerous point for the country where General Nimeri himself admitted, in an in-terview on Jan. 21, that the security situation is "very bad," and that his army has been pushed into what he termed "a defensive posture."

What this means, in fact, is that his army is now engaged in a war that cannot be won militarily; and since the challenging Sudan Peo-ple's Liberation Army insists that it will not negotiate with Khartoum so his moral strength and integrity have become a beacon in a country where the harshness of the laws

non-Moslems. They speak of the hanging as a national crime which

There is also a sense of deep outrage over the cruelty of forcing four of Mr. Taha's disciples, who had been sentenced to death with him, to recant their beliefs by forcing them to witness the public execution of their leader and giving them three days in which to repent. Influential Sudanese say it is un-

has tarnished Sudan's reputation.

thinkable that President Reagan should agree to receive General Nimeiri when he visits the United States on March 1. They argue that for Mr. Reagan to shake General Nimeiri's hand would amount to acceptance of the medieval prac-tices of the Sudanese leader. "How is it possible," they ask.

for President Reagan to denounce the barbarities of Ayatoliah Kho-meini while, at the same time, show-It would be difficult to exaggerate the strength of feeling among Suda-nese of all political and religious

persuasions over continued American support for General Nimeiri. The Republican Brothers do not command extensive support in Sudan. They can count, at most, on a few thousand supporters. But if Mr. Taha's philosophy and religious views have failed to win much sup-

port in the 40 years of its existence,

against dissent has put any political activism at a premium.

In such a political environment. Mr. Taha came to assume the status of a Gandhi. Like the Indian martyr, he had consistently advocated that "the price of freedom is the continuous, sleepless sustenance of, and alertness for it. by each and



every individual." For his beliefs he was imprisoned by the British and the 40 years of his struggle, he maintained a philosophic calm and good humor. Even when he was seatenced to death he received the verdict with a gentle smile, having stubbornly refused to defend himself in the court on the grounds that it was unconstitutional and that the judges were "unqualified and tech-

The main charge against Mr. Taha and his colleagues was that

they had distributed leaflets and or-ganized peaceful chanting (zikir) circles in the capital. The offending leaflet contained three specific demands: abolition of the 1983 "socalled Islamic laws because they conflict with religion and the country's constitution, and are harmful to national integration and to the right of individuals: a political solution to the question of southern Su-dan; and advocacy of the Islamic teachings of Sunnah codes, which are more humanitarian than the 7th century (sharia) codes, considered

unsuitable to the 20th century. The leaster called for the halting of bloodshed in the south and for the implementation of a peaceful. political solution instead of a military solution. "This." it said. "was the national duty of both the goverament and the armed Southerners." It called for recognition of the fact that the south faces a problem.

Explaining the stand of the Re-publican Brothers, the offending leaflet said that under sharia laws. non-Moslem believers do not have equal rights. "It is not enough for a citizen today merely to enjoy freedom of worship. He is entitled to enjoy the full rights of a citizen in total equity with all other citizens.

In General Nimeiri's Sudan such views are treated as heresy and its advocates are punished by hanging; in democratic societies such views are considered normal and held up as an example. Indeed "action by

by the martyred Mr. Taha. General Nimieri has ordered that all of Mr. Taha's writings and all the literature of the Republican Brothers should be considered illegal. The police have been ordered to collect them up and burn them.

International Herald Tribune

Philippines Puts Blame On IMF

By Mark R. Thompson and Gregory W. Slayton

MANILA — Like in other Third World countries where IMF programs have brought painful ansprograms have blonght paintin am-terity measures, many people in the Philippines are blaming the Interna-tional Monetary Fund for their present economic difficulties. Devaluation, tight credit and the erosion of buying power are all seen as the result of strict IMF decisions.

Yet tough fund conditions for a standyby credit are hardly a cause of the current crisis; they are merely a consequence of an economic situation - the country's worst since the end of World War IL

But if the IMF's bitter economic medicine is not to be blamed, its lack of preventive care under almost continuous credit programs with the Philippines since 1962 can certainly be faulted. Had more stringent policies been applied earlier, the draconian measures necessary now might well have been avoided.

A review of past IMF programs with the Philippines reveals:

• Fund programs in the 1960s did not impose tight demand manage. ment or strict limits on foreign borrowing, allowing the first Marcos ad-ministration to pursue expansion of monetary and fiscal policies and increase foreign debt by 26 percent a year. The result: an economic crisis in 1970 that leads one to view current difficulties with considerable dejà va.

• The 1MF did not take firm action when the government failed to control a rapid expansion in liquidity

associated with the commodity price boom of 1973. The fund programmed an even heftier increase in credit into the next year's standby arrangement. • The fund failed to enforce the conditions of a three-year credit (1976-78) designed to bring needed structural change to the Philippine economy. When tariff reform—necessary to shift resources from a heavily protected, inefficient import sub-

stitution sector towards exports — was blocked by special interests, the IMF did not demand of the government that credit terms be observed.

• In 1980, when the Philipping obviously needed to adjust to a rapidly deteriorating external situation — the second oil shock and world recession - the IMF granted the country a two-year credit under terms that in hindsight seem disastrously lenient. No devaluation was programmed even though the peso had appreciated the year before and its value would continue to rise in real terms throughout the period covered by the agreement. Two performance criteria, one with the fund's permission, were ex-ceeded by mid-1980 and another on credit was widely missed in 1981. A fourth criteria limiting foreign borrowing proved to be the Waterloo of an already weak program as the gov-ernment simply shifted to short-term

debt which the fund did not monitor. bring much adjustment in the Philip-pine economy before crisis had already occurred is due in large part to the government's apparent lack of interest in conventional economic, stabilization measures. Gregorio Licaros, the central bank governor in the 1970s, was said to have regarded fund credits as "no strings attached

balance of payments loans." But the government was not only interested in IMF money, it also wanted the fund's so-called "good housekeeping seal of approval." As a World Bank document says: The government regards the IMF's role as essential not only for the large volume of resources provided, but also for the reassurance on economic management provided to private sources of finance." IMF credits improved the country's image which was important "because in banking, like anything else, there are fads ... The credit of a particular country becomes bot in the market."

The Philippines, as high levels foreign loans show, became a fad in foreign (inancial circles. This allowed the country to achieve relatively high levels of growth throughout the 1970s If the government was more con-

To some extent the fund was simply fooled. The recently discovered \$1.2 billion overstatement of international reserves masked the extent of

the deterioration in the external account until 1984. Short-term loans were not fully monitored until then.
The IMF, then, is partly to blame for the Philippine crisis in that its light conditionality allowed the Phil-

ippines to use its "seal of approval" to secure large loans which enabled the country to postpone adjustment More stringent policies might well have prevented the present debacle.

The writers are both recent graduate students at the University of the Philippines. They contributed this comment to the International Herald Tribune.

tic? A 90-percent-effective defense shield may look great on a computer printout, but people are not 10-per-cent dead after being hit by 10 percent of the bombs that get through. A partial space shield does not end the nuclear threat, it only accelerates the need to build more bombs so that 10 percent will be enough.

TIMOTHY DeVINNEY.

Make OPEC Pay Our Debt

The world is awash in oil. With or without

OPEC's permission, prices are tumbling.
Twice in a decade the oil exporters have exploited political crises in the Mideast with shocking increases in oil prices, triggering recessions that cost the world a trillion dollars in lost production. Now economic reality has intervened. At the official cartel price of \$29 a barrel, supply far exceeds demand. Saudi Ara-bia, which single-handedly kept prices up by

limiting exports, seems to have lost control. But as nice as it is to see monopolists in trouble, crowing about OPEC's problems dis-tracts attention from the golden opportunity offered by falling oil prices. Congress could insure that the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries remains on the run, and also

raise revenues by taxing imported oil.

Two years ago, gasoline prices hovered at about \$1.25 a gallon. Now gas is available for less than a dollar. If bearish industry analysts are correct and the world supply of oil increases, prices to consumers, adjusted for in-flation, will soon fall to the mid-1960s level!

Why not sit back and enjoy it? First because the oil glut won't last unless steps are taken to prolong it. Oil will be plentiful for several years, but the long-term outlook re- a blow for energy independence.

transportation fuel. Moreover, most remaining reserves of oil that can be exploited at low cost are in politically unstable countries. Thus if demand keeps inching up toward the limits of potential production, a repeat of the 1974 or

1979 oil shocks becomes ever more likely. There is another reason not to sit on our glut. A program to contain the demand for oil could yield a timely bonus: tax revenue. America badly needs to reduce its budget deficit, \$200 billion and growing. A duty of, say, \$10 a barrel on imports would yield about \$20 billion directly and generate \$25 billion more in higher income and windfall taxes on domestic oil. Best of all, much of the revenue would come from OPEC's pockets; conservation would cut the price for oil and diminish the incentive for Saudi Arabia to limit output.

Conventional wisdom says Americans will not stand for a tax at the pump. But compare the pain of such a tax with the pain of draconian spending cuts - or of higher income taxes. A \$10-a-barrel import tax would raise a lot of revenue, put OPEC to rout and still leave gasoline prices lower than they were in 1982. Never has there been a better moment to strike

Other Opinion

The Challenge on Trade

There is no quick and easy remedy to the staggering trade deficit accumulated by the United States last year, because it is both an integral part of the nation's resurgent prosperity and part of more complex economic problems that have resisted efforts at correction.

History is repeating itself in a curious way. The nation has not known such a prolonged period of trade deficits, nine consecutive years, for 110 years — not since the era when heavy importation was essential to bringing the industrial revolution to America. Now, paradoxically, the United States is again in some ways like a distant colony — agricultural commodities a major export, manufactured goods a major import. In fact, foreign manufactured goods shipped to the United States increased so rapidly in 1984 that they constituted 22 percent of the American market.

Implicit in a \$123.3-billion deficit are serious economic losses. Some people have calculated that it represents the loss of 2.5 million jobs. For that reason alone there will be a temptation to impose more protection, a tariff

wall to contain the flood of imports. But pro-

tection will do more harm than good. In the search for a remedy the nation must keep in mind the advantages as well as the disadvantages of trade deficits. The most important advantage is the effect of the imports on inflation - an important factor in the achievement of three consecutive years with an annual rate of inflation below 4 percent.

But there is no question that American companies that are moving into world trade face serious handicaps for their exports. The high value of the dollar is the most critical one. Despite these handicaps, there was substan-

tial growth last year in American exports - up 8.7 percent to a total of \$217.9 billion, the third ighest yet, and near the \$237-billion record which was achieved during 1981. The restoration of growth in exports, an

area too long neglected by many American , signals important employment opportunities. That export growth also justifie the Reagan policy of trying to avoid protectionist measures while assuring fair access of American exports to foreign markets

- The Los Angeles Times.

FROM OUR FEB. 6 PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1910: Universal Suffrage in Prussia? PARIS - The Prussian Government introduced a bill [on Feb. 5] for the reform of the electoral system. Recently there have been armed conflicts between the police and the Socialists. The result has been a fresh instance of the saying, "The mountain was in labor, and has brought forth a ridiculous mouse." The electoral system of Prussia is the most antiquated in Europe. Electors are divided into three categories, according to the taxes they pay. Any multi-millionaire may form a category by himself. Each category elects a delegate for every 250 electors. These delegates elect the member of the Diet. The reform movement [wants] direct universal suffrage. But the pre-

sent system has to now assured the Conserva-

tive majority and excluded the Socialist ele-

ment, the Government continues to turn a deaf

ear to all proposals to change the system.

1935: Policy Drift Hurts Democracy PARIS - One of the most trusted of the representatives of British rule in India speaking at a lunch recently about the difficulties attendant upon the development of democracy, emphasized the perplexity and uncertainty caused by fluctuations in policy. The dangers thus created in the life of a nation are familiar to us all, especially those who have followed world history during the last twenty years. They have seen nations plunge from expenditure to economy, from militarism to pacifism, from alliances to isolation, from friendship to hostility, as public opinion was swayed this way or that and through the mechanism of democratic government not in control of the policy of the State. The paralysis of initiative, the waste of energy, the perplexity of decision these changes bring about are so widespread

that every nation tries to avoid them.

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'Star Wars' Debate Reaches More Serious Orbit

By Philip Geyelin

WASHINGTON - The fate of WASHINGTON — The fate of President Reagan's Strategic Defense Initiative (also known as "Star Wars") is probably going to turn on impredictable technology — or diplomacy — in the end. In the meantime, owing in large part to two haloses a certain senity has at least changes, a certain sanity has at least been restored to the debate.

The opening volley came from for-mer Defense Secretary Robert Mc-Namara, Soviet expert George Kennan, one-time national security advisor McGeorge Bundy and exarms controller Gerard Smith (known as the Gang of Four). They said the Strategic Defense Initiative as originally presented was a "dream" and ought to be abandoned. This has now drawn heavy coun-

terfire from Jimmy Carter's national security advisor, Zbigniew Brzezinski, Dartmouth physicist Robert Jastrow, and Max Kampelman, whose recent appointment as the top U.S. coming U.S.-Soviet negotiations gives their joint effort a Reagan administration imprimatur. Mr. Reagan's defenders insist that "the idea of basing our security on the ability to defend ourselves deserves serious

consideration." So it does. In fact, that is what has been the matter all along. This is not to say that the Four were any less serious than the Three. Together, these and other recent contributions from both sides have gone a long way toward getting the round-and-round debate over "Star Wars" back into a steady, serious orbit. One way to keep it there is to keep in mind how and why the

whole idea spun so far out of orbit.
The problem started on the launching pad. How many remember exactly what it was the president said that gave rise to the mischievous nick-name, "Star Wars"? I'll confess I didn't. Having gone back and looked it up, I'll also concede that it is not all that far out - when you reread it today in the context of what his managers now tell us that he really meant. The trouble was that Mr. Reagan himself clearly did not know nearly enough about what he really meant at the time. His purpose for going on nationwide television was political —



an admitted appeal for public support, over the heads of congressional doubters, for his defense program. He was asking for more — and more devastating — weaponry. And so, in a brief, almost personal, passage at the end of some pretty hairy stuff about the Soviet threat, he offered the vision of a nuclear-free world as sugar-coating for the bitter pill of a world on a nuclear hair-trigger,

There was light at the end of the tunnel, he was saying. But, in fairness, he was careful to say that the tunnel's end he had in mind lay somewhere around the turn of the century. He acknowledged that the development of a nuclear defense system would be a "formidable technical task [that] will take years, maybe de-cades . . . There will be failures and setbacks." He was careful, at least once, to talk about defenses only against "strategic ballistic missiles," leaving horrendous holes in the anti-

nuclear shield he was offering.
But he also spoke about "eliminating a threat posed by strategic nuclear missiles," presumably thereby in-cluding air-breathing cruise missiles. He was "sharing a vision" of "rendering these nuclear weapons impotent and obsolete" - of "changing the course of human history." Small wonder that attention cen-

tered on the sci-fi, pie-in-the-sky at the expense of the fine print that is only now being carefully spelled out in official White House briefing papers as well as in the Brzezinski-Jasrow-Kampelman article. This is all the more so when you think back on Mr. Reagan's embellishment of his vision" in the second, foreign policy, debate in the October campaign. Then, he claimed we could develop our own nuclear-defense technology to such an advanced state that we would be in a position to share it with the Soviet Union and end, once and for all, to the threat of nuclear war.

We do not bear much about that anymore. Rather, what we are now getting is a carefully crafted "new strategic concept." Prepared for Secretary of State George Shultz to pre-sent to Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko at Geneva, it was called pointedly to public notice the other day in a press briefing by Mr.

Shultz's principal arms-control advisor, Paul Nitze The new, official line projects a 10-

year effort to "seek a radical reduction in the number and power of existing and planned offensive and defensive nuclear arms, whether land-based, space-based or otherwise." Then would come "a period of transition, beginning possibly ten years from now, to effective, nonnuclear defensive forces, including defenses against offensive nuclear weapons. This period of transition should lead to the eventual elimination of nuclear arms both offensive and defensive. A nuclear-free world is an ultimate objective to which we, the Soviet Union and all other na-

Reasonable people can argue with the practicality of even that proposition. But if that's the way it had been put forward on March 23, 1983 with a judicious background briefing - we would almost certainly have been spared months of argument over something as senseless as the image conjured up by "Star Wars," Washington Post Writers Group.

paid to several new facets which have

surfaced under this broad umbrella.

Research activities into the problems

generated by the advent of new tech-

ology, including the changes in the

pattern of skill requirements rising

employment opportunities of young

people and the urban poor, and iden-

tification of policies regarding the

employment of women, are all facets

of the modest but comprehensive

program that the ILO will be tack-

New Cures for Old Ills of Poverty, Unemployment

GENEVA — We are just over a decade away from the end of the 20th century — a century marked by traumatic changes and dramatic

rogress in human history. The past 20 years alone have seen the crumbling of many barriers to a better and more rewarding life for all the people on our planet. We are today in a position to start enjoying the fruits of scientific breakthroughs and modern technology and to crase poverty and suffering from all corners of the world. How is it then that we find ourselves bogged down in the quicksands of conflicts and confrontation, with attention of world leaders focused more on political and ideological disputes than on relieving the plight of hundreds of millions of unemployed and underemployed

The answers are not difficult to find. For over a decade, as directorgeneral of the International Labor Organization, I have observed the lopsided economic priorities of the world community and called on statesmen and policy planners not to forget the human dimension in their efforts to reduce inflation and revive economic activity. The apparent toll in human suffering and joblessness from the current world recession is vividly illustrated in the ILO's World Labor Report, just published. This comprehensive survey, based on three years of research, provides a sobering portrait of the problems and prospects of the nearly 2,000 millionstrong world labor force who constitute the main motor for all productive activities in our societies today.

By Francis Blanchard

The writer is director-general of the International Labor Organization. He contributed this view to the International Herald Tribune.

It is a depressing picture of deterioration in the world labor situation.

There is a declining trade union have produced results in the pre-mimembership, unequal wages and work opportunities for women, a heavy accident toll particularly of ing towards the scrap heap because of the immense problem of retraining

from the process of industrial restruc-turing, constraints on the access to crochip era are no longer effective in tackling our present-day problems. The emergence of machines which Third World workers, an increasing can take over the work of tens or even mass of young men and women head-hundreds of employees have led to

The seeds of social unrest cannot be destroyed merely by policies for economic improvement.

prevalence of forced labor.

I have initiated action to convene under ILO auspices, a conference of ministers of labor, finance and planning, as well as with senior officials of international organizations concerned with financial, monetary and trade policies, to discuss and find solutions to these problems of unemployment and poverty. International conferences have often tended to be mere forums for public debates, but the agenda for the meeting I propose will focus on ways of linking social development to financial and economic policies. Social aspects of development cannot be divorced from financial and monetary policies. The last pace of technological pro-

gress in recent years has revolution-

ized the norms and modes of our

lack of appropriate training and the the redundant work force to make them play a productive role in society. Tens of millions of young schoolleavers find themselves ill-equipped without appropriate vocational training, to secure entry into the world of work. Unless they are helped to acquire the necessary skills, nations will find themselves facing a dangerously explosive situation with a revolt of frustrated youth on their hands.

Nations, policy planners and inter-national organizations concerned reorient their policies and approachreflect this trend.

Employment and development regrams, but special attention is being global economic structure.

ling. The list is incomplete but represents an effort to identify the problems of the technological society. The seeds of social unrest, so apparent in the current economic crisis, cannot be removed by simply concentrating on muzzling inflation and restoring fiscal equilibrium. The human cost of such deflationary policies is already evident in the staggering rise in unemployment in many of the industrialized countries. Much of what is being done in the industrialized countries to curb inflation and restore economic coherence affect the less developed countries as well, It is clear that economic revival at a global level cannot be realized without a reflation of the economies of the rich-

with these social problems need to er countries of the North. The world today is too interdependent for pares to tackle the issues that confront us ticularly the richer nations to pursue narrow nationalistic policies which today. The ILO programs and projects for the next biennium (1986-87) while producing possible short-term benefits, seem certain to widen the rift between the rich and poor and main the main focus of these pro- contribute to destabilization of the

Begin to (Mir-ling) Rape of Nanking menti in the co

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The area of the second hate a come against the Fattor (1997) "Is lead on rate that They a China E 🛒 cairy : 12,..... Nank denie resident. COCCE TO THE baul:

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without much structural adjustment. cerned with the fund's "seal of approval" than with real adjustment, why did the IMF conclude an almost unbroken series of credit with the Philippines for over two decades?

LETTER

Only 10-Percent Dead

Regarding the analysis "Search for Security: The Case for the Strategic Defense Initiative" (Jan. 28) by Zbigniew Brzezinski, Robert Jastrow and Max M. Kampelman:

What about the authors' arithm

On a N.Y. Block, Homeless 'Neighbors' Vex Residents

By William E. Geist New York Times Service

T EW YORK - A vexing national urban problem has come to roost on West 11th Street, and it is Harold. Harold might be more easily described as homeless if he were not so insistent about having one. "My home is New York City."

said the unkempt man with long, scraggly black hair who looks to be about 25 years old.
"I live here like everybody else."
Not quite. He lives on a nicer street than most, a picturesque block lined with trees, heavest a production of the lives of the l heavy ornamental iron fences and milliondollar brownstones and town houses - albeit on the sidewalk

He is wintering on a choice location, a sidewalk grating with an updraft of balmy, tropical exhaust — "feels like it's from the laundry room," he said — from Saint Vincent's Hospital and Medical Center, Harold often leaves shoes and other belongings there to hold his claim on the spot, and he tries to return in early evening, before someone else

Salah Badah

<u>توسی</u>ر روز

100

What is almost too good to be true is that there is a house on his little patch of property. a big metal box, about four feet square and five feet tall (1.2 meters square and 1.5 meters tall), designed by a neighbor across the street to cover the grate and keep people like Har-

old from living there.

It is in the shape of an old cash register, with a curved front that makes for terribly uncomfortable lounging. But Harold found a way to sleep on the top part of the box and

then a way to get inside.

The presence of Harold and others like him on the block has prompted some spirited discussions among block residents, some of whom find their concern for the home heightened and others who now think that "the homeless should be locked up," in one

man's words. "h's different," said a passerby, who stopped recently in front of Harold's box, "when they live in front of your bouse than

There was the wild man who woke the neighborhood nearly every night with loud

obscenities. "It was like Walter Cronkite gone berserk," a resident said.

when you see them on the TV news." A woman companion asked, "Why doesn't be get out of here and go to a shelter where he

Gaines, can be sharply critical of neighbors who react this way, but Mr. Gaines said it also was a mistake to romanticize the homeless. He said the issue of the homeless living on the block was far from cosmetic. "They foul the streets in every conceivable manner,

There is, for instance, the matter of the wild man who lived on the sidewalk for about two years who had the habit of waking the neighborhood nearly every night yelling loud, graphic obscenities. "The man's voice was unbelievably deep and strong," said Harriet

Heyman, another resident.
"It was like Walter Cronkite gone berserk," she said, referring to the television iournalist.

Many neighbors railed at hospital officials to do something about the screaming man at their property, but no matter how many times the man was chased away or escorted to shelters and emergency rooms by the police, he always returned. Mr. Gaines and others asked the hospital to put some barbed wire on

the grate, which the hospital did months later.
Then," said Dan Sorrenti, a spokesman for the hospital, "we received calls from aeighbors saying how inhumane it was to put up the barbed wire, It's a real Catch-22 situa-tion."

OT to mention that men still put pieces of cardboard over the barbed wire and sleep there. Gerard Barry, a police officer who answers many of the neigh-bors' calls, said it was difficult for the police to do much if the homeless men refused to be taken to a shelter.

"It's a terribly uncomfortable position to be in," said Carl Stein, who owns a town house across from Harold's box, "to be sitting in your living room warm and comfortable and know a man is on your doorstep

Mr. Stein said his 7-year-old daughter frequently had nightmares about the screamer. For my wife and I." he said, "it's a real dilemma. If having the homeless on the sidewalks is simply unsightly and an inconvenience, that's one thing. But when does an inconvenience become so great that it inter-feres with the way we live?"

Mr. Stein is an architect, and part of his work is redesigning living spaces as shelters for the homeless. "I have learned a lot," he said. "mainly that the homeless are not all deinstitutionalized mental patients by any means. A lot of them are people who can't afford housing, who cannot find a job."

"It becomes the law of survival," Mr. Gaines said. "When you can't sleep or work, it becomes you or them. The problems of living in New York mount up. You start to think about leaving. I love this city. I want to

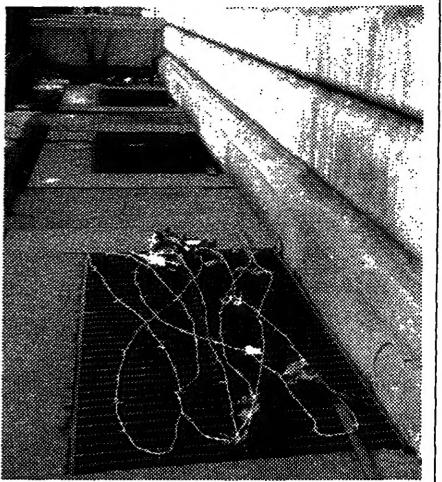
"Part of you aches for the people on the sidewalks," said Cynthia Story, another neighbor. She said she had offered some of the men clothing, but that they had refused

"People are hardening to seeing the home-less out there," she said. "We stop looking at them. That's what is frightening."

"I'm happy the screamer is gone," Miss Heyman said, "but it concerns me that no one can do anything for him. It seems we just don't care enough. That's the bottom line."

"It is," Mr. Gaines said, "the character and nature of people in this city not to care, to walk on by and not look, to not start up with somebody. The terrible thing is that after we asked for the barbed wire and got it and the screamer left, I felt sorry for him. I felt like we had evicted him from his home. I wonder where he is and if he is all right."

Out on the sidewalk, Harold was rising on a sunny, springlike day. The sidewalk next to his box was littered with cigar butts. Harold explained that he had entertained some guests the previous evening and had not had a chance to clean up.



Barbed wire covers an exhaust grate at New York's St. Vincent's Hospital.

Half a Century Later, Japanese **Begin to Question** 'Rape of Nanking'

By John Burgess Washington Post Service

OKYO — The "rape of Nanking," one of the harshest symbols of Japanese brutal-ity during World War II, has come under increasing attack from historians and veterans groups here as a myth fabricated by the victori-

Articles and books published in recent months concede that some atrocities took place in the city in northeastern China, which is now known as Nanjing. But they say the death toll was nowhere near the 200,000 figure cited during war crimes trials after Japan's surrender in

"It was absolutely necessary for the trials to have a crime against humanity," said Masaaki Tanaka, suther of a new book entitled The Fiction of the Nanking Massacre.

"In Japan there was no Auschwitz," Mr. Tanaka said. "Therefore they needed Nanking." The debate threatens to reopen a dispute with China. In 1982, China reacted angrily when the Japanese Ministry of Education proposed softening school textbook s-counts of Japanese brutality in Nanking and elsewhere in China.

Japanese officials had proposed the deletion from the textbooks of precise death tolls at Nanking and to write instead that "many" deaths occurred, on the ground that accurate figures were unknown. They later agreed to restore the numbers, but they have deleted references to rape on the ground that soldiers in battle have abused women throughout history.

A relatively small group of people and organizations are publicly arguing the new Japanese case. Still, their actions and the publicity they have received offer new evidence that the Japanese are gradually dropping taboos against questioning the victors' account of their conduct

HE Japanese Imperial Army scized Manchuria, in northeastern China, in 1932. By 1937, Japan had launched attacks all over China and had quickly overrun

large sections of the country.

That December, Japanese troops advanced on Nanking, the capital of the Nationalist Chinese government of Chiang Kai-shek. With hunkadreds of thousands of residents huddled in a "safety zone" administered by neutral foreigners, Japanese artillery and bombers pounded the

Mainstream historians say that much of the bombing and shelling was indiscriminate, and that many civilians were slaughtered in the city and on escape routes toward the Yangtze River, now known as the Chang Jiang. Mr. Tanaka and other historians who dispute the assertions counter that most civilian deaths were unintentional, and were in the heat of battle.

But much of the debate concerns what happened after the city was captured. According to testimony at the Tokyo war crimes tribunal, which in 1948 sentenced seven Japanese leaders to death and 18 to prison terms, the conquerors embarked on an orgy of murder, rape and pillage that lasted six weeks.

According to the testimony, they executed tens of thousands of prisoners of war and men suspected of being soldiers out of uniform, burned whole sections of the city and killed their inhabitants, and raped thousands of wom-

For China, the "rape of Nanking" is unques-tionable. Official Chinese accounts put the death toll at 300,000. A spokesman at the Chinese Embassy, noting that his government is watching the debate, said: The Japanese invasion army's killing of large numbers of civilians and soldiers who had thrown away their weap-

ons is a historical fact." The new theory on Nanking was first broached in the early 1970s. Last year, a torrent of articles and debate suddenly surfaced. Advocates of the theory include some academics and Japanese Imperial Army veterans' groups, with the Bungei-Shunju magazine, a popular monthly, giving them much space. One veterans, journal has published an article on the new theory every month since March.



Troops of the Japanese Imperial Army's 114th Division celebrate their victory over the Chinese Nationalist Army atop Nanking's city wall in December 1937.

countered with a campaign to prove that Japan's acts were as horrible as had been harged. This camp has been led by the power-

ful Asahi Shin bun newspaper group. In December, nine Japanese scholars spent a week in Nanjing interviewing survivors and ex-amining historical documents and sites. The group, whose members tend to reject the new position, plan to conclude a study of the inci-

"For many years, the people of Nanking have been trying to ascertain what happened," said Akira Fujiwara, an historian at Tokyo's Hitotubashi University who headed the delegation.

They want to preserve the evidence." According to the new theory, the Japanese troops were generally well disciplined after the fall of Nanking. As evidence, they point to official documents issued by a committee of 15 foreigners that administered the safety zone. Mr. Tanaka, the historian, said the committee

complained in 69 letters to the Japanese authorities of only 49 civilian deaths caused by Japanese soldiers. Mr. Tanaka said that many of ese complaints were unconfirmed.

A later survey of the city and environs by se students, he said, turned up only about 2,150 civilian deaths caused by Japanese.

Foreign journalists who were present in Nanking, he said, used hearsay in reporting mass executions after the occupation. In any case, he aintained, numbers quoted were nowhere near the 200,000 figure that gained legitimacy at the Tokyo trial and at a separate trial in Nanking. The new theory on Nanking also refers to reports that poorly disciplined Chinese soldiers on the run killed civilians, sometimes to obtain

TTEMPTS by attorneys for the Japanese defendants to introduce such evidence at the trials was unfairly quashed by the udges, according to Mr. Tanaka.

The purpose of the trials was to demoralize and create a sense of criminality" in Japan, he

zine owned by the Asahi Shimbun newspaper war.

THER historians, meanwhile, have group, recently published a 25-part series written by a reporter who spent months conducting

Entitled "The Road to Nanking," it con-cludes that the tribunal's account of Japanese atrocities was essentially correct.

Similar views are voiced by Tomio Hora author of a book on Nanking and professor of history at Tokyo's Waseda University. He cited records of two Chinese organizations that operated burial squads.

"The records of these two groups show 150,000 corpses were disposed of," he said. "In addition, the Japanese Army killed many prisoners of war and threw their bodies into the river and fired on people trying to escape along

Mr. Hora conceded that the burial records may be unreliable. But he estimated that about 200,000 people died in the city. That includes all deaths, of both soldiers and civilians, in combat and by execution.

His own research suggests that "the Japanese Army had no respect for the safety zone at all," he said. Reports and complaints to the Japane without a doubt understate the extent of the real crimes, he said, because "people preferred to be silent, afraid of revenge.

The debate also has led to publication of diaries of Japanese soldiers who served at Nanking. One, put on display last summer at a Kyoto peace exhibit, told of a Dec. 14 massacre of 500 Chinese men picked from among refugees in the belief that they were soldiers who had abandoned their uniforms.

"The Chinese were too many for a platoon to kill" with rifles, the soldier wrote, "so we bor-rowed two heavy machine guns and six light machine guns" from a Japanese Army company. The Chinese were gunned down in front of the city wall, he said.

Mr. Hora said that execution of prisoners was nmon in China. Members of one Japan regiment have reported that it killed 13,000 prisoners, he noted. Mr. Tanaka acknowledged some deaths of the sort, but said that guerrillas In rebuttal, the Asahi Journal, a weekly maga- could legally be shot under international rules of

Daily Dilemma of Keeping Them Alive "That lady's dead now," Dr. Lustbader said By Dena Kleiman respirator, maybe he'll choke to death. I can't let him go through that." The woman spoke about the guilt she felt of the alcoholic. "I asked her husband what he wanted." a New York Times Service younger resident interjected. "I said, 'If your EW YORK - It was an ordinary day wife dies again, do you want me to resuscitate for Dr. David Finley, the chief of inten-

Patients Without Hope: Doctors Face

sive care at a Manhattan hospital. There

were seven terminally ill patients in his ward and he had to decide how long to keep them Dr. Finley oversees seven doctors in an 18bed world of tubes, capsules, wires, pumps and

pins that allow modern medicine to keep the heart beating, lungs breathing, kidneys pump-ing and immunological system fighting — long after the body has given out.

It is the most expensive unit at St. Luke's-Roosevelt Hospital, a place that sparkles with large monitors whose screens blink green squig-gles and lines all day long. Buzzers, bells and gongs punctuate the otherwise soothing sound of running oxygen. It is the place where day after day, hour after hour, the most difficult new

Of the 143 patients who died at St. Luke's-Roosevelt during one typical month - June. 1984 — nearly 40 percent received this highly specialized care.

The intensive-care unit is a trying place to work, a place where doctors speak in euphemisms. They talk of "levels of commitment," a phrase that measures whether a patient is worth the effort of keeping alive. They speak of "ag-gressive" care, reserved for those patients with hope, and care that is "supportive," for those

At a time when technology has made heroic life-sustaining procedures routine, doctors and nurses in the unit increasingly are finding themselves professionally and emotionally ill-prepared to undertake what amounts to a new addendum to the Hippocratic oath to "do no

They are being asked not merely to preserve life at all costs, but to sometimes decide when the cost of preserving life is too high —and thus, when to shut off respirators, to withhold dialysis, to deny resuscitation. In short, they are asked to decide when life should end

"More than ever." Dr. Finley said, "the house staff is lost. You don't have to do everything for everybody. The question is, Where do you stop?" At what point do you say, "What are we doing? Do we care what we are doing?"

THE seven patients whom Dr. Finley discassed with the hospital's attorney on that ordinary morning last October were an alcoholic, a retired lawyer, a prominent interior designer, a retired butcher, a former interpreter for the U.S. Embassy in Egypt, the mother of an internationally known cardiologist, and a derelict whose home was the doorway of the Chock Full O'Nuts restaurant at 57th Street and

The alcoholic, who was suffering from liver disease, was in a coma, the result of her brain being deprived of oxygen the week before, when she had suddenly stopped breathing. The woman, 54, was on a respirator and her kidneys had stopped functioning. She had been resuscitated once and had been given repeated transfusions because of uncontrollable bleeding. The retired butcher, 83, also was recently resuscitated and was on a respirator. The family was demanding that he be allowed to die but his private physician wanted to do everything possible to keep him alive. Dr. Finley, as supervisor of the unit, was caught in the middle.

The retired lawyer, 77, was permanently attached to a respirator, she was dying of lung

The former interpreter, 71, also suffering from lung disease, had been off and on a respi rator for the last two months. He had refused to illow doctors to surgically attach the respirator tube to his windpipe, which meant he spent much of his day inside an iron lung — a machine that forces the lungs to expand and contract by reating a vacuum. His wife insisted that the doctors "do everything."

The last three patients all were in comas: the designer, 54, who had AIDS, or acquired immune deficiency syndrome; the cardiologist's mother, 84, a stroke victim in renal failure and dying of cancer, and the derelict, 65, who had auffered a stroke. The advice of Edward S. Korureich, the law-

yer, was straightforward: When in doubt, consult the patient. When that is not possible, ask the family. In the end, always use good judg-

It was 1:30 P.M., and Dr. Finley had called a meeting to discuss Mr. Kornreich's advice with

"I feel like this is a football huddle," said Dr. Ian Lustbader, the resident in charge, as the trying to soothe her. "And he's your father." doctors took their seats in front of a large X-ray

"What did he say?" asked Dr. Finley. "He did," said the resident. "Well, spend more time telling him what life would be like," Dr. Finley said.

HE resident agreed to speak with the family again. "OK," Dr. Finley said, and he brought up the butcher. "This case is distinctly different. He is awake and alert and he has to refuse resuscitation. The family has no

"That's because he's with it," Dr. Lustbader

"Right," Dr. Finley said. Dr. Finley said the retired lawyer also had to decide whether she wanted resuscitation. "But I

don't think she wants it," he added. "That's not clear to me," Dr. Lustbade "She could pull that little sucker right off." He was referring to the woman's ability to disconnect her respirator if she no longer wanted to

The bottom line is she has to decide," Dr. Finley said. "Her wishes have to be respected. You have to cooperate within the limits of your

"Or we can simply say we did what we could," Dr. Lustbader said. Who would know?" said Dr. Finley.

"Right," said a resident.
"OK — Purpura," Dr. Finley continued, referring to the interpreter, Foscolo Purpura. "We have to be up front with him and his wife." The

question, he said, was not whether to resuscitate but whether to place him back on a respirator. Then they reviewed the cases again "So what do you think?" Dr. Finley asked "I think we should all write living wills," Dr.

Lustbader said sarcastically. "Today But now it was time to deal with these decisions — to talk again to the alcoholic's family, to broach the subject of death with the retired

Dr. Finley said he would do it, confident that

he knew the lawyer's answer. The woman, who at one time was with the City Corporation Counsel's office, had been in the intensive-care unit since July. There was nothing medically left to be done for her, so she was on a waiting list for placement in a chronic-

She had been waiting for two months, her life measured by the rounds of nurses taking her temperature, watching her heart monitor, examining the relative gas ratios of her blood.

Her view was a room with three other beds. each connected to a heart monitor and numerous tubes and pumps. Dr. Finley was standing at the bedside of this rail-thin woman. She acknowledged him with her large, dark eyes.
"We have to talk about a problem," he said.

HE nodded, her eyes not leaving his. "Remember we had to talk about how impor-Lant it was to decide to have the trach?" he continued, referring to the surgery that she had undergone to install the respirator tube in her

"Well, we have to make another decision about your care." Again, she looked at him

"Now, I don't want this to upset you," Dr. Finley said. "Nothing has changed in your situation. But we have to ask you this now so we will be better able to handle your care." She smiled "We are not optimistic we can take you off the ventilator," Dr. Finley said, referring to the respirator. "We've known that for a while, and we're looking to send you to a nursing home But we need to know, if something unexpected should happen, if you should have an irregular heartbeat, do you want us to resuscitate you?" The frail woman paused for a moment. And

then she nodded. You understand what I am asking? She nodded again.

To the surprise of Dr. Finley and the two others standing at her bedside, she nodded yet

T was now 2:40 P.M., and as he left that patient Dr. Finley walked right into the daughter of the butcher.

The fact is," she announced suddenly, "we never got along. He was an opinionated, dogmatic, stubborn man." Then she began to cry. "But you still love him," Dr. Finley said,

about having brought her father to the hospital; how divided the family was; how he had not left a will, how someone had accused her of wanting her father dead.
"How do you feel now?" Dr. Finley asked.

"How closely do you want him followed?"
"Not at all," she said. "But I don't want him to be in any discomfort. What can we do, doctor? I'd like to see him go quietly. Shall we withhold antibiotics? What are the options?" "But what if he could go home?" Dr. Finley

"He can't go home," she said firmly. "He can't live with me. And a nursing home? He'd

"What does the rest of the family expect?" Dr. Finley asked. "A funeral," she said. An AIDS patient was next. "The thing that makes no sense to me." Dr. Finley said, "is that

disease are fed through the heart and put on respirators to keep them alive. "What are we going to do for these people in

there is no cure for AIDS," yet people with the

E entered yet another room, that of the 84-year-old mother of the well-known 84-year-old mother of the wear-and heart surgeon.

"Look at her," Dr. Finley said, standing be-

terms of their outcome or benefit?" he asked.

fore the woman, who was unconscious and connected to a respirator and no less than a dozen other hoses and machines. She could no longer breathe on her own, nor could she see the card taped to the pole from which antibiotics were being administered intravenously. "We love you, Grandma," it read.

"She'll never get out of here," Dr. Finley continued. "Never, ever, Why was she resusci tated? Why are we doing all this stuff? She's not going back to be Grandma. We mislead families about medicine when we talk about survival."

Dr. Finley, an outgoing man of gentle demeanor, who manages to defuse tension in even the most difficult of situations with a smile, now was angry. "There's a point where you wish they'd die," he said, looking away. He spoke about how

some doctors make a game of resuscitation; how the challenge for some young doctors becomes having patients die a so-called "Harvard" death, in which their blood gas numbers perfectly match those given in textbooks. "The tragic thing for me," he said, "is how they die and where they die: poor elderly people in rooms where there is no day or night, where

they see and hear everything. It terrifies them." Not long after that, the heart of the cardiologist's mother stopped. "No heroic measures were taken," Dr. Finley said, meaning she was

not resuscitated. The alcoholic died soon after, despite prolonged efforts to save her. The next day the lawyer's heart stopped. As

agreed, doctors tried to revive her but were The butcher died the following Sunday, and because his situation had never been resolved,

The interior designer improved rapidly and was sent home. But contrary to everyone's new hopes, a week later he, too, died. The derelict

unsuccessful efforts were made to revive him as

Only Mr. Purpura, the interpreter, remained. His bill thus far was \$181,712.

Mr. Purpura was one of Dr. Finley's favorite patients. He had been in the intensive-care unit since July 17. He and his wife knew there was virtually no hope that he would survive this

You have to draw an arbitrary line," said Dr. Finley, who had become personally involved in this case but recognized that the length and expense of Mr. Purpura's care had implications for others. "We've given him not one chance, not two chances, but many chances to make it on his own. Age has to be a factor. Family has to be a factor. Expense to society has to be a factor,

But where is that line drawn? "I sure don't want to make that decision." he

said. Six weeks later, Mr. Purpura died. "There are times where you cry all night," said a nurse in the unit, Mary Muller Piso. "When you see patients dying long-term, slow deaths. I used to feel families should have every-

stand? "There are so many times where we're left in "I woke up last night," she said, sobbing as the woods," she said. "W she spoke, "and said, if we take him off the to? Who should decide?" the woods," she said "Who are we responsible

thing to say. But what if families don't under-

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Keith Hertell of Drexel Burnham Lambert. He

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In testimony before Congress, Federal Re-serve Board Chairman Paul A. Volcker called Tuesday for immediate action to shrink the

deficit. He repeated his warnings that the Unit-

ed States had become too dependent on foreign

Engene Peroni of Bateman Eichler, Hill Richards in Los Angeles said underlying momen-

He said "institutions are focusing more on high-technology quality issues instead of high-capitalization issues."

The stock market is able to take warnings

about the deficit in stride and instead focus on

as far as the 1,500 level by the end of the year. "Any setback along the way will be confined to 1,270," he said.

On the floor, Phillips Petroleum was the most active NYSE-listed issue, jumping 2% to 50. Icahn Capital Corp. announced an offer for

Phillips amounting to \$55 per share, half in cash

Unocal was second among the actives, rising 5% to 47%. The company has been a rumored takeover candidate, with T. Boone Pickens said

KN Energy gained 3% to 39. Mr. Pickens has a 7.2-percent stake in KN Energy.

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Merrill Lynch was third among the actives,

ning % to 35%. The stock has been in the

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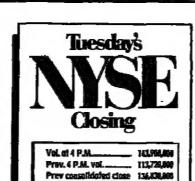
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future economic vitality, Mr. Peroni said. Harry Villec of Sutro & Co., Palo Alto, California, sees the stock market rising to 1,350 before long and thereafter a move that could go

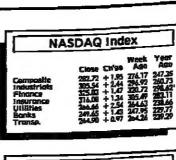
turn is still extremely positive here."



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Blue Chips Slide at Day's End NEW YORK - The stock market had a bumpy ride to a mixed finish Tuesday, with blue-chip issues sliding but the broader market pushing higher.

The Dow Jones industrial average dropped 4.85 to 1,285.23. The Dow was above its all-time high of 1,292.62 in the first hour, then declined. A subsequent rise into record territory abruptly came to an end in the last hour when some major brokerages came into the market with organized selling programs. The Dow Jones transportation average advanced 6.65 to a record 626.11. The New York Stock Exchange index gained 0.26 to 104.42, an all-time high. The price of an average share increased 9 cents. Standard & Poor's 500-stock index rose 0.26 to a new high of 180.61. Advances topped declines by a 5-3 ratio among the 2,040 issues traded.

Big Board volume was 143.90 million shares, up from the 113.72 million traded Monday.

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*5*0 32 .12 1.2 programs hit the market in the last hour, said said the selling programs represented a read-justment of portfolios rather than a reflection of any changes in fundamentals. mates for General Motors by his firm pushed the automaker's stock lower. He said the stock market is still headed higher with a break through the 1,300 level on the Dow likely to occur soon. Reagan administration's fiscal year 1986 budget totals \$973.7 billion, with a deficit of \$180 billion.

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INTERNATIONAL MANAGER

Europe Roundtable Aims To Open Up the Borders

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1985

By PAUL LEWIS

New York Times Service ARIS — In 1972, a group of chief executive officers from leading U. S. corporations, convinced that the business leading U. S. corporations, convinced that the business community was widely misunderstood, formed the Business Roundtable to get their point of view across to government officials and the general public.

Eleven years later, a group of European chief executives, similarly dissatisfied with the way their governments were treating business, formed a Business Roundtable of their own.

While the general goals of the two organizations are the same, the groups differ in many ways. The European one is much smaller than the American—about 20 members, compared with

"We've been waiting

Philips' Dekker says.

a long time" for

politicians to act,

more than 200 - and instead of limiting themselves to lobbying, the Europeans have put forward a \$60-billion plan for

spurring economic growth. To Europe's business lead-

ers, governments are to blame for much of the Continent's chronic problems with growth and unemployment as well as

and unemployment as well as its technological backwardness. The reason, the business leaders say, is that officials have failed to create the authentic free-trading area that they promised when they started to build the European Community more than 25 years ago.

Unless Europe's frontiers are stripped of red tape, the Roundtable fears, the Continent will never be able to develop enough world-scale companies and winning technologies.

"European integration has stopped — it's going backwards," said the chief executive officer of the Swedish group Volvo AB, Pehr G. Gyllenhammar, who in 1983 founded the Roundtable. "Governments focus on the problems of agriculture and declin-

"Governments focus on the problems of agriculture and declining industry, not on industries that can succeed."

"If we wait for the politicians to act — well, all I can say is that

we've been waiting a long time already," said Wisse Dekker, president of Philips NV, the big Dutch electronics group. He was explaining why he had agreed to become a vice chairman of the Roundtable.

Rather than complain, Europe's Business Roundtable last year put forward its \$60-billion plan, which aims at revitalizing trade, increasing growth and promoting industrial efficiency by opening up Europe's frontiers.

HE project, known as Missing Links, foresees a web of tunnels, bridges and high-speed train tracks that would speed the movement of goods and people around Europe. By increasing the volume of traffic, the project could make frontier controls seem petty nuisances and could strengthen to political pressure for their abolition. As Mr. Gyllenhammar put it. "Out links make frontiers irrelated " it, "Our links make frontiers irrelevant."

While the Roundtable hopes economic pressure will sweep away Europe's trade barriers, a new group of frustrated Europeans is trying to do the same thing by political means.

Calling itself the Action Committee for Europe, this group

comprises politicians, trade unionists, business executives and bankers. On June 7, at its inaugural meeting in Stattgart, it plans to introduce a detailed plan for transforming the European Community. Key features include a timetable for eliminating specific trade barriers.

The Action Committee for Europe is a recreation of the Action Committee for a United States of Europe, founded in 1955 by Jean Monnes, the legendary "Father of Europe," and disbanded a few years before his death in 1979.

Like its predecessor, the new committee plans to work from within the existing power structure, recruiting people in high places who will use their influence to advance its aims. But its objectives are different. Monnet saw the nationalism of de Gaulle as the threat to Europe's future. The new Action

Committee thinks the threat is economic, stemming from Eu-(Continued on Page 11, Col. 5)

Currency Rates

Late interbonk rates on Feb. 5, excluding fees.

Official fixings for Amsterdom, Brussels, Frankfurt, Milan, Paris. New York rates at

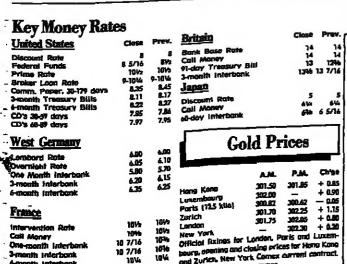
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Mexico **Cuts Price** Of Oil

Per-Barrel Cost Slashed \$1.25

By Robert J. McCartney

Washington Post Service
MEXICO CITY — Mexico has lowered the price of its light crude oil by a modest amount in line with last week's reductions by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting

Mexico cut the price Monday of its Isthmus crude by \$1.25 a barrel to \$27.75 a barrel, It left unchanged the price of its heavy crude, called Maya, at \$25.50 a barrel. Light crudes cost more than heavy ones because they yield more gasoline when refined.

The price cut, which mainly will benefit Japan, was too small to seri-ously hurt Mexico's debt-burdened economy, according to government officials and foreign economic spe-

It will cost Mexico \$300 million a year in lost revenues, which is equivalent to only 1.9 percent of the nation's total petroleum income, according to a joint commu-nique from the Energy Ministry and the state oil company, Petro-leos Mexicanos, or Pemex.

"The reduction in the price of Isthmus affects us, but not cata-strophically," the communique said. "The contraction in foreignexchange income that it implies is manageable for our economy."

Mexico is not a member of

OPEC, but generally follows the cartel's guidelines and the relative-ly modest size of the price cut signaled that Mexico was continuing its policy of avoiding a price war with OPEC.

However, industry analysts said that Mexico might lower its price again if OPEC members steal its customers by granting under-the-

Mexico, which produces 2.7 million barrels a day, is the world's fourth-largest oil producer and the largest single supplier to the United States. The United States mainly buys Mexico's heavy crude, Maya, owever, while Japan is the main purchaser of Isthmus.

The Mexican communique appeared to be deliberately vague about how much oil Mexico intended to export this month. It said that it was ending its November commitment to reduce exports by 100,000 barrels a day. But it also pledged not to increase exports.

M OPEC Output Drops

A sharp drop in Iranian oil production due in part to increased attacks on tankers in the Persian Gulf, resulted in a significant fall in OPEC's crude oil output in Janusry, the International Energy Agency said Tuesday, The Associ-ated Press reported from Paris. OPEC's overall crude oil produc-

tion was 15.5 million barrels a day in January, compared with 16.7 million barrels a day in the fourth quarter of 1984, the agency said.

Dollar Remains Near Records In Late Trading

United Press Internation NEW YORK - The dollar pulled back slightly Tuesday from its record advance Monday but remained at what dealers called "breathtaking" levels.

The dollar hit a high of 3.2320 Deutsche marks in New York before retreating in profit-taking to end still sharply higher on the day.

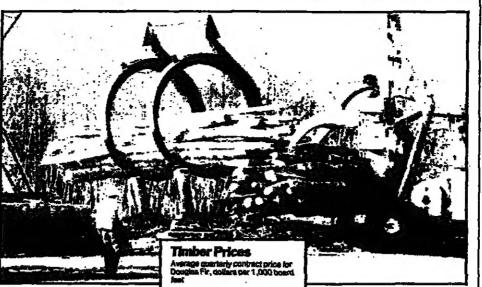
"Everybody was waiting for the dollar to come down after Monday's advance," said Christian Holterman, senior trader at First American Bank of New York, "Some tentatively sold, but when the dollar started forward they had to buy it back."

A dealer for Barclays Bank International in London said the dollar appeared "unstoppa-ble," especially against the

mark. In late New York trading against key currencies, the dol-lar was at 3,220 marks, up from 3.217 Monday; 9.8400 French francs, up from 9.8224, and 2.735 Swiss francs, down from 2.742. The British pound fin-ished in New York at \$1.1150, down from \$1.1165 Monday.



U.S. Wood-Products Firms in Trouble



try. And to some analysts, they

appear equally intractable.

"It's quite clear that the oversupply is not going to readily go
away," said Thomas P. Clephane, a forest-products analyst
with Morgan Staniey & Co. "If
the industry did not prosper with
housing starts at 1.8 million last
year, one has to wonder how it

year, one has to wonder how it will do when starts are much

across the Pacific Northwest, reduced the value of their timber-

lands and raised questions on Wall Street about the long-term

benefits of owning vast acres of

timber prices will not go up."
said Gary Palmero, paper and
forest-products analyst with Oppenheimer & Co. "If anything,

they could come down some

"Certainly for the short term,

By Thomas C. Haves New York Times Service

LOS ANGELES - With interest rates falling and another good year in housing starts likely, wood-products companies in the United States should be exle-

brating.
Instead, several major companies are struggling amid an oversupply of lumber and declining herland values.

Many, including International Paper Co., Champion Interna-tional Corp., Boise Cascade Corp. and Crown Zellerbach Corp., posted write-downs for the fourth quarter of 1984. International Paper, based in New York, took the biggest write-down for 1984, \$163 million, with \$155 million directly tied to troubles in wood products. It closed a mill in Gardner,

Oregon, laying off 490 workers, and is planning more shutdowns.
"By taking the write-off, we are trying to face reality," said Ann Silvernail, a company spokeswoman. "The wood-prodocts business was unprofitable

for the entire year in 1984."

The forces behind the timber glut include less use of wood in bome construction and a surge of imports from Canada, Brazil and Venezuela, made less costly by the strength of the dollar.

In some ways this glut mirrors troubles faced by the oil indus-The amount of timberland put up for sale began to rise during

the steep recession in 1981 and 1982, and is still growing. Industry analysts estimate that as much as 9 million acres (3.62 million hectares) are for sale, with few buyers evident.

Sorting logs at a Crown Zellerbach-managed

forest in Washington.

Sir James Goldsmith, a British investor who earlier last year waged an unsuccessful effort to take over St. Regis Corp., said last month that he might buy up to 25 percent of Crown Zellerbach's common shares. Sources close to the San Francisco-based company said, however, that they had seen little evidence of

buying by Sir James.

Zellerbach reduced net income in 1984 by \$30.1 million, saying it was partly to increase reserves needed to cover losses expected on timber-cutting contracts. William T. Creson, Zellerbach's chairman and chief executive, described the long-term outlook for solid-wood products as "cloudy at best."

Many analysts said that they expected more bad news from the forest companies this year. "I think there will be more write-offs in 1985," said H.C.

Bowen Smith, an analyst with Salomon Brothers. "For some companies it will be because of (Continued on Page 11, Col. 6)

Icahn Offers To Buy Phillips For \$8.5 Billion

Icahn, a New York financier, oflered \$8.5 billion Tuesday for Phillips Petroleum Co., putting the oil company under threat of a takeover for the second time in two

But Mr. Icahn's bid was condi-tioned on his ability to obtain financing - which some analysis questioned - and Phillips said it would not consider the offer until Mr. leahn lined up financial back-

The \$55-a-share bid comes as shareholders to accept a recapitalization plan valued by the company at \$53 a share but estimated by many on Wall Street to be worth somewhat less.

The plan, which is scheduled for a stockholder vote Feb. 22, is the key part of a package assembled by Phillips to chase off a takeover threat by Mesa Petroleum Co.'s chairman, T. Boone Pickens.

Wall Street analysts were divided on the effect of the offer by Mr.

of Phillips stock had slid into the mid-\$40s.

On the New York Stock Exchange Tuesday, Phillips common was the most actively traded stock of the day, closing at \$50, up

Alan Edgar, an oil-industry analyst at Schneider Bernet and Hickman in Dallas, said Mr. Icahn probably had the Phillips management "boxed in" with his offer. "Fifty-five dollars is a lot higher and fairer than the blended price in the high-40s," he said. But Sanford Margoshes, who fol-

lows the oil industry for Shearson Lehman/American Express, said too many questions surrounded the leahn offer.

By Mark Ports
Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — Carl C. an unknown quantity at \$55," he said. "I think that institutions and more conservative investors will opt for the known."

Nearly half of Phillips's 154.6 million common shares are owned by institutional investors.

Mr. Margoshes said a key flaw in Mr. Icahn's offer was the question of its financing. Mr. Icahn said be planned to offer \$55 in cash for half of the Phillips shares, and securities with the same value for the other

Mr. Icahn said in a letter to Phil-Phillips is trying to convince its lips that he had not yet arranged loans to pay for the cash part of the offer, although his financial advis-er, Drexel Burnham Lambert, was confident it could put together the financing in the next couple of weeks if Phillips agreed to the offer.

Phillips seemed unwilling even to consider the bid without the financing, thus, apparently, putting the two sides at an impasse. Neither Mr. Icahn nor Drezel Burnham officials could not be reached

leahn, one of several investors who bought big positions in Phillips in anticipation of a takeover by Mr. leahn can come up with firm financing," Mr. Margoshes said.

"My best guess is that tomorrow mill graciously decline the Phillips will graciously decline the

Street for a few weeks that Mr. icahn or some other large shareholder might make a bid for Phil-lips in an effort to recoup some-thing from Mesa's abandonment of its offer.

Another name prominently mentioned has been the Minneapolis investor Irwin L. Jacobs, who like Mr. Icahn owns something under 5 percent of Phillips stock.

Dissatisfied investors have been

said to be massing opposition to Phillips's recapitalization plan. which would greatly increase the company's debt and offer roughly 15 percent of the company to Phil-

Overseas Sales Push Siemens's First-Ouarter Net Up 23%

By Warren Getler MUNICH - Siemens AG, ben-

efiting from strong overseas sales, reported Tuesday that net earnings surged 23 percent in the first quar-ter of fiscal 1985.

The West German electronics gi-ant, which generates more than half its sales abroad, said earnings for October through December rose to 242 million Deutsche marks (about \$75.6 million), from 196 million DM a year earlier.

Domestic sales fell 2 percent, to 4.7 billion DM, from 4.8 billion Siemen's first-quarter results "fan-processing and information technomin the previous year's first quarter. Foreign sales, however, ny, with its strengths in electronics, has a prominent market share."

jumped 9 percent, to 5.3 billion engineering and telecommunications, was well-placed to benefit Siemens's chairman, Karlheinz

that the company planned to in-crease capital investment by about "Much of Sic 50 percent this year to a record level of 3.5 billion to 4 billion DM, said Siemens also intended to raise to be identified. outlays for research and develop-ment 18 percent, to 4.5 billion DM. from 3.8 billion DM a year earlier.

Landesbank in Düsseldorf called

tions, was well-placed to benefit company to increase sales about 10 with 76 percent the year before. from projected strong domestic percent this year, excluding reve-Kaske, said separately Tuesday and foreign demand for capital

"Much of Siemens's prospects for fiscal 1985 depend, however, on which way the dollar moves," said from 2.4 billion DM last year. He the West LB analyst, who asked not

autlays for research and develop-ment 18 percent, to 4.5 billion DM, rom 3.8 billion DM a year earlier.

An analyst at Westdeutsche digit growth for the electronic components industry, as well as data

Mr. Kaske said he expected the nue from the Kraftwerk Union AG subsidiary, a builder of nuclear power plants. Including revenue from Kraftwerk Union, Mr. Kaske said, group sales will certainly top 50 billion DM for the first time, up

from 45.8 billion DM last year. As reported, Siemens had record group net profit in 1983-1984 of 1.066 billion DM on a 16-percent sales increase to nearly 46 billion DM, also a record. Mr. Kaske said the 33-percent rise in profit last

pacity use, at 81 percent compared Siemens, which lifted its divi-

dend to 10 DM from 8 DM on the previous year's results, will adopt a more flexible dividend policy, one that reflects the company's earnings more than in the past, when the dividend was kept at a steady 8 DM for 12 years, Mr. Kaske said.

He cautioned that the strong doliar's boost to company sales should not be overestimated, noting that only 30 percent of U.S. sales were generated by exports from West Germany. Siemens expects to inyear reflected not only significantly improved sales but also higher camore than 5 billion DM this year.

Credit Markets Await Budget Action

sobering to look to the end of the

contain incredibly large deficits."

By David A. Vise Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — While the

immediate impact of President Ronald Reagan's proposed \$973.7billion budget on the credit mar-kets appears to be minimal, experts said that congressional reaction to the package could significantly influence interest rates. Wall Street economists and trad-

ers also said Monday that the president's proposal contained no surprises. They said that the financial markets already had discounted the budget because of leaks on what it But they warned that if Congress

fails to go at least as far in cutting spending as the president — whose plan leaves a \$180-billion deficit next fiscal year - there will be upward pressure on interest rates.

contracts and goldmining shares.

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Edward Yardeni; chief economist at Prudential Bache Securities,

GOLDLETTER INTERNATIONAL

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issue is how much of what is pro- higher cuts, the market would react posed is going to make its way positively, sending bond prices up through the legislative process and get signed into law," said Charles
Lieberman, senior economist at Shearson Lehman Brothers. "It is perts is less than was the case only sobering to look to the end of the

two or three years ago, Mr. Yardeni

decade and see the budget esti-mates of the administration, which "They are so bored with hysteria about the deficit that they are fo-Mr. Lieberman said that the bond market is troubled by the cusing on other things like low in-flation," he said. "At some point the deficit will have to be aduncertainty over congressional reaction. He said that the proposed budget is "far from satisfactory" dressed, but economists have been and implies high real interest rates in the future because of the large deficits. rates and inflation down.

"Every economist in his heart of said that if Congress does not go hearts has this notion that the defi-along with spending cuts of at least cit can't keep going up, but we \$50 billion, it will hurt credit mar-don't know when this will be the "The proposed budget is already kets, driving up interest rates. He paramount concern of the credit discounted in the market so the real said that if Congress proposes markets," he said.

III TAPMAN

PERFORMANCE

OF \$100,000 ON JANUARY 1 OF EACH YEAR yielded the following

JAN. 31, 1985 EQUITY STOOD AT U.S. \$101,437.49

Mezzanine Capital Corporation Limited

Notice to holders of Bearer Depositary Receipts ("BDRs") evidencing Participating Redeemable Preference Shares of US 1 cent each ("Shares") of Mezzanine Capital Corporation Limited (the "Company").

Notice of Dividend

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the BDRs that the Company has declared an interim dividend for the financial year ending on 31st May, 1985 of US\$0.4854 per Share. The BDRs are denominated in multiples of Units ("Units"), and each Unit currently comprises 100 Shares. The dividend is, therefore, equivalent to

Payment of this dividend will be made, subject to receipt thereof by Manufacturers Hanover Bank (Guernsey) Limited ("the Depositary"), against surrender of Income Coupon No. 2, at the specified office of the Depositary or of any of the Paying Agents (set out on the reverse of the BDRs and at the foot of this Notice), at any time on or after 7th February, 1985. Since no redemption of Shares has occurred, Redemption Coupon No. 2 should be discarded.

Payment will be made subject to any laws and/or

regulations applicable thereto by dollar cheque drawn upon, or, at the option of the holder of the relevant Coupon, by transfer to a dollar account maintained by the payee with, a Bank in New York City. Copies of the Company's Interim Report may also be

obtained from the Depositary and the Paying Agents listed below and Euroclear and Cedel. Depositary and Principal Paying Agent Manufacturers Hanover Bank (Guernsey) Limited,

Manufacturers Hanover House, Le Truchot, St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands **Paying Agents** Manufacturers Hanover Bank/Belgium S.A., Rue de Ligne 13, B-1000 Brussels, Belgium Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company, Bockenheimer Landstrasse 51-53, D 6000 Frankfurt/Main 1, West Germany Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company,

Shell Tower, 33/34th Storey, 50 Raffles Place, Singapore 0104 Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company.
7 Princes Street, London EC2P 2LR Manufacturers Hanover Bank Luxembourg S.A., 39 Boulevard Prince Henri, Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company. Edinburgh Tower, 43rd Floor, 15 Queens Street, Central, Hong Kong Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company, Stockerstrasse 33, 8027 Zurich, Switzerland Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York,

14 Place Vendome, 75001 Paris, France St. Peter Port, Guernsey
Dated 6th February, 1985

by: Manufacturers Hanover
Bank (Guernsey) Limited Bank (Guernsey) Limited Depositary



RESULTS FOR COMPTREND II

IN 1980: +165% IN 1981: +137% IN 1982; +32% IN 1983; -24% IN 1984; -34%

More than \$50,000,000.00 currently under management

Call or write Royall Frazier at TAPMAN, Trend Analysis and Portfolio Management, inc., Wall Street Plaza, New York, New York 10005 212-259-1041

BUSINESS ROUNDING Season Season High Low | 19th Lew | 5toc| | 7's | 51's | RevOlk n | 24's | 25's | Robshw | 24's | 25's | Robshw | 24's | 25's | Robshw | 25's | 27's | Robshw | 27's | 27' UniNV 4286 4.5
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CANADIAN DOLLAR (IMM)
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7805 7446 Sp. 7487 7477
7805 7446 Sep 7465 7465
7566 7474 Dec 7447 747
7504 7467 Mor 7447 7447
Est, Sales 1,675 Prev. Sales 2,287
Prev. Day Open Inf. 10,018 up 559
FRENCH FRANC (IMM)
Sper franc-1 point equals \$0,0001 Closing WHEAT (CBT) ,7478 ,7461 ,7449 ,7441 ,745 .7472 .7457 .7444 .7447 .7447 -11 -13 -16 -17 -31 -dollura per bushel Mar 157 3 58 May 1492 14792 Jul 1374 13794 Sep 1.892 13994 Dec 1.892 1.894 Mar 152 1.894 Prev. Soles 17,36 r 38,948 cer 878 3.37% 3.12% 3.27% 3.25% 3.25% 3.43 1.55% 1.57% 1.67% 1.49% 1.37 1.35% 1.37% 1.35% 1.47% 1.45% 1.52 1.57% __08% __00% __004 __004 +_00% up to the closing on Wall Street FRENCH FRANC (IMM)
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4,79 4,10 Jon 4,30
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11 2,332 121.25 124.50 121.25 122.00 123.30 122.00 122.00 123.25 122.00 +125 +125 +125 +125 +126 0ATS (CBT) 5,000 bu minin 1,901 1,40 1,781 1,41 1,781 1,61 COTTON 2 (NYCE)
\$1,000 lbs.-conts per ib.
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79.35 45.5 Jul
77.50 47.40 Oct
73.00 47.40 Oct
74.75 48.35 Mor
70.05 49.50 Jul
55.5 Sales 2.500 Prev. S
Prev. Doy Open int. 19.70
85.5 Acta 2.500 Prev. S
Prev. Doy Open int. 19.70 75 per 543 le? 7 1.76/2 1.77 7 1.72/4 1.73/4 1.69 1.69/4 1.64/4 1.67/2 50/65 106 863 up 19 Mar May Jul Sep Dec 1.76% 1.73% 1.72% 1.73% 1.69 1.69% 1.66% 1.67 1.69% 1.69% +.00% +.00% +.00% 65.18 66.28 67.28 67.30 67.40 68.45 69.10 67.40 +70 +40 +43 +.15 +.15 IES" A 65.20 66.25 67.30 67.40 67.45 68.50 64.51 65.75 66.80 67.25 67.20 68.50 64.40 65.75 64.80 67.25 67.40 68.50 TOY OZ.
301.70 302.70 301.50 302.30
301.70 302.90 301.50 302.30
305.10 205.99 304.20 305.50
306.00 710.20 300.70 309.80
314.10 314.10 312.50 314.20
322.50 324.00 322.70 322.70
325.50 335.50 334.00 334.30
345.50 345.50 345.30 345.30
345.50 345.50 345.30 345.30
355.60 355.87 +.02 +.07 CATTLE (CAME)
40.000 lbs.-centsper lb.
67.50 62.00 Feb 65.95
47.00 61.40 Apr 66.70
47.05 65.00 Jun 66.90
46.40 61.75 Aug 66.70
46.10 41.60 Cci 4485
46.00 45.65 Feb
67.30 les 14.05 Feb. Soles 18
Frev. Day Open Int. 60.237 65.62 68.72 68.95 66.97 65.05 66.25 66.20 一。 18 一。 18 12 15 15 15 15 15 72.10 67.50 68.60 68.60 68.50 68.50 65.49 68.35 68.77 64.79 64.79 64.09 73.39 70.50 69.30 66.60 68.55 68.70 68.70 68.70 64.70 64.85 64.02 2043 2045 2046 1644 2254 1574 22774 1774 1444 1576 1644 ### 12 PAIN 15 FEEL DOY OPEN INT. 60.237 of FEEDER CATTLE (CMC)
40.00 lbs. cents per lb.
74.75 46.75 Mar 74.74.05 47.70 Mar 74.74.05 44.75 May 71.4
72.80 44.95 May 71.4
72.81 67.00 Sep 72.1
73.80 67.10 OC 71.6
72.45 70.48 Nov 72.8
72.45 70.48 Nov 72.8 1,000 bbi. 31,30 31,45 30,28 29,55 29,57 29,57 29,50 Est. Sale: Prev. Da 24.47 24.47 24.28 24.20 24.10 24.25 24.08 26.76 26.39 26.06 25.80 25.85 25.55 25.55 +24 +29 +.13 -.05 -.10 -.15 Apr Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep 26,40 26,10 25,90 25,80 25,60 25,60 24.36 24.09 25.63 25.65 25.65 25.55 25.55 26.39 26.35 25.35 25.40 25.40 25.40 25.50 65.75 67.40 64.95 64.60 67.00 67.10 70.40 Apr Apr May Aug Sep Oct Nov *Tev. 50 1. 11,486 Financial 73.87 73.77 71.67 72.62 72.10 71.60 72.55 74.20 73.70 71.60 72.60 72.15 71.60 72.50 73.70 73.45 71.52 72.42 72.00 71.35 72.30 74.40 73.95 71.90 72.70 72.25 71.67 72.56 Mar Juli Sep Dec Mar Jun Sep Dec 91.83 91.45 90.95 98.53 90.20 91.79 91.40 90.91 90.49 90.14 89.86 89.86 89.42 89.39 91.79 91.40 90.95 90.50 90.18 91.78 91.39 90.90 90.50 90.18 72.45 70. Eal. Soiles 1,E Prev. Day Open #00g5 (CME) \$3.30 45. \$5.30 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. \$5.77 45. 51.35 48.40 51.80 51.35 51.20 48.95 49.30 48.75 52.15 48.97 54.67 54.67 53.47 49.20 49.20 49.20 46.70 57.20 49.07 54.17 54.67 51.65 49.20 49.35 49.00 Est. Sodes 9.786 Prev. Sodes 12.096
Prev. Dov Open Int. 48,046 up 19.474

19 YR. TREASURY (CST)

100.000 prin- pris 4. 32nds of 100 pct

17-23 Mor 191-77 51-21

101-30 Prin- pris 4. 32nds of 100 pct

17-24 Mor 191-77 51-21

101-30 Prin- pris 4. 32nds of 100 pct

17-25 Pris 10 Mor

17-26 Pris 10 Mor

17-26 Pris 10 Mor

17-27 Pris 10 Mor

17-28 Pris 10 Mor

17-29 Pris 10 Mor

18-27 Mor 17-22 Pris 10 Pris 81-16 80-22 80-2 79-15 78-29 78-14 22222 5562 129 500 73 93 3681 302 102 75 953 THE STATE OF THE S 73.77 73.10 73.90 73.80 71.75 65.90 71.40 71.60 72.60 72.95 70.95 65.00 73.67 72.90 73.82 73.62 71.30 65.00 64.00 168.10 173.00 173.00 185.75 +1.90 +1.13 +1.07 +43 +45 +45 202.10 204.00 203.85 Est. Sak Prev. De Mar 201.20 202.50 Jun 205.80 204.50 Sea Prev. Sales 5,184 nt. 7,769 up 506 199,70 200,60 204,90 204,74 206,15 -.05 -.35 72-15 71-14 70-23 70-3 69-16 69-5 68-24 68-13 72-22 71-21 70-26 70-8 69-22 69-25 68-26 68-15 68-25 67-21 ************ 7.⊒ INC. 105.40 107.35 109.75 110.95 Mor Jun Sep Dec 704.60 105.05 106.60 106.90 109.75 108.70 110.75 110.50 COFFEE C (NYCSCE)
37.501 lbs.- cents per lb.
-153.50 | 123.50 | Merr | 153.43 | 153.50 | 153.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154.50 | 154. Prev. Day Open int.214,745
GNMA (CBT)
190,000 prin- pra & 32nds ef
70-17 57-8 Mar
40-22 57-13 Sep
40-24 57-13 Sep
40-13 58-25 Jun
47-2 58-25 Jun
47-3 58-25 Jun
48-25 Jun
4 151.70 150.70 147.40 144.50 142.75 147.54 146.93 144.33 142.48 141.00 137.05 150.90 149.00 140.10 141.70 141.25 140.50 67-8 68-19 67-31 67-13 66-26 66-14 ***** erste Rille Commodity Indexes 40 27 3.9 40 48 4 10 1.5 17 4 5.2 12 10 4 17 Close 972.10 f 2,028.70 126.32 247.60 $\mathbf{k} = \mathbf{k}_{i} \cdot \mathbf{k}_{i}$ 971,10 f 2,016,00 125,91 247,30 EST . Reuters 2,028.70
D.J. Futures 2,128.70
126.32
Com. Research Bureau 247.60
Moody's : base 100 : Dec. 31, 1931.
p - preliminary; f - final
Reuters : base 100 : Sep. 18, 1931.
Dow Jones : base 100 : Dec. 31, 1974. Prev. Doy Open Int. 14,070 off 35
SUGARWORLD 11 (NYCSCE)
112,000 ibs. comis per ib.
13,00 4.01 Mor 4.30
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9.95 4.35 Jul 4.91
9.75 4.90 5.60 5.16
9.05 5.07 Oct 5.31
7.75 5.55 Jon 5.80
9.33 4.02 Mor 4.26
7.15 4.37 Mor 4.24
Jul
Est. Soles 15,425 Prev. Soles 7 1,40 ,10 1,44 ,10e 4.12 4.42 4.75 5.07 5.29 5.80 6.12 6.49 - 16 - 20 - 20 - 17 - 16 - 19 - 19 71.20 90.69 90.13 89.47 89.26 88.93 88.44 91,24 90,74 90,18 +++++ 91,22 98,73 98,78 91.17 90.70 90.17 228 7.4 7 7.73 17.4 7 2.44 8.9 8 2.56 7.9 7 1.48 3.9 9 72 3.4 15 1.80 4.2 10 2.30 3.4 1.80g 3.0 11 32 2.1 10 40 3.0 7 89.33 89.33 89.33 Prev. Day Open Int. 2,711 up 138

COCOA (NY CSCE)

10 metric torse 5 per hon
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2570 2988 Mor 2214 22
2400 2049 Jul 2200 23
2415 2633 See 2285 22
2337 1997 Dec 2149 27
2145 2730 Mor
2130 2000 Mor
251, Sales Prev. Sales 4,613
Prev. Day Open Int. 26,073 up 423 (IMM) Dect. Mar Jun Sep Dec Mor Jun Sep Dec Prev, Sep nt.105,46 1196 1076 2176 21Vs 43Vs 4246 61 60Vs 574 5846 4Vs 376 1576 1576 2074 20 Market Guide 1.20 1.9 10 .48 1.5 22 2.30 4.6 10 2.25 2.1 1.80 2.7 15 .66 2.1 11 .42 1.1 16 .90 5.4 10 .1.08 5.4 12 1.08 5.4 12 1.08 5.4 12 1.08 5.4 12 1.08 5.4 12 1.08 5.4 12 1.08 5.4 12 100 132 533 30 958 5 143 278 1391 172 211 7 135 433 576 50% 5174 4776 4874 34 34 3674 20 14 25 8Vs 3044 3144 17V2 59V2 1574 38V4 17V4 22V4 24V2 54 14V2 54 38V4 3014 3014 10 4679 4814 3217 38 1614 1376 3474 271/2 4374 6074 61 61 61 61 18174 Sunysh Sungke Sunch Sunco Sundstr Sundstr Supryi Su Pris of 16 85.14 82.49 84.50 84.50 86.10 87.73 87.73 51 millis 91.36 90.68 90.33 87.87 87.45 89.15 88.84 87.27 Est. Soil Prev. D CBT: CME: IMM: NYCSCE NYCE: COMEX: NYME: KCBT: NYFE: 70.73 70.40 87.85 87.37 87.00 86.65 88.36 88.70 90.95 90.43 89.87 89.40 89.00 88.68 88.35 36.10 7144 704 904 374 704 1194 1167 1167 1167 70.84 90.22 69.77 69.30 68.93 88.40 88.10 90.86 90.35 89.77 89.32 86.93 86.40 86.31 86.04 ++++++++ 25252525 2314 2350 2330 2285 2140 2249 2285 2258 2225 2110 2094 2094 #588848 772 1250 7253 7715 7110 44% 434 44% +116 51 50% 51 + 4 27% 26% 274— 4 **Asian Commodities** Paris Commodities Cash Prices Feb. 5 Loudon Commodities Feb. 5 1.22 4.5 8 .84 5.2 13 .405 .7 15 .40 1.4 19 1.32 4.3 11 Feb. 5 29 24 2476 1415 5514 2874 3174 1814 2714 18 3074 2714 ZaleCa Zapata Zayre ZanithE Zera Zumin 62 27% 27% 406 1646 15% 665 57 5572 1371 23% 22% 120× 25% 25% 247 31% 30% Feb. 5 Columnedity and Unit Cortee 4 Scritce, th. Printchaft 64/39 28 Vz. yd ... Steel billets (Pth.), fon ... Iron 2 Fdry. Palita, tan ... Steel script No 1 hrv Pfft. ... Loose steel cortee the ... Loose steel ... This is the ... Loose steel ... It is steel script. The ... Loose steel ... Loose, the ... Palicalium, at 2 Silver N. Y. at 2 Silver N. Y. at 2 Silver N. Y. at 2 Tue 1.45 0.74 473.00 79-80 20-21 67-70 5-6727 0.43 129-132 6.17 Year Age 1.52 0.84 453.90 213.00 96-97 594-70 63495 0.51 161 8.81 Floures in sterling per metric ton. Gosoli in U.S. dollars per metric ton. Gold in U.S. dollars per ounce. Adaleysion cauts ner kilde

Feb 18.00 |

Feb 18.00 |

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Mor 192.25 |

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Singapore ceats per kilde

Class

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RSS 4 Feb 16.00 |

RSS 4 Feb 16.00 |

RSS 5 Feb 16.00 |

RS Ask 186.00 192.7! 197.00 200.50 201.00 1,366 1,411 1,495 1,555 N.T. 1,745 lots of SUGAI
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Banakamani Feb. 5 2.244 2.208 2.223 2.285 2.224 2.240 2.247 2.208 2.218 2.243 2.184 2.192 2.060 2.049 2.044 2.040 2.029 2.028 2.044 2.031 2.019 5 lots of 10 tons. 2,225 2,344 2,220 2,197 2,048 2,035 2,025 2,250 2,248 2,248 2,224 2,064 2,041 2,030 2.257 2.245 2.226 2.226 2.045 2.045 2.040 EU. -RSS 5 F80. 140,80 142,8 Pay Rec 3-27 3-12 3-9 2-19 Per Ami INCREASED IN Q 24 C 25 2,565 N.T. 2,590 2,595 N.T. N.T. N.T. 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,140 1,130 1,120 1,120 1,110 7,924 lots of COPFEE May 2,439 Jiv 2 546 2.561 2.555 L.T. N.T. 2.563 590 2.590 2.575 575 2.590 2.575 1.T. N.T. 2.590 1.T. N.T. 2.575 2.567 2.567 2.600 Ask 1,215 1,210 1,200 1,190 1,190 1,170 1,160 2.900 2.900 2.394 2.389 2.403 2.412 2.414 2.413 2.420 2.426 2.428 2.422 2.421 2.430 2.435 2.421 2.446 2.445 2.446 2.434 2.432 2.440 2.444 2.420 2.440 2.422 2.435 2.416 STOCK STOCK SPLIT Airborns Freight
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ROME — Italy's unemployment rate rose to 10.2 percent in October from 10.1 percent in July, but was unchanged from October 1983, the government announced Tuesday in its quarterly report. Its survey showed that 2.37 million people were unemployed in October compared with 2.34 million in July. **Company Earnings** Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local currencies upless atherwise indignity. NEW LOWS 1 International ICM Prop n Plessey Business Opportunities | Other Earnings on Page 11)
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Eastern Plans Salary Cuts After Labor Negotiations Fail

MIAMI — Eastern Air Lines said Tuesday that it would cut the salaries of its 37,500 employees by 18 percent to 22 percent beginning this week because negotiations with three labor unions failed to bring

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new cost-cutting agreements.

Eastern's action was likely to. send the unions back to court to press the lawsuits they filed against the carrier when it unilaterally extended 1984 pay cuts beyond Jan.

The airline and its unions agreed a January that full pay would be restored for that month if a new cost-cutting plan could be in place by Feb. 1. Talks broke down during the weekend and Eastern said it would reinstate the cuts.

The agreements were only for the month of January," said Richard McGraw, the carrier's vice president for communications. We are now in February."

Eastern went into technical default on some of its \$2.4 billion in loans at 12:01 A.M. on Feb. 1, when it failed to reach agreement with the unions on new cost-cutting

measures.
The cost reductions were demanded by the airline's 60 lender banks as proof that in 1985, East-ern could achieve a profit for the first time in six years. The lenders reportedly would like a wage-andoperating plan that projects a \$97

million profit.
On Monday, Eastern met with a small group representing the banks and asked for an extension of the Feb. 1 deadline. The banks have not responded.

Two unions, the pilots and flight attendants, reached agreement last week with Eastern. But the biggest union, the 17,000-member International Association of Machinists.

The two sides did not meet Monday and no talks were scheduled Eastern got agreements from its

37,000 employees last year to give up 18 percent to 22 percent of their pay in exchange for stock and four seats on the board of directors. That agreement expired Dec. 31.

gun a financial news service called

Manville Corp. has announced a

\$112-million settlement with Insur-

ance Company of North America.

Midland Insurance Co. and All-

state Insurance Co., which had

written its supplementary insur-ance for asbestos-related injuries.

Oak Industries Inc. has sold its

ailing ON-TV service in Los Ange-

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for \$400 million.

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jects in the Middle East.

COMPANY NOTES

Trans World Airlines will expand service between New York and Atinneapolis-St. Paul and between New York and Charlotte, North Carolina, in late April. It will start routes to Copenhagen, via London, and Geneva, via Paris; extend its Cairo-Kuwait service to Bombay; and fly nonstop to Munich on the

route that now stops in Frankfurt. Applied Intelligent Systems Inc. has completed the sale of 12.6 percent of its stock to General Motors

Corp.

Raily Manufacturing Corp.'s Bally Sente unit has entered into an exclusive licensing agreement with Horn Abbott Ltd. to produce and market "Trivial Pursuit Think Tank," a video-arcade version of the board game Trivial Pursuit.

Entrad Corp., Australia's leading textile producer, has begun an effort to acquire Tootal, a major British textile company, for £124 million (\$138 million). Entrad holds a 5.78-percent interest in Tootal.
International Business Machines Corp. has added two new model types to its 3380 family of direct-

access storage devices and enhanced-associated control units. Keihin Co. and Hudson Enterprise will sell their Bermuda joint venture, Savarna Corp., the holding company of Panamanian-registered Everett Steamship Corp., to a consortium of Sea Containers Ltd.

and Marine Chartering Co.
The Les Angeles Times-Washlugion Post News Service has be-vide gas for use in oil production.

China Negotiates With Boeing on Airplane Buys

BEUING — China has been negotiating with Boeing Co. for the possible purchase of 747, 767 and 737 airliners, the official Xinhua news agency said Tuesday, quoting the head of the Civil Aviation Authority of

Shen Tu, the authority's director, said China also was negotiating purchases from the European consortium Airbus Industrie, British Aerospace PLC and other manufacturers. He gave no details. The aviation authority an-

nounced last month that it was buying 19 aircraft — three Airbus A310s, seven Boeing 737-200s and nine Soviet Topolev-154Ms. Mr. Shen did not specify the number of addition-al aircraft that the authority

"The next three years will witness a big boom in China's civil aviation, relieving overstrained services on both domestic and international routes," he said in a statement released by Xinhua.

The aviation authority's monopoly is being ended and the company will be split into five

Earnings Outlook Is Gloomy 3 Appointed For Some U.S. Retail Chains

By Isadore Barmash New York Times Service NEW YORK - The difficult fiscal year for retailers, particularly the disappointing Christmas sea-son, has caused Wall Street analysts to predict earnings declines in

largest retail chains in the United According to a consensus of analysts, declines from the 1983 fiscal year are expected at J.C. Penney Co., Federated Department Stores, Carter Hawley Hale Stores Inc., Associated Dry Goods Corp. and Sears, Roebuck & Co.

Earnings gains in the fiscal year that ended Saturday were expected for K mart Corp., Dayton-Hudson Corp., R.H. Macy & Co., May Department Stores Co., Wal-Mart Stores Inc. and Zayre Corp. Farnings at Allied Stores Corp.

are expected to be flat. "The problem with 1984 wasn't consumer spending, which was generally satisfactory, but that re-tailers over-anticipated sales and over-planned their inventories," said Jeffrey B. Edelman, an analyst for Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

The entire retail industry canerged from 1983 with strong sales results, and therefore had high expectations for 1984, Mr. Edelman said,

"Many companies became greedy in terms of trying to in-crease their market share and over-

stocked to do that," he added "And when sales fell below expec-tations, they had to mark down considerable merchandise, which the year for about half of the 12

hurt their profits."

Walter F. Loeb, an analyst for Morgan Stanley & Co., said that the year's best performance was turned in by the discounters, such as K mart, Wal-Mart and Zayre.

"The department stores, due to the competitive environment, were forced to operate on much lower profit margins," he said. "Weather problems several times during the year caused havor with sales, building inventories and causing higher selling costs than expected."

But it was the final fiscal quarter, beginning Nov. 1 and including the 32-day Christmas selling period, that furt the year most, analysts said. That holiday-shooping season normally contributes as much as 25 percent of the entire year's sales and up to 50 percent of profits.

"In fact, the last half of the year saw severely competitive price pressures on retailers, bringing an erosion in their profit margins in a less-than-expected sales environ-ment," said Thomas H. Tashjian, an analyst for Prudential-Bache Se-

BUSINESS PEOPLE

As Advisers At Chemical

By Brenda Hagerry International Herald Tribune
LONDON — Chemical Bank of New York has appointed Fritz Lentwiler, James B. Leslie and Washington Sycip to its international advisory board.

On May 30, Mr. Lentwiler will become president of the Swiss engineering concern Brown, Boveri & Co. Until the end of 1984 he served as head of Bank for International Settlements and the Swiss National Bank. He became an adviser to Robeco, a Dutch investment group, in January and joined the board of directors of the Prince of Liechtenstein Foundation.

Mr. Lesite was appointed chairman of Sydney-based Qantas Air-ways Ltd. in July 1980. He retired as managing director of Mobil Oil Australia Ltd. in July 1980, and as chairman of that company in January 1981, after eight years in that position. Mr. Leslie was the first Australian to hold these posts at Mobil. In addition, he is a director

of several Australian companies. Mr. Sycip is founder and chair-man of the SGV Group, a Manila-based auditing and management consulting firm that has member firms throughout Asia and the a maker of components and parts

Middle East. Mr. Sycip also serves for the transportation industry, to as chairman of the board of trustees and the board of governors of the Asian Institute of Management in the Philippines and as president Accountants. In addition, he is chairman of the Euro Asia center of the European Graduate Business

School in Fontainebleau, France. Wells Furgo Bank has appointed Juan Parra as head of its Madrid representative office. He succeeds Mark F. Fries, who is moving to London as general branch manager. Mr Parra formerly was assistant representative in Madrid for the

San Francisco-based bank.
Banco di Sicilia said Ettore Salemi has become general manager of its London branch. He succeeds Antonio Succi, who has been named deputy chief manager for the foreign-relations division of the bank in Rome. Mr. Salemi previously was deputy general manager of Banco di Sicilia's London branch.

Westpac Banking Corp., Austra-lia's largest financial-services group, said it plans to open a representative office in Kuala Lumour later this month. Derek Phillips. currently manager of Malaysian business at Westpac's Singapore branch and regional office, will be the chief representative in Knala Lumpur.

Dana Corp. has named Alejan-dro Valenzuela president of Dana Europe. He succeeds Joe Magliochetti , who was transferred to the Toledo, Ohio, head office of Dana,

take up the post of vice president. Mr. Valenzuela will continue as chairman of Floquet Monopole SA, one of the French companies within Dana Encone.

County Bank Ltd., the merchantbanking arm of National Westmin-ster Bank PLC, is to establish two subsidiaries in Australia to provide services in the domestic and international capital markets, corporate advice and investment management. Trading is expected to start at midyear. Peter Hall, an Australian who was until recently a general manager of Chase-NBA Group Ltd., Melbourne, has been recruit-ed by County Bank to run its Australian operations. He will also join the boards of County Asia Securities Ltd. in Hong Kong and County

Bank in London. Banque Scandinave en Suisse said that as a further development of its trust activities, it plans to open a representative office in Lonion in the first half of this year The bank, the Swiss subsidiary of Scandinavian Bank Ltd., the London-based consortium, said the of-fice will be headed by Michael Nes-

Datasery Inc. said Volker Heiderich has become a managing director of its Düsseldorf-based subsidiary, Premier Computers GmbH. He returns to the company following a year as managing direc-tor of IBL Computer GmbH in Düsseldorf, Dataserv, which is hased near Minneapolis is a computer-leasing and maintenance

Company Earnings

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local currencies unless otherwise indicated



Group Seeks

Freer Trade

(Continued from Page 9)

rope's divided market and protectionist impulses.

"The economy is the priority that's why we are bringing in indus-trialists and bankers," said Simon May, the group's British-born deputy secretary general and a former EC civil servant. Britain and West Germany are

leading a drive to resolve what in Eurojargon is called "the internal market problem." This would mean reducing cristoms paperwork and climinating differing safety standards and areane regulations that a recent study says are the equivalent of a.15-percent tariff on all goods moving across Europe's supposedly tariff-free frontiers.

It would also mean removing icgai barriers to cross-frontier mergers and eliminating rules that stop European insurance companies from writing business in other

Wood-Products Firms in Trouble

the timberland situation, for some

it will be manufacturing assets and for others it will be both." Last October, President Ronald Reagan signed a bill that gives doz-

ens of companies in the Pacific Northwest the right to cancel \$2.5 billion in pre-1982 contracts to buy and cut timber on governmentowned lands. Still, the industry will have to

pay cancellation fees and stands to lose about \$220 million in settling the contracts, according to Donglas McDonald, publisher of Timber Data, an industry newsletter in Eugene, Oregon. Under the bill, rights to the uncut timber revert to the In the first quarter of 1980, with

inflation running high and the gov-ernment restricting forests avail-able for timber sales, bidding for Douglas fir reached \$486 per thousand board feet, a measure of lum-ber equal to 12-by-12-by-1 inches (31-by-31-by-2 centimeters).

The price fell to \$92 in 1982, rebounded to \$180 early in 1983, but has steadily declined, and at cording to Timber Data. The government is the major supplier of timber in the Northwestern United

The government tried to help, by extending contract limits until 1991. If the market for humber and plywood does not improve by then, wever, "there are a lot of companies that won't be around," said C.W. Knodell, executive vice president of finance at Willamette In-

dustries, in Portland, Oregon. A major reason for the declining timber values is Canada's increasing share of the lumber market in the United States. It has grown to about 30 percent, from 22 percent in 1975, according to Fred Reseburg, director of economic services at the Western Wood Products Association, in Portland.

The fall of the Canadian dollar, to about 75 cents currently, gives Canadian mills a cost advantage that has helped them overcome long shipping distances to penetrate most American markets.

The sharp climb in lumber prices, which more than tripled beers to reduce the size of homes and the amount of humber used, said Mr. Clephane, of Morgan Stanley.

"This is a logical economic re-spouse," he said. "It's analogous to what is going on in the oil market, where very sharp increases in the price of a natural resource triggered changes in the uses of the materi-

Most executives say they will have to wait for a weakening of the dollar before important export markets in Japan, South Korea and Western Europe revive and the Canadian imports can be beaten back. They also are hoping for lower mortgage rates and 2 million housing starts a year, but few expect to see that in this decade.

T.J. Tomjack, general sales man-ager for the Potlatch Corp. in its Western wood-products division, in Spokane, Washington, said the comparatively high timber costs in the Northwestern United States have caused many companies to shift their new operations to the Southeast, where timber is less costly.

But don't be fooled.

Beyond the current euphoria are signs of serious trouble.

The huge and potentially crippling budget deficit requires immediate action from the White House and Congress.

And tax reform can only survive if Ronald Reagan gets solidly behind it. Every week of the year Business Week brings you this kind of significant story. Dynamically

fully analyzed. To get a subscription to Business Week, the only newsweekly of business,



THE VOICE OF AUTHORI



February 26, 1985, Paris

Following the success of our 1982 conference, we are pleased to announce a one day briefing session focusing on "Modernization: Priority for the French Economy". With the cooperation of the French Government, we have gathered together the key ministers most

directly involved with policies affecting business activities in France. The program will include presentations by:

Pierre Beregovoy, Minister of Economy, Finance and Budget. Edith Cresson, Minister of Industrial Redeployment and Foreign Trade. Hubert Corien, Minister of Research and Technology. Michel Delebarre, Minister of Labour, Employment and Vocational Trading.

Roland Dunias,* Minister of External Relations.

Additional insights will be provided by a ponel of international businessmen and bonkers, including: Eric Boundois de Charbormière, S.V.P. and General Manager, Margan Guaranty Trust Company of New York and Look Le Floch-Prigent, Chairman

of Rhône-Poulenc Each presentation will be followed by a question and answer period, and simulta-neous French-English translation will be pro-

An important aspect of the conference will be the extensive opportunities to engage in informal discussion with the current policy makers and with other business executives actively doing business with France.

On February 27, the Ministry of Industrial Redeployment and Foreign Trade is organizing full day visits, exclusively for conference attendees, to industrial plants including

the Aerospatiale plant in Toulouse. Full details will be sent to all participants registering for the conference. To register for this exceptional conference, please complete and return the registration form today.

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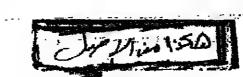
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INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1985 Tuesdays 130 PORTON 19 PO Page 13 Over-the-Counter Feb. 5 NASDAQ National Market Prices ed from Page 12) rology Export YiowFr 1.00 24 12568'4 38 38 YorkFd 48 34 14 13'4 12'5 13'4 + % **More Trade Barriers** Dropped by Taiwan TAIPEI — Taiwan has dropped import-licensing requirements for more than 5,400 products in a furmore than 5.400 products in a further move to open its markets and reduce its trade imbalance, the Economic Ministry said Tuesday.

A ministry spokesman said the government hopes that the new measures, which cover imports of textiles, machinery, glassware and luxury items, would help encourage imports of foreign products, particimports of foreign products, particularly from the United States. WHAT ARE THE DYPERTS SAYING?
READ
WALL STREET WATCH
BY EDWARD RORHBACH
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ANDY CAPP

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spot O New York Times, edited by Eugen



"MARGARET HELPED ME DRAW THE PICTURE OF YOU,

BUT I DREW THE MUSTACHE ALL BY MYSELF!" Unscramble these four Jumbles RUPEN ORNED **MESTIK** WHAT A FLATTERER SELDOM IS. LAFTUR

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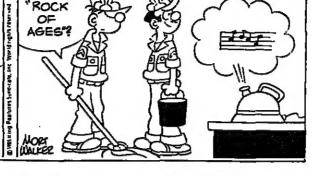
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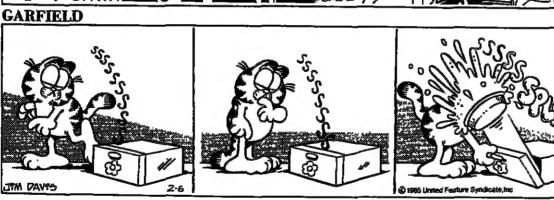
BEETLE BAILEY LISTEN TO HIS THE CHAPLAIN REALLY MAKES A RITUAL OUT OF TEATIME TEA KETTLE



TCH! RIGHT IN THE MIDDLE OF THE FILM -YOU KNOW I LIKE ROBERT REDPORD?
WHAT'S HE
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BOOKS

MEXICO SET

H-E-L-P

ANYONE

EVER TELL

YOU YOU'VE

GOT A MILLION-

DOWNR SHILE!

PARIET.

By Len Deighton 374 pp. \$16.95. Knopf. 201 East 50th Street. New York, N. Y. 10022.

Reviewed by Ross Thomas

T HE first novel in Len Deighton's new 1 espionage trilogy was "Berlin Game." Now comes "Mexico Set" and keener intellects than mine already will have anticipated a third nov-el to be called "Some place-or-other-Match" - thus completing what I suspect will be

referred to as the tennis trilogy.

I confess that I didn't tumble to the game. set and match conceit until after finishing Deighton's entertaining second novel in this trilogy that again features fortyish Bernard Samson, the British spy who is afflicted with far more than the usual amount of both career and domestic difficulties.

But as in all trilogies, the problem is the back story. The author has to fill it in for those who haven't read the first novel without irritating those who have. Having previously read "Ber-lin Game," I wasn't at all bothered when Deighton again tells of Samson and his rich. beautiful, upper-middle-class wife. Fiona, who both work for the British secret intelligence service until . . . Well, I won't spoil the first book for those who want to start the series at the beginning.

Mexico itself doesn't provide much more

than a routinely exotic locale and Deighton gives us a mere sidelong glance at it — certainly not the long, cool, sometimes almost loving stare that he has turned time and again on Berlin and London and even Paris. Mexico is only a backdrop, a place where a passed-over KGB major might be approached by a British agent to see if he is interested in defecting to the West.

Bernard Samson was born into the spy trade. His father was head of the Berlin station for the British after World War II and saw to it that his son was reared and educated in the former German capital, thus providing us with a spy who virtually from the cradle on was indoctrinated in cold war lore. In fact, Samson once describes himself as a "lapsed fascist."

But while Samson is traipsing around Mexico. his rivals back in London are jockeying for position in the spy bureaucracy. Suppose, it is murmured, that the traitor uncovered in "Berlin Game" fled East only to deflect suspicion from the real KGB mole who is still burrowing into the department? And who else could the real mole be but Bernard Samson?

Deighton manages to bring it all off nicely, as he usually does, writing with perhaps less sprightliness than in his previous novels, but with complete authority and control. When it comes to pitting working-class sharpies against Coxbridge twits. Deighton has few equals. He even gives us an American who has wormed his way up into the British spy hierarchy and is now lusting for a knighthood to show off back in the United States. The American somehow is usually halizable. is utterly believable.

Deighton also serves up fascinating glimpses of such types as the nearly senile head of British intelligence; a KGB major with a pas-sion for Sherlock Holmes; and Samson's boyhood friend and Jewish orphan, Werner Volkmann, who managed to survive and even prosper in postwar Berlin, and now flits effortlessly back and forth between East and West. However, it's Bernard Samson himself who deserves and gets both our attention and sym-

pathy - Samson with his problems of civil service pay, motherless children, a vengeancebent wife, unsympathetic and even jealous see periors, and a job—the only job he knows that could very well either kill him or land him

We go from Mexico to London to Berlin and on to Paris in this novel about greed and decent and treachery, which are the essential ingredients of all good thrillers. And once again Deighton has woven an intricate and wholly satisfying plot, peopled it with convincing characters, and even managed to give a new twist or two to the spy story. But then he is a master of the form, and "Mexico Set" is one of his better efforts.

Game, Set. And match, I now can't help but wonder where match will be set.

Ross Thomas, author of "Briarpatch," wrote this review for The Washington Post.

BEST SELLERS

The New York Times
This list is based on reports from more than 2,000 beokstores' throughout the United States. Weeks on list are not necessarily consecutive.

FICTION IF TOMORROW COMES, by Sidney Sheldon
THE SICILIAN, by Mario Puzo
THE TALISMAN, by Stephen King and Peter Straub
SO LONG, AND THANKS FOR ALL
THE FISH, by Douglas Adams
THE LIFE AND HARD TIMES OF HELDI ABROMOWITZ, by Joan Rivers
LOVE AND WAR, by John Jakes
ILLUSIONS OF LOVE, by Cynthia Freeman THE FOURTH PROTOCOL, by Freder-

ick Forsyth ... AND LADIES OF THE CLUB, by

FIRST AMONG EQUALS by Idliney Ar-

NONFICTION

THE BRIDGE ACROSS FOREVER, by Richard Bach
THE GOOD WAR," by Studs Terkel
PIECES OF MY MIND, by Andrew A. Rooney MOSES THE KITTEN, by James Herriot HEY, WAIT A MINUTE, I WROTE A BOOK, by John Madden with Dave Ander-

A LIGHT IN THE ATTIC, by Shel Silver-DR. BURNS PRESCRIPTION FOR NAPPINESS, by George Burns
SON OF THE MORNING STAR. by
Evan S. Coancel
ELVIS IS DEAD AND I DON'T FEEL
SO GOOD MYSELF, by Lewis Grizzard
THE BRAIN, by Richard M. Restak
HERITAGE, by Abba Eban
THE WEAKER VESSEL. by Anionia Fraeer. ONE WRITER'S BEGINNING, by En-

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MAGE POINT

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ADVICE, HOW-TO AND MISCELLANEOUS WHAT THEY DON'T TEACH YOU AT HARVARD BUSINESS SCHOOL by Mark H. McCormack MOMEN COMING OF AGE. by Jane Foods with Mignon McCarthy THE ONE MINUTE SALESPERSON. by Spencer Johnson and Larry Wilson WEIGHT WATCHERS QUICK START PROGRAM, by Jean Nidetch

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

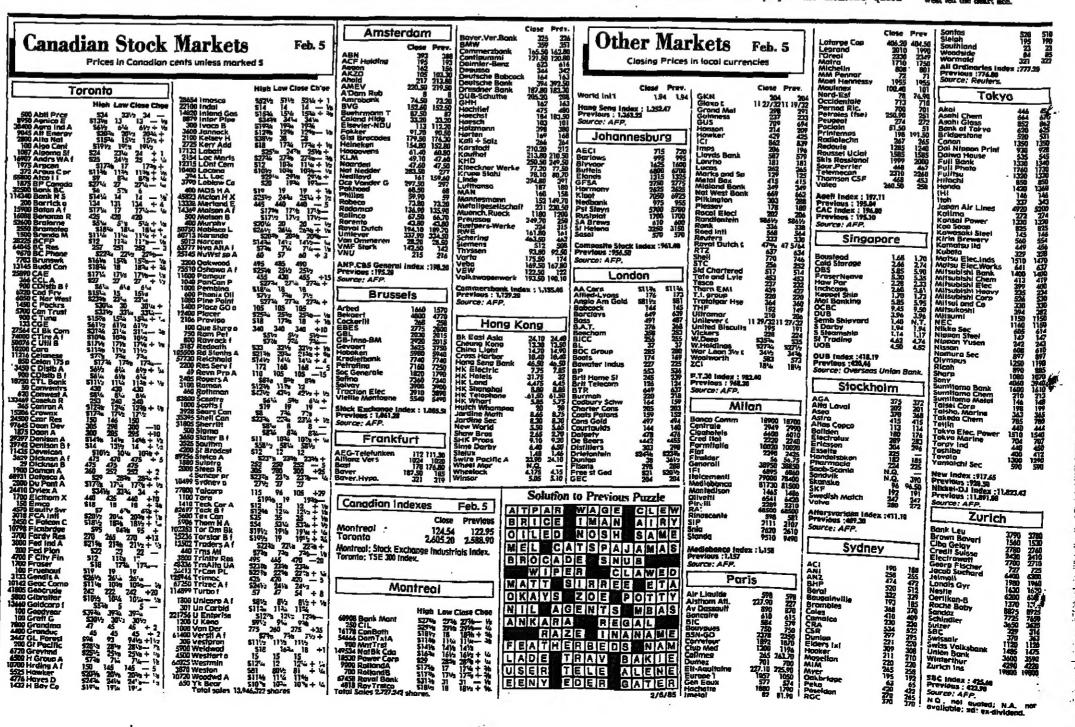
nity to admire some brilliant play by his partner. The double of the pre-emptive three-spade bid was negative, and the four no-trump bid asked South to bid a minor. It was virtually certain in the light of the bidding that South held five cards in at least one minor suit. South guessed to play clubs and the lead was the heart ace.

West was hoping to give his partner a heart ruff but changed his mind. He should no doubt have shifted to a safe play by his partner. The dou-

On the diagramed deal took the queen with the ace, the game. pitched a spade on the heart king. When he then led to the club jack he was able to count

spade, but he gave South some from dummy. This pinned help by leading a trump. South West's ten and brought home





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SPORTS

Frailties, Casualties of the Winter Grind

LONDON -- Players, we sometimes forget in a business that treats them as commodities, are full of human frailty, as prone to debilines of flesh, heart and mind as the rest of us. Indeed, because their



on them so public — and often so unreasonable — they are more vulnerable. Look where you will as the European season resumes after the midwinter brack. The source alone will be bracked to the sundesign and spectacular removes after the midwinter brack. The source alone will be bracked by the king of life when a long of the properties.

ROB HUGHES

demonstrate the consistency, flair and speed as a free man that he once had in Romania.

It is now three and a half years since Radacanu defected by feign-ing injury at halftime during an international in Dortmund and being driven off by Romanian and Polish friends while the second half was underway. Since then, the slim, dark forward has never known peace of mind.

His form with Borussia Dort-mund has been erratic, his finess has been susceptible to "mysterious" niggling injuries and his heart has been behind the Iron Curtain. There was nothing in the newspapers or on TV about my disappear-ance," said the player who had rep-resented his country 27 times. "It was as if I never existed."

He knew he was being erased as a

She and their 2-year-old son Andrej-Filip were left behind, unmofamily of his own had met with a lested captives in their own com- decade's failure. Now he has as try, while Radacanu, previously a major in the army, was outside.

"I had given up hope of seeing my wife and son again," he said recently. Sometimes I was in such despair I considered returning to Romania, although I knew I would almost certainly be sent to prison. Suddenly, this new year, Romania took a compassionate line and Nicolina and the boy, now five, to drugs used for treatment. arrived by train in Dortmund. To

Riggin has been around. Three years of junior hockey; stints with Birmingham and with the Flames

in Atlanta and Calgary before be-

seasons ago. Real mental toughness
— the ultimate "edge" — came

early last season when he went 0-8-I and was sent down to the minors.

He didn't want to go. Now he's

"I just couldn't win for anyth-

ing... I thought I could get out of it, but I had to go. It changed my attitude toward the game. You

can't expect to be good every night.

A given game may be what he calls

a "rollercoaster ride," but in the

goalie's mind it can't be; it has to

be as smooth and even as the ice

Of his first 17 outings after returning to Washington, the Capi-tals won or tied 13. He finished the

season with a 2.66 goals-against average, best in the league. His cur-

rent GAA (2.76) is second in the NHL, as is his 21 victories. Wash-

ington leads the Patrick Divison by

eight points over Philadelphia.
"When the team's going good, you look good," Riggin says.
"When the team's going bad, you look good." So going bad, you

then"— between games, when, as
Dryden has put it, a goalie is finally
"released."

A goalie can't just wait and hope.

Ing a supermarket with his hands
Said Riggin that recent day:
"When I get on the plane tomorrow knows not the instant.

"Released."

Dryden says a goalie must have for Chicago, I'll be thinking hock"a mind under control. The demands are mostly mental... The biggest enemy is himself." Riggin knows that. "I didn't help myself along the way," he says. "When I first came into the league, if I lost a "Nice big meal. I sleep good."

"I when I get on the plane tomorrow for Chicago, I'll be thinking hock"I'm standing up more now, which helps cover the net, but that's experience, too," Riggin says. He knows when to come out, to cut down the shooter's angle. That's a big part of playing the

couple of days. It's tough to get a put on deodorant. I don't know a litry not to." But sometimes a goal-stoad goal out of your mind. You let why I put on deodorant—it's not interest the put of least long."

Taking the ica, Riggin usually hit you. You can't see. The percent-

glad he did.

itself.

back — more the shape of the redoubtable Gump Worsley than in the mold of the tall, rangy Dryden.

"I'm not a rah-rah guy in the dressing room," Riggin says. "My game's a mental game. I shut myself in. I talk a lot between now and then"— between games when an analysis of the lot and always wants to put the blame on the goaltender, and doesn't realize it might not be his fault. That's why it takes an emotionally stable person, to be able to take the bad with the good."

couple of games, I'd be sour for a Then "I wash up, brush my teeth,

Rooted to the Spot, a Hot Goalie Stays Cool

VANTAGE POINT/William Gildea

Playing goal is not fun. It is a grim, humorless position, largely uncreative, requiring little physical pleasure in return. A goalie is simply there, tied to a net and to a game; the game acts, a goalie reacts. How he must have "an edge." His edge reacts is not un to him. I mable to

reacts... is not up to him. Unable to against Chicago was simple: initiate a game's action, unable to "We're going good right now,

initiate a game's action, unable to "We're going focus its direction, he can only do they're not."

what he's given to do, what the game demands of him, and that he must do.

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — Pat Riggin

was born to be a goalie. His father, Dennis, was a goaltender for the Detroit Red Wings in the 1950s.

when the National Hockey League had six teams and goaltenders played with no masks. A different

era. He took a puck in the eye -

detached retina — and was never the same. But he had a son...

"It was tough at home," says Riggin, the Washington Capitals'

No. 1 goalie, "Desire, dedication,

attitude - how many times did I

hear it? There were always sacri-

fices. 'You can't go skiing, you'll

break a leg. You can't play football, you'll get hurt. But I could stand

up there in front of pucks for an

hour and a half and not get hurt,

why not football? I didn't under-

stand. I was 6 years old." Thus was

one of the youngest starting goalies in pro hockey, for Birmingham (Albama) of the now-defunct World Hockey Association. Squat at 5-foot-9 (1.75 meters), he is a throw-

Riggin is 25. At 19, he became

he molded.

- "The Game" by Ken Dryden

his hie begins anew in cole, with midwinter break: The soccer player's peculiar time and motion challenge is apparent.

In West Germany, Marcel Radacanu, now 30, has little time to the complications other than East he has a family, and at least he has a family, and at least he has a family, and at least he has a family and at least h West relations, are Fernando Chalana and Mickey Walsh.

summer as the highest-priced transfer in French history. Just over a million pounds sterling took the crafty little player from Benfica to Bordeaux to join the all-star nucleus of France's victorious mid-lield.

I cannot tell if his criticisms have any validity, but I do know, as the

He has yet to kick a ball for deaux import, West German Dieter in the last three years.

know anything more terrible for a player than not to be able to play?"
Professionally, perhaps nothing. He knew ne was being erased as a nonperson because his wife, Nicolina, told him so. She passed the message on by telephone from Bucharest.

Professionally, pernaps nonning. But even sportsmen have private lives, and until a week ago few people knew that while Irishman Walsh was consistently scoring for the six Bostneys! many as he can cope with — his wife, Christine, gave birth to test-

Clough: Harsh, but humane. complete the fairy tale, Radacanu invented can hasten the return of of humanity.

omplications other than EastVest relations, are Fernando Chaana and Mickey Walsh.

Chalana entered France last

Chalana entered France last

any validity, but I do know, as the Bordeaux coach observed, nothing Bordeaux or to become an accepted part of the club. A thigh injury in preseason training followed by an operation and a breakdown in December have reduced him to a byte English Professional Footballers Association — some 200 catallers Association — some 200 catall stander. Worse, while another Bor-reers have been prematurely ended

Müller scores goals to keep the club ahead in the championship, Chalana's huge salary causes resentment.

"Above all," says Aimé Jacquet, the Bordeaux coach, "it is a terrible blow for him morally. Do you brown anothing mora terrible for a lapsed during training. lapsed during training.

Specialists warn that he has a heart defect and that overexertion - which caused the blackout -could kill him. "If they'd said it was a leg broken in five places, I'd try to overcome it," Hamilton said. "But life is precious, and I'm lucky that I've got a very close-knit family around me."

many as he can cope wife, Christine, gave birth to testtube quads in a London hospital 10
days ago.

Walsh is not the only goal-scorer
in Portugal to be grateful to the wonders of modern medicine. Benfica's veteran striker Nene is recovering after at one time being on the addanger list after an allergic reaction to drugs used for treatment.

Like life, the sport has all shades of humanity.

Transment of two treatment of two playing career through injury. Harsh and demanding and sometimes unsufferable though Clough may be, he was the first one on the phone to promise that his prestigious team would play a benefit match for the young man.

Like life, the sport has all shades of humanity.

Like life, the sport has all shades of humanity.

Like life, the sport has all shades of humanity.

Pirmin Zurbriggen

Zurbriggen Victor in Combined

alty points — to give Austria its third silver medal of the champion-

Computed by Our Staff From Dispatches
BORMIO, Italy — Pirmin Zurbriggen of Switzerland easily won the slalom to take the combined bronze medal.

Ernst Riedlsperger, only 22d in the downhill, was second Tuesday and captured his second gold medal at the world Alpine ski championships.

Thomas Bürgler, unexpectedly won the slalom to take the combined one Olympics or one world championships.

"Well, nothing's impossible now." Zurbriggen said. "But I know that winning the giant slalom contains the special property of the staff of the combined one Olympics or one world championships.

Championships. land four-for-four in gold medals so far at the 1985 championships. Michela Figini won the women's downhill Sunday and Erika Hess retained her combined title Monday. Switzerland had never before won the men's combined world ti-

The Swiss gold medal sweep could well continue Wednesday in

the women's giant sialom.
With morale in the Swiss camp so high, defending champion Hess and her teammates Figini and Maria Walliser could all be swept along on the tide.

Their main opposition should come form West Germany's Marina Kiehl and Elisabeth Kirchler of Austria,

Zurbriggen had a total of only 7.67 penalty points in the final combined standings, having placed first in the downhill portion on Friday and finishing fifth in Tuesday's slalom. Another Swiss, 24-year-old

TEAM OFFENSE

NBA Leaders

both runs down the icy Ortler piste. His winning aggregate of 1:36.83 came on heat times of 48.45 and 48.38 seconds.

Bürgler by 0.06 after the first leg. Zurbriggen, the overall 1984 World Cup champion, skied with apparent ease down the difficult course and compiled an aggregate of 1:37.82 to finish 0.28 seconds behind fourth-place Ivano Udalini of Italy. Third in the sialom was

"I'm happy to get a second title."

Zurbriggen said. "I had two steady, controlled runs. I was confident

A victory in Thursday's giant sla-lom would put Zurbriggen up with all-time greats Toni Sailer of Aus-, qualified during the second run af-

will be tougher.

His return to top form has been remarkable, since he underwent an Burgler, a giant slalom specialist, operation on his left knee the day scored his first-ever slalom victory after being injured en route to the by clocking the fastest times in second of his downhill victories at Kitzbühel, Austria, on Jan. 12, Last week's combined downhill was his first competitive outing since the

Riedlsperger. 22. finished 0.48
Riedlsperger said he had only seconds behind, after trailing hoped to finish among the top five. and that the silver medal came as a surprise. "I made some mistakes in the second heat, but I cannot complain about the outcome," he said. Liechtenstein's Andreas Wenzel.

an original favorite for the combined title, was fourth overall, Bürgler was amazed at his vic-Frenchman Michel Vion, the 1982 tory. "It was pretty dramatic at the combined champion, in 1:37.36.

"I'm happy to get a second title."

The happy to get a second title."

Steiner. Switzerland's Peter Lüscher,

and I felt sure that I would win. It was quite clear to me — I just dium after finishing second in the wanted to get safely to the finish."

tria and Frenchman Jean-Claude ter missing a gate. (AP, AFP, UPI)

SCOREBOARD

Hockey

Sovera, Cascogo Faderice, St.Louis Ogradnice, Detroit Kerr, Philiadelukia Carrpenter, Washingt Tonelli, N.Y.I. P. Stostny, Quebec Yzerman, Detroit

Kurri, Edm Bossy, N.Y.J., Corpenier, Was Kerr, Pho

Young, Pit Simmer, L.A.Bos Kurri, Edm D.Sutter, Chi

In secretibeses;
MP GA SO Avg.
2,223 95, 4 2,34
895 47 6 3.15
45 4 0 1,49
2,781 190 4 2,21
461 31 1 2,21
305 16 0 2,15
2,227 156 3 2,17
2,550 133 1 2,11
2,550 133 1 2,13
2,550 133 1 2,13
2,550 133 1 2,13

3,834 153 1 3,83 1,477 71 1 2,88 1,734 98 1 3,39

a feeling that goes with maturity, he says. "You like to think you have a little bit of an idea what's going to happen. You can't play with the point and a big guy standing right switch going on and off. You don't in front, 220 pounds leaning on me. I'm 175. Who's going to win that better that switch."

"You get a look, you can see it coming," Riggin says. "You can guess where's it's going to end up. You'll make your motion. Then it hits you or it doesn't." Warnsley Pain is pleasure, and even practice can hurt. The other day, five Caps stood abreast at the blue line Lamello to cut down the shooter's angle.

That's a big part of playing the position.

The knows when to come out, and took turns firing at Riggin. Then three players formed a triangle a couple of feet in front of the smith.

"My eyes never leave the puck — net and slapped the puck among it try not to." But sometimes a goal-tie is screened, especially on long shots. "From the point, quite a few the puck among the puck among the met and slapped eyeballs "When I was young, I wanted to play em all." Riggin says. "But you can't play them all. You've got to have the other guy.

More than one "other guy," the Capitals have had a green blue.

Mow Jersey (7)

Gp G 5 Pct

Cummings, All. 47 467 211 1145 24.4

Aguirre, Doll. 67 444 228 1142 24.3

FIELD GOAL PERCENTAGE
FG FGA Pct

Donoidson, LAC 208 295 478

Glimore, S.A. 305 482 433 Gp 5 50 347 53 232 53 218 52 214

G No. Avg. 46 604 13.1 47 571 12.1 47 685 10.3 47 383 8.1 44 355 8.1 Thomas, Def. Johnson, LAL Moors, S.A. Theus, K.C. Green, Utah Nixon, LAC Richardson, N.J.

Skiing

World Championships MEM'S COMBINED: SLALOM

2.125 112 0 3.16 102 6 0 3.53 831 49 8 2.54 144 14 0 5.12 3.225 134 0 3.42 1. Thomas Birgier, Switzerland (48.45-4.38) 1:36.53 milaules 2. Ernst Riedisperger, Austria (48.51-48.50) 1.37.31

2.25 196 5 3.42 1.27.11 3. Allchei Vion, France (48.55-48.80) 1.275 77 0 3.57 499 30 1 3.61 3.27 186 1 3.29 4 1 2.57 18 1 3.59 1.27.11 3. Allchei Vion, France (48.55-48.81) 1:37.36 4. I veno Edolful, Italy (48.65-48.41) 1:37.54 5. Pirmin Zurbriosen, Switzerland (48.89-48.91) 1:37.54 5. Pirmin Zurbriosen, Switzerland (48.89-48.91) 1:38.52 7. Yees Tovernier, France (49.48-49.54) 1:38.52 7. Yees Tovernier, France (49.48-49.54) 1:39.52 8. Andreas Wenzel, Liechtenstein (49.17-49.31) 1:39.52 9. Gönther Mader, Austria (49.47-50.00) 1:39.54 9. Gönther Mader, A

9 #7.91} 1:39.96
9 Gönther Mader, Austria (49.74-50.00)
1:39.74
10, Valentin Stetanov, Bulgaria (49.84-50.97)
1:48.81. COMBINED RESULTS
1. Zurbriggen, 7.67 penalty points; 2. Riedisperser, 37.84; 3. Bürgler, 19.41; 4. Wenzel, R4.11; 5. Vion, 50.38; 6. Fronch Piccard, 10. Georgia Tech Prenanc, 53.14; 7. Mentius Wasmeler, West Germony, 54.05; 8. Meder, 61.56; 9. Tavernier, 12. iowe 13. Konsos 14. Luitellem Prenances (19.84-10.18)

Authorities (1994)

(At Goteborg)

Men's Compelsory Figures

1, Fernond Fedronic, France, 0.6 placements, 2, Josef Savovcik, Czackoslavakia 1.2

3. Helko Fisher, West Germany, 1.8. 4. Vladimir Kelin, Saviet Union, 2.4. 5. Grzegorz Filipowskik, Pokond 3.8. 4. Lors Akesson, Sweden, 3.6. 7. Richard Zonder, West Germany, 4.2. 8. Viktor Petrenka, Saviet Union, 4.8. 9. Folko Kirsten, East Germany 5.4. 10, Pacz Barna, Czechoslavia, 4.0.

1,105 75 1 4.07 vice-cotcher, and Ken Wiltiams, outliefder, to see 4 0 4.67 annoyeer contracts.

1,313 194 0 4.75 MILWAUKEE—Signed Pete Lodd, pitcher, and Billy Ribidoux, infielder.

FOOTBALL NEW JERSEY—Signed quarierbock Doug Flutte to a five year contract.

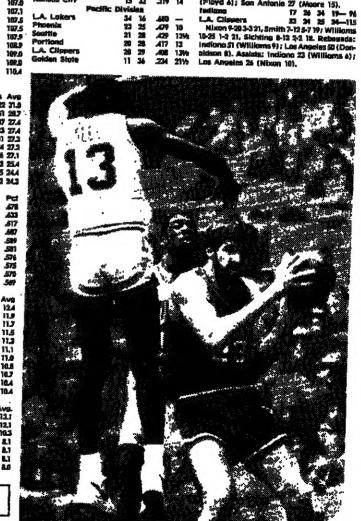
Basketball

NBA Standings EASTERN CONFERENCE

bogisty 16-19-14-35, Free F-22 4-522; Missione 14-23 6-6-34, Bolliard 16-15-3-4-22, Rebounds; Cleveland 55 (Posserte 3); Woshington 44 (Bolliard 12), Assists: Cleveland 31 (Bogley 10); Washington 25 (Johnson 10), Affante 21 22 23 25—92 Philiodelphia 31 26 23 21—106 Erving 6-20 5-5-23, Barkkey 7-13 3-17; Wil-kins 19-24-6-25, Withman 2-13 1-15 5 (Industrial Erving 9-20 5-5 23, Barklev 7-12 3-3 17; Wilkins 19-24-5-25, Withmon 7-12 1-1 15, E. Johnson
5-10 5-6 15, Rebounds: Allanto 47 (Railins 15);
Philodelphie 55 (Adelone 18), Assistra Allanto
77 (E. Johnson 8); Philodelphie 24 (Cheeks 77)
Detroit
29 28 33 28 18—113
Milwautee
29 25 30 25 8—171
Laimbeer 19-25 12-13 32, Lone 16-18 2-2 22;
Pressev 12-23 3-6 27, Cummings 8-29 10-16 24,
Mancrief 12-25 2-12 36, Rebounds: Dehroit 12-35 2-12 (Laimbeer 17); Milwaukee 67 (Cummings 13), Assistas: Dehroit 27 (Thomas 12); Milwaukee 25 (Monorief 10).

37 28 29 25—121 22 32 36 34—112

13). Assists: Detroit 2/ (Thomas 12); Minepulsee 25 (Monarief 10).
Geldee State 26 21 31 27 4—lay 500 Anteale 35 28 21 21 9—114
Gervin 10-18 7-7 27, Gilmore 5-8 15-21 25; Floyd 9-23 9-9 27, Whitehead 7-13 5-7 19, Rebounds: Golden State 58 (Smith 15); San Antonio 64 (Gilmore 13). Assists: Golden State 18 (Floyd 6.); San Antonio 27 (Moore 15).
Indiana 17 26 34 19—96
L.A. Cilpoers 21 24 25 36—115
Nizon 9-203-321, Smith 7-12-5-7 19; Williams 10-25 1-2 21, Stchting 6-13 3-2 12. Rebounds: Indiana 31 (Williams 9); Lee Angeles 50 (Donaldson 8). Assists: Indiana 23 (Williams 6); Los Angeles 26 (Mison 10).



Bill Wennington (23) of St. John's had 20 points in an 87-76 victory Monday night over Seton Hall. The top-ranked Redmen rallied from a 48-34 second-half deficit to win their 13th straight.

College Top-20 Ratings College Results The top-20 feams in the Associated Press' college basiseball pois (first-place votes in porentheses) total points based on 20-19-18, etc.; records through Feb. 4 and lost week's renkings):

Record Pts Pvs
18-1 1238 1
19-2 1153 2
17-1 1124 3
18-2 1033 4
16-3 909 6
15-3 899 9
17-4 885 7
16-3 749 10
18-5 745 5
16-4 704 8
17-2 458 16
18-4 419 19
18-2 305 11
16-4 295 14
17-3 277 12
14-5 187 18
14-5 187 18 11. Nev-Los Vegas
12. Iowa
13. Kansas
14. Louisiana Tech
15. North Carolina
16. Oregon St.
17. Tulsa
18. DePaul
19. Villanova

The United Press International board of coaches top-20 college backetbull ratings (first-place votes and records through Feb. 3 in parasiteness; table points backed on 15 points for first place. 14 for second, etc.):

1. St. John's (38) (17-1)

2. Georgetown (3) (19-2)

3. Marmohis St. (1) (17-1)

450. Methodist (18-2)

2. Memphis St. (1) (17-1) 4. So. Methodist (18-2) 5. Duke (15-3) 6. Illinois (18-5) 7. Georgia Tech (16-4) 8. Syrocuse (15-3) 9. Oklohema (17-4) 10. Michiaon (16-3) 11. Oregen St. (16-3) 12. Nev.-Los Veges (17-2) 13. Jose 13. lower (18-4) 14. Kenses (17-4) 15. North Caroline (16-5) 16. Louislang Tech (17-2) 17. Tulso (17-3) 18. Villanova (14-5) 19. Maryland (17-6) (Note: Teams on NCAA probation are ineligible for UPI's top-20 and national Champion

EAST
Brandels 71. Suffolk 67
Buffolo 51. 75, Brockport 69
Connecticut Col. 97, Nichols 71
George Ausson 72. American 71
Hariford 64, Brooklyn Col. 63
Loyola, Md. 92, Drexel 71
Maryland 87, Old Dominion 75
Navy 83. Foirielph Dickinson 7
Pithsbursh 77, Dudwestne 61
Rutgers 96, Manmouth 74
St. Francis, N.Y. 72, CCNY 55
Stena 68, Vermant 59 Steno 40, Vermont 59 St. Bonoventure 64, Penn 51, 59 St. John's 87, Seton Hall 76

Appolochian SI, 72, Dovidson 70
Citodel 71, Tenn-Chottanoaga 63
Duke 82, Harvard 53
Fiorida M, Florida St. 79
Grambiling A3, Tennessee St. 53
Louislama Tech 73, NE Louislama 6
Mississipol 60, Vanderbillt 55
New Orleans 57, Alabama 51, 62
Nichols St. 65, Jockson 51, 61
SE Louislama 65, McNeese St. 60
South Corollina 90, Georgia St. 66
Tomba 83, Rollins 67
Virolnia 51, George Washington 42
Virusias Tech 96, S. Mississipol 80
VMI 60, E. Tennessee St. 53
Winthrop 61, Coostal Corollina 57

562 Winitures &I, Coestal Carolina :
MIDWEST
424 Case Western &B, Wooster &I
387 Creighton &I, W. Texas SI. &2
48 Dehrali SB, Butler SI
28 Evansville 79, Oral Roberts 75
333 Evansville 79, Oral Roberts 75
334 Lovale, III. 99, Xavier. Ohlo 89
269 Oberlin 72, Kanyon &B
179 Ohlo Westeyan 73, Denison 79
221

238 Evensville 79. Oral Reberts 75
233 Korses 88. Calorade 69
240 Chevic, III. 99. Xevier. Onle 89
240 Oberlin 72. Kennen 48
240 Ohio Wesleyan 73. Denison 70
222
246 Abilene Christian 74. Howard Payne
Lamar 80. Texas-San Antonio 70
240 Pombandie 54. 97. Langston 86
250 Minuston 51. 84. NW Loukiens 77
250 Texas A&I 86. E. Texas 54. 78
251
252 Texas Southern 75. SW Texas 54. 61
253

FAR WEST
E. Oregon SI. Col. 87, Withman
Fullerton SI, 52, Fresco SI. 51
Son Jose St. 74, Pocific 46
Southern Cal 40, Oreson SI. 58
Whitworth 49, Puget Sound 56

Laimbeer Leads Pistons Past Bucks

MILWAUKEE - Bill Laimbeer is usually classified as a National Raskethall Association overachiever. The 6-foot-11 (2.10-meter) Defroit center devoutly practices the

NBA FOCUS

work ethic to get things done. In the Pistons' 113-111 victory over Milwaukee here Monday night, Laimbeer worked overtime. He scored 32 points, hauled down 17 rebounds and hit the game-winning basket with 44 sec-

onds left in overtime play. "I just go out there and do my 11-game winning streak.

The second secon

score a few points." Obviously, the delphia 106, Atlanta 92; San Antoformula is working for Laimbeer, nio 114, Golden State 109, and the who is gaining accolades from all Los Angeles Clippers 115, Indiana corners.

job," said Laimbeer. "My job is to rebound, and lately it's also been to land 121, Washington 112; Phila-

emotionally stable person, to be able to take the bad with the good."

Armed with pads, stick, blocker and catching glove, like a man leav-

thinks he knows what's coming. It's ages say they're going to come low.

Armed with pads, stick, blocker one?

"He was just outstanding," said
Milwankee coach Don Nelson.
"He hit outside shots and was the considering the fact that the Pisbig factor in the game." tons were playing without starting
The victory was the third in a
row for the Pistons and No. 11 in Roundfield. their last 12 games. Detroit is now

He scored the first four points of within three games of the first-place Bucks in the Central Divi-lead with 4:04 left. Milwaukee reon. bounded to tie it, but Laimbeer's Cago, he was still smiling — the Philadery Capitals had won, 3-2 — at still smalling a bit of between games release. Its inding a bit of between games release.

Capitals have had a rare abundance of goalies. Riggin's backup is Bob Mason, tall at 6-1 and a mmember of the 1984 U.S. Olympic team. And Al Jensen, currently St. Croix injured, shared last season's Jeu-

injured, shared last season's Jeunings Trophy with Riggin for allowing the NHL's fewest goals.

Between games, neither is as ebullient as Riggin. Mason, quietly phenomenal with an eight-game winning streak, is just getting acquainted; Jensen, amiable despite bad luck, is naturally disappointed at missing the Capitals' good times.

De Biasia is still in goal and in So Riggin is still in goal and in the spotlight. And, back from Chicago, he was still smiling - the

Los Angeles (4)

774 52 0 4.03 87 8 0 6.52

3,178 210 1 156

OBSERVER

The Importance of Flab

By Russell Baker NEW YORK — Though not a student of history, I find it hard to believe that any civilization has ever been so totally absorbed in its own fat as the American during the late 20th century.

Anthropologists exhuming our shards a few thousand years hence will doubtless draw eerie conclusions about us if their artifacts include "The Firm Upper Arms Book," subtitled "Beautiful Arms in Thirty Days," which McGraw-Hill's spring catalog announces for publication in May.

I have not seen "The Firm Upper Arms Book," and know about it only from a single page in the cata-log, but it is on just such scanty evidence that anthropologists reconstruct long-dead societies.

Note that McGraw-Hill is a successful publishing house that is highly astute about giving the American market what it demands. I myself have wandered into its catalog only because of an urgent need for a book on how to get rid of household pests without dangerous

Sure enough, I find exactly what I am looking for on page 32. It is "Bug Busters: Getting Rid of Household Pests Without Danger-ous Chemicals," to be published in May "for the millions who use bug sprays and wonder why they still have bugs,"

I instantly fell into a daydream about building walls of Vaseline, wood ash, sawdust, tin cans and steel wool to keep houseflies out of the kitchen this July. ("Barricade them," said the catalog copy, "us-ing Vaseline, wood ash and sawdust tin cans, steel wool.")

Incompetent to drive a nail without splitting the board, I let my daydream take its full course — my wall of Vaseline, wood ash and sawdust being ground into the parlor carpet because the tin cans weren't properly welded to the steel next millennium's anthropologists wool — battalions of flies swarm- and turn back to "Bug Busters," ing through the breach—and so on reading: to the inevitable end when, losing Trap my temper, I turn once again to

During my doze, a breeze flipped the catalog back to page 30, and I woke to The Firm Upper Arms Book." ("Now every woman can

forever with this proven and unique five-minute . . . ")

I did not take offense at the female chauvinist sexism of the suggestion that men have no desire to say goodbye to disgusting flabby upper arms. Blessed since childhood with upper arms of the pipestem, Popeye variety, I have ever felt contempt for men with flabby upper arms and have no urge to defend them from female chauvinist slurs.

Moreover, I am too occupied studying a photo of a young woman in a form-fitting one-piece tiger-stripe leotard, who appears to weigh perhaps 87 pounds. She is striking a charming pose obviously meant to illustrate that she and flabby arms have said their last

Some print worked skillfully into the curve of her waistline says "Beautiful Arms in Thirty Days," from which I deduce that this time last month she must have cut a revolting figure: a woman so petite as this tiny beauty could only have looked like a medical freak had she been afflicted with flabby upper

Closer examination of the ad copy, however, suggests that maybe it all hasn't happened in 30 days. There is a strong hint that she has previously bought McGraw-Hill's best-selling "How to Flatten Your Stomach" and "Thin Thighs in Thirty Days."

If so, this woman must spend most of her waking hours warding off fat. When, I wonder, does she find time to think about income taxes? In my experience life affords only enough time to keep abreast of the income-tax code or keep flab off the carcass, not both.

Questions buzz like houseflies in July. Why is it that Americans who worry hardest about fat are usually those who are little more than bones and hide? I leave it for the

Trap them: using beer, flour, cheese, cotton batting . . .

I daydream of beer-flour-cheesestuffed flies with upper arms so flabby not one can move in time to escape my lethal fly swatter.

New York Times Service

Getting Serious About Darts as a Sport

U. S. Promoters 'Want to Clean Up for Televison, Take the Drinking Away From It'

New York Times Service Na major facelift," says Steven Simons, a sports promoter from Beverly Hills, California.

They want to clean up darts for television, take the drinking away from it," Jerry Umberger of New Philadelphia, the secondranked American player, says with a trace of bitterness. "They can't.'

As the professional darts tour made its annual stop here last weekend for the New York Open, few spectators or even partici-pants were aware of the friction beneath the surface of this clubby and insular game. Its snug relationship with pubs and drinking, a source of strength in the past, is seen by some as a hindrance to its growth in an arena in which success is measured by television ex-

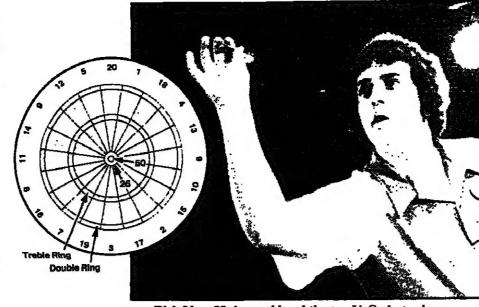
Simons, 40, sees just such a hindrance. He has hopes of duplicating his earlier coup of making a television sport of arm-wrestling. He says darts needs middleclass respectability to appeal to a mass audience. So far, darts tournaments have been syndicated twice on U.S. television.

"There's a belief that it's only played by blue-collar people in bars, that it's not a serious sport," Simons said.

In fact, many of the United States's best players grew up in tough eastern Pennsylvania coal towns like Hazelton and Pottsville, enclaves where darts is a way of life, like basketball in the

The stakes, never high in the past, are rising as the game grows in popularity, spreading rapidly in Sun Belt states like Florida, Texas and California The American Dart Organiza-

tion, the largest of several competing darts associations, has expanded from 8,000 members in 1976, the year after its founding, to 100,000. It sponsors tournaments offering prize money total-ing \$1.2 million, a sixfold in-crease since 1979. The money most often comes from sponsors, which frequently are beer and cigarette companies. A tournament in Las Vegas, Nevada, the last weekend in January offered a purse of \$101,000, the most ever.



Rick Ney, 23, is considered the top U. S. darts player.

With television coverage, the rewards could increase.
Promoters like Simons and David Irete, a media consultant to the A.D.O., believe that attract-

ing stars from show business or other sports is a key to getting darts before the public. But it is virtually impossible to get celebrities involved in the game, Simons contended, because of its connection to bars.

"You can't improve your game without going to a pub." he said.
"But the pub doesn't have the same image here, as a social institution, that it does in England. Established athletes and celebrities are friends with people who are achievers. Achievers aren't going to darts bars on the week-

Simply producing champion-ship players is not enough, the promoters say. For example, Sandy Reitan, a 32-year-old Californian, is ranked No.1 in the world among women after vic-tories in the Pacific Cup in 1982 and the World Cup in Edinburgh, Scotland, last September. She is among only three Americans ever to win a major darts tournament outside the United States, but is still virtually unknown, even to the estimated three million Americans who play darts.

Another problem darts promoters face is educating the public about the subtleties of the game that make it attractive to educated fans in Britain, "People have to learn that there's more to it than throwing darts at the bull's-eye," Simons said. "They just don't understand what a cerebral game it is."

Most Americans are blind to darts' subtleties because they do not play. "You cannot force-feed people on darts," Irete said, "It's like golf. You have to get them out there to play it. Then they get hooked."

Darts came to the area from Philadelphia, where it had been transplanted from England. Players start early, throwing "American" darts — bulky, cigar-sized and wooden, weighing only 11 or 12 grams — rather than English darts, the world standard, which are thin as a pencil, made from metal, and typically weigh 23 to

Rick Ney, who at 23 is considered the top American shooter, is typical of the Pennsylvania breed. Though he has never worked in a coal mine, Ney enjoys the coal-country image and seems to regard each victory as a regional as well as a personal tri-

He began playing by age 6, when he needed a chair to retrieve his darts from the board at his parents' bar and restaurant in Schuylkili Haven. As a teen-ager, he played two or three nights a week in area leagues, and hustled anyone foolish enough to take him on in a side game, "When I was 15," he said between rounds tic City, "I made \$2,000 one night in a bar."

At a hulking 6 feet (1.83 meters) and 240 pounds (109 kilograms), Ney, whose nickname is the Iceman, intimidates all but his most experienced opponents. "I always think I'm the best." he said. "I don't think anyone can beat me."

Unlike most top players, who throw gracefully and effortlessly, Ney attacks the board with a ferocity that cools only slightly when the match is over. During a tournament, he stalks about restlessly, often with a can of beer in hand. When someone remarked that he seemed agitated, his wife, Lynn, said simply, "He's always

For now, darts remains a backwater, a game, Umberger said, that "nobody can make a living at."

PEOPLE

4 Share \$100,000 Prize

cause of a form of leukemia have been named co-winners of the third annual \$100,000 Hammer prize. be aired Feb. 17. The prize, awarded by the Hammer Prize Foundation of Occidental Petroleum chairman Armand Hammer, was awarded to Yorio Hinuma of Kyoto University's Institute for Virus Research. Isao Miyoshi of Kochi Medical School and Kiyoshi Takatsuki of the Kumamoto University School of Medicine. They will share \$50,000. The remaining \$50,000 was awarded to Dr. Robert Gallo, chief of the U.S. National Cancer Institute's laboratory of tumor cell biology and a co-discoverer of the virus suspected to be responsible for acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS).

"Emmanuelle," the smash-hit erotic film of the 70s, has been taken off the screen on the Champs-Elysées in Paris after a run of nearly 11 years. But a successor, "Emmanuelle IV," is starting its second year just along the avenue from the cinema where the original, starring Sylvia Kristel, opened May 26, 1974. The first film attracted just under 3,270,000 spectators and in recent years had become one of the tourist attractions of the French capital.

Nancy Reagan has hired Jennefer Hirshberg, a government public relations employee, as her new press secretary, replacing Sheila Tate, who is joining a public relations firm. The appointment is effective Feb. 11. Hirshberg, 42, a former reporter for the Washington Star, has been a director of the Office of Public Affairs for the Federal Trade Commission. Her new job pays \$55,733 a year.

Mikos Theodorakis, the Greek composer and member of parliament, says on a soon-to-be-aired television show he is disillusioned with Greece's socialist government and may once again go into exile. Theodorakis, an exile during the Greek "colonel's regime" of 1967-1974, which he harshly criticized, says in an interview for the Greek migrant show "Babel" he had ex-pected Prime Minister Andreas Pa-

Three Japanese scientists and an new pyramid of power in which ! American who discovered the people have no say." The program was made during a recent Belgian concert tour by Theodorakis. It will

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A member of Parliament says Princess Diana's former hairdresser is a rat for telling a newspaper about her mousy brown hair, dye iob and predilection for U.S. soap operas. Kevin Shanley, who reportedly sold his story to the Sunday Mirror for a five-figure sum, said he and Diana fell out in a disagree. ment over her new look for the state opening of Parliament. "It wasn't her," he said. "This was 'Dranasty Di.' glossy plastic and very very American." Shanley said. "I like to believe that I have been more than just a hairdresser to her. We were friends, good friends until we had our differences of opinion." Shanley also revealed that the princess loves "Dynasty" and "Dallas," hates being called "Di" and has to dye her "mousy" brown hair. Member of Parliament Teddy Tay. for said Shanley's tale was "sicken-ing and diabolical. The man's a rat and must be boycotted by his customers. The kind of people who take royal patronage and then sell their stories are beneath con-

A Kuwaiti princess who beat her two maids, one a Sri Lankan alone an Indian, for such things 125 sweeping too slowly or looking out the window received a suspended jail sentence Monday. According to testimony. Princess Faria al-Sabah, 30, who maintains a luxurious home in London, whipped her maids with a riding crop and lengths of electric cord and once. held a maid's hand over a hot plate. Both maids had scars over much of their bodies. Princess Faria had pleaded guilty to causing them bodily harm. "Your conduct was disgraceful, verging on the barbar-ic," said Crown Court Judge John Hayman. He ordered the princess to pay a total of £1,950 (about \$2,164) in fines, court costs and compensation to the maids. He also sentenced her to six months in jail migrant show "Babel" he had expected Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou to take a "totally different" political course when he came being sent to prison by the skin of to office in 1981, "but there is a your teeth."

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